



2011

**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011
City of Olympia | Capital of Washington State**

The cover photo is a view of downtown Olympia, taken from the westside, just north of the 4th Avenue Bridge.

**CITY OF OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011**

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Introduction

A Message from

Jane Ragland Kirkemo
Administrative Services Director

June 28, 2012

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Members
and to the Citizens of Olympia:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Olympia, Washington for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, is hereby submitted. The responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City of Olympia. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and fairly presents the financial position and results of the operations of the various funds and account groups of the City.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, an organizational chart, and a list of principal officials. The Financial Section includes the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, the combining statements, required supplementary information, and other additional information. The Statistical Section includes selective financial and demographic information covering the last ten years.

This report includes all funds and account groups of the City of Olympia. Olympia provides a full range of municipal services including public safety, sanitation, streets, parks and recreation, public improvements, utilities, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In the area of utilities, the City provides water, solid waste, sewage treatment, and stormwater drainage for its citizens.

HISTORY

Olympia, Washington State's Capital City, is a diverse community located within Thurston County at the southern tip of Puget Sound and is located near I-5 between the two major metropolitan areas of Seattle, Washington and Portland, Oregon. While providing residents with ready access to the shores of the Pacific Ocean and the resorts of the Cascade Mountains, the City of Olympia also enjoys a growing economy, low crime rate, excellent schools and a nationally recognized reputation as one of the most livable cities in the United States. Incorporated in 1859, the City recently celebrated its sesquicentennial.

The Salish Indian groups originally settled the Olympia and Thurston County area. These included the Nisqually, Squaxin and Chehalis tribes. In 1792, Captain George Vancouver led a British expedition along with Lt. Peter Puget to explore the area looking for the Northwest Passage. The American exploration of the area began in 1841 with an expedition by Lt. Commander Charles Wilkes. He was followed by Michael T. Simmons who led the first permanent settlers to the area around Tumwater Falls. In 1852 Thurston County was organized with Olympia as the county seat and in 1853 Olympia was named territorial capital of the newly formed Washington Territory. Statehood followed in 1889 with Olympia fighting for 30 years to retain its place as the seat of state government.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

The economy of Thurston County is rooted in the logging industry, farming and coal mining. The towns of Rainier and Bucoda were created out of the lumber processing and logging business. In Tenino, sandstone cutting flourished in the late 1800s and early 1900s. Rochester and Littlerock were formed in the predominantly agrarian south county area. However, government has been the driving force behind the areas' economy with Olympia as the seat for county and state government.

The City of Olympia has felt the impacts of the slowing economy with a drop in taxable retail sales. Retail sales tax collections were down 1.00% in 2011 over 2010. In addition, taxes from construction fell significantly due to the completion of several major governmental construction projects. The City completed construction on a new LEED gold \$35 million City Hall. The

existing city hall will be renovated and used as the criminal justice complex. The City has built four city halls in its 150 year history and continues to actively use three of the buildings. The City also constructed a \$16 million fourth fire station and training center (with voter approved bonds). The City completed a \$15 million dollar renovation of Percival Landing Boardwalk and renovated three of the City's park play areas (including a childrens' zip line). And finally, the City completed the cold shell on the Hands on Children's Museum (partially funded through a Public Facilities District). In addition, the State completed construction and equipped a \$260 million Department of Information Systems complex.

The major employer in the City continues to be state government. Other major employers in the area include education that accounts for approximately 7,800 employees. Health care facilities provide a significant source of employment in the area as well. St. Peter Hospital is a regional service facility and provides comprehensive health services to a five-county area. The hospital, located within the city limits employs approximately 2,100 people. Another hospital, Capital Medical Center along with Group Health Cooperative and Memorial Clinic employ approximately 1,500 people. Grocery services provide a significant source of employment in the area. Safeway, Fred Meyer, and Haggen employ approximately 1,200 people.

The following table illustrates the City's growth in various areas over the past ten years. Our statistical tables located at the end of this report provide additional detail in employment, population and other miscellaneous data.

Growth Indicator	2002	2011	Change	% of Change
Population	42,530	46,780	4,250	10%
Assessed Valuation	\$ 3,114,550,849	\$ 5,308,051,162	\$ 2,193,500,313	70%
Building Permit Value *	\$ 126,009,626	\$ 73,522,208	\$ (52,487,418)	(42%)
Total Tax Revenues	\$ 34,457,280	\$ 47,842,387	\$ 13,385,107	39%

*Commercial and Residential permits

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City's financial statements for governmental funds (General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Project and Expendable Trust) have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues on this basis are recognized when measurable and available to finance current expenditures; expenditures are recognized when goods and services are received and liabilities are due and payable at year-end. The City's proprietary funds (Enterprise and Internal Service) and its Firemens' Pension Fund are accounted for on the accrual basis. Revenues on the accrual basis are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Cities and counties of the State of Washington must comply with the Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System (BARS) prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor as authorized under RCW 43.09.200 and 43.09.230. State laws also provide for annual independent audits by the Office of the State Auditor and require timely submission of annual financial reports to the State for review. The financial system of the City of Olympia incorporates financial and administrative controls that ensure the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial reports. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management authorization and are recorded in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), that accountability of and control over assets and obligations exist, and that sufficient reporting and review exist to provide adequate information for analysis and comparability of data. Internal control is an area addressed by the State Auditor, and City management receives and takes action upon recommendations made by the State. It is noteworthy that the City has always received unqualified audit opinions.

Additionally, the City of Olympia maintains budgetary controls in order to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Council. Activities of the General Fund, selected Special Revenue Funds, active General Obligation Debt Service Funds, and Enterprise and Internal Service Funds are included in the annual operating budget. Project length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Improvement Funds. Trust and Agency Funds, however, are not required to be budgeted. A budget increase within a fund must be authorized by the City Council. The City Manager has the authority to transfer budget amounts between departments within a fund, but the City Council must approve any budget transfers between funds.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS

The governmental functions are made up of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds. These funds account for the major portion of the City's operating revenues and expenditures. The following tables illustrate revenues and expenditures from the various sources for Governmental and Fiduciary Funds as well as increases or decreases from the previous year.

Revenues and Other Operating Sources				Variance	%
	2010	2011	Increase/(Decrease)		Variance
Property Tax	\$ 11,788,009	\$ 12,770,070	\$ 982,061		8.3%
Sales and Use	16,301,568	16,165,551	(136,017)		-0.8%
Other Tax	18,050,769	18,906,766	855,997		4.7%
Licenses and Permits	3,644,793	3,800,814	156,021		4.3%
Intergovernmental	6,156,585	8,700,821	2,544,236		41.3%
Charges for Services	11,669,138	11,758,412	89,274		0.8%
Fines and Forfeits	1,017,973	1,283,156	265,183		26.1%
Transfers In	6,061,300	12,212,954	6,151,654		101.5%
Other Sources	9,933,872	5,932,570	(4,001,302)		-40.3%
Total	\$ 84,624,007	\$ 91,531,114	\$ 6,907,107		8.2%

Expenditures and Other Uses				Variance	%
	2010	2011	Increase/(Decrease)		Variance
General Government	\$ 14,628,330	\$ 16,310,800	\$ 1,682,470		11.5%
Security of Persons and Property	26,102,849	27,087,050	984,201		3.8%
Utilities and Environment	6,855,947	6,683,684	(172,263)		-2.5%
Transportation	5,070,867	3,944,327	(1,126,540)		-22.2%
Economic Environment	3,541,105	3,169,004	(372,101)		-10.5%
Mental and Physical Health	16,942	16,848	(94)		-0.6%
Culture & Recreation	7,494,622	7,298,359	(196,263)		-2.6%
Debt Service Principal & Interest	6,256,982	6,542,710	285,728		4.6%
Capital Outlays	49,656,245	24,680,776	(24,975,469)		-50.3%
Transfers Out	10,586,224	11,216,357	630,133		6.0%
Total	\$ 130,210,113	\$ 106,949,915	\$ (23,260,198)		-17.9%

GENERAL FUND BALANCE

Olympia has a long held policy to maintain 10% of the operating revenue in unreserved fund balance. As summarized in the following table, the fund balance of the General Fund decreased by 0.6% in 2011. This provides Olympia with a fund balance equivalent to 22.4% of current period operating revenue and other financing sources. This reserve ensures we will not have to enter the short term debt market to pay for current operating expenditures. We view funding of the City's General Fund operations as being in a very suitable position.

ENTERPRISE OPERATIONS

Olympia's enterprise operations are comprised of a water/sewer utility, a solid waste utility, and a stormwater utility. The stormwater utility accounts for planning, maintenance, and education necessary for environmentally appropriate storm and surface water management programs.

The water/sewer utility has two major components: a water distribution system including potable and reclaimed water and a sewer collection system.

The solid waste and recycling collection system operates only within the City of Olympia. Waste is transported to a transfer station that is owned and operated by Thurston County and recyclable material is transported to various private recyclers.

Operating revenues of the combined Enterprise funds were \$41,555,859 in 2011, an increase of 9.1% over fiscal year 2010. Operating expenses of the combined Enterprise funds were \$36,191,057, an increase of 3.6% from fiscal year 2010.

The following table summarizes the total revenues, expenses and net income (loss) for each of the enterprise funds in 2011:

	Total Revenues & Operating Transfers	Expenses/ Transfers Before Depreciation	Depreciation	Net Income (Loss)
Water/Sewer Utility	\$ 27,932,318	\$ 21,476,914	\$ 2,978,612	\$ 3,476,792
Solid Waste Utility	8,592,847	8,393,196	3,694	195,957
Stormwater Utility	5,827,566	3,526,423	591,808	1,709,335
TOTAL	\$ 42,352,731	\$ 33,396,533	\$ 3,574,114	\$ 5,382,084

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a founding member of the Washington Cities Insurance Authority (the "Authority"), now including more than 150 members. The Authority provides coverage for comprehensive general liability including vehicle liability, false arrest and errors or omissions. The Authority is a self-insuring municipal corporation formed by an interlocal agreement. Liability coverage is written on an occurrence basis, without deductibles. Limits are \$4 million per occurrence self insured layer, and \$16 million per occurrence in the re-insured excess layer. The excess layer is insured by the purchase of reinsurance and insurance and is subject to aggregate limits. Total limits are \$20 million per occurrence subject to aggregate sublimits in the excess layers. The Board of Directors determines the limits and terms of coverage annually.

In addition to the liability insurance provided by the Authority, the City has established its own Risk Management Fund that can be used for risk management items not included in the Authority's coverage. Currently, the City is using the Risk Management Fund to pay for deposits with the Authority, property insurance coverage and studies. As of December 31, 2011, the Risk Management Fund had an asset value of \$151,788 and currently there are no major pending commitments or expenditures anticipated.

The City of Olympia purchases property insurance for buildings, contents and other insurable assets through Factory Mutual Global Insurance. The coverage includes \$50 million earth movement subject to a 5% per location or minimum \$100,000 deductible and flood coverage subject to a \$50,000 per location deductible.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City is authorized to issue debt pursuant to the Acts of the State of Washington. Constitutional and statutory debt limits apply only to debts payable from taxes, which include general obligation bonds, notes, installment purchase contracts, or long-term leases. Without a vote, the City can incur debt up to an amount equal to 1.5 percent of the assessed valuation of taxable property within the City. With voter approval, the City can issue debt (voted and non-voted) up to 2.5 percent of the assessed valuation. Further, voted indebtedness is permitted for water, artificial lights, and sewerage up to 2.5 percent of assessed valuation, with an additional 2.5 percent available for acquiring open space for Parks facilities. Both the utility and parks open space additional levies have a limit of \$132,701,279. Parks currently has outstanding obligations of \$5,210,000. Thus, the maximum total allowable debt is 7.5 percent of the assessed valuation of taxable property within the Olympia city limits.

The City is authorized to issue revenue bonds to finance capital improvements for its various enterprise activities, requiring only a majority approval by the Council.

The ratios of general obligation debt to assessed valuation and the amount of debt per capita are useful to citizens, management and investors as indicators of the City's Debt position. The City's total debt and debt ratios for the last two years are as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
Net G.O. Debt	\$ 75,383,889	\$ 75,072,746
Revenue Bonded Debt	17,515,000	16,610,000
Assessed Valuation	5,552,078,378	5,308,051,162
Net G.O. Debt/Assessed Valuation	1.36%	1.41%
<u>Net Debt Per Capita:</u>		
Population	46,478	46,780
General Obligation	\$ 1,622	\$ 1,605
Revenue	\$ 377	\$ 355

As the demand for public sector investment and infrastructure continues to grow, the issuance of debt has become an increasingly important component of state and local government capital programs. While the issuance of debt is frequently an appropriate method of financing capital projects at the local level, it also entails careful monitoring of such issuances to ensure an erosion of our credit quality does not result. The City of Olympia currently has an "A1" rating from Moody's and an "AA Stable" Standard & Poor's for its general obligation and revenue debt.

CASH MANAGEMENT

Aggressive efforts to maximize the interest earnings of temporary cash reserves have proven to be very successful. The City aggressively manages cash accounts under a pooled cash concept. The City invests the cash in all City funds and plans maturities to coincide with cash needs. The pool concept provides for investing greater amounts of money at more favorable interest rates. The short-term investment of idle cash continues to be a significant source of revenue for the City. The combined accounts earned \$330,773 during 2011.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

State law requires an annual audit of all City books of account, financial records, and transactions by the State Auditor, an independent elected State official. The State Auditor has broad legal authority to inquire into all financial and legal compliance matters and his audit opinion is considered to be at least equal in authority to that made by a certified public accounting firm. The 2011 audit of the City has now been completed and was made in conformance with generally accepted auditing standards. The combined financial statements of all City Funds have been included in this audit. The City has been given an unqualified opinion for 2011, which is the opinion given for a clean audit. Please see the Auditor's Opinion at the beginning of the Financial Section of this Report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to a government unit for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A certificate of achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements. Therefore, we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine our eligibility for another certificate.

For more narrative information regarding the financial condition of the City, please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis located in the financial section of this report.

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient, and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division and the various department directors and employees who assisted and contributed to its preparation. Further appreciation is extended to the Mayor and City Council for their encouragement, interest, and support in conducting the financial operations for the City in a sound and progressive manner. The efficient assistance of examiners from the office of the State Auditor is also appreciated. Staff who had a direct role in preparing Olympia's 2011 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report take great pride in their work, and the entire team who worked on this project is recognized on the inside of the back cover of this report.

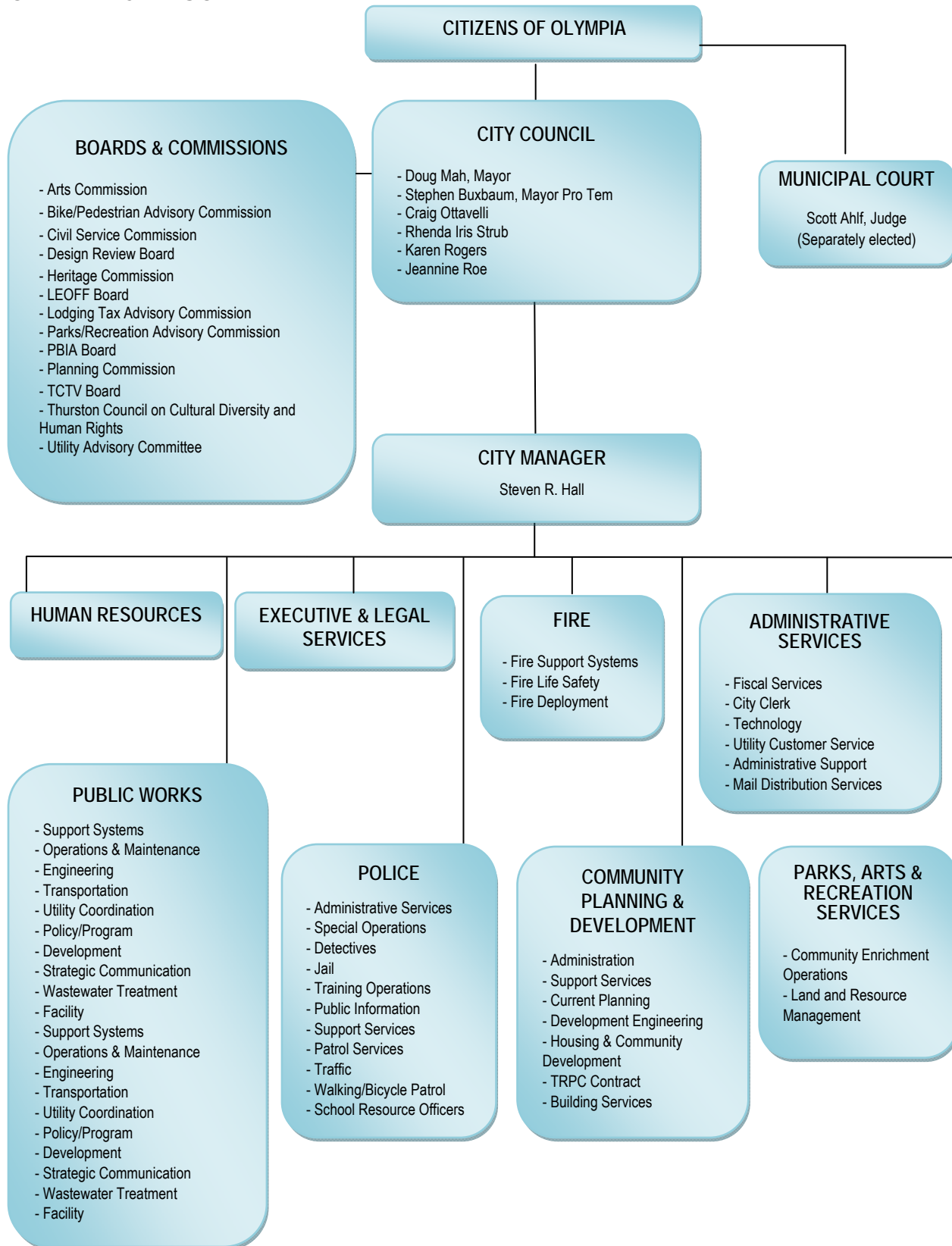
I will be happy to respond to any questions or comments about the information contained in this report. Again, sincere thanks for the support shown to the Finance Division.

Respectfully,



Jane Ragland Kirkemo
Administrative Services Director

OLYMPIA CITY GOVERNMENT



CITY OF OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON

CITY COUNCIL		
Position #1	Douglas Mah, Mayor	Dec. 2011
Position #2	Craig Ottavelli	Dec. 2011
Position #3	Rhenda Iris Strub	Dec. 2011
Position #4	Karen Rogers	Dec. 2013
Position #5	Stephen Buxbaum, Mayor Pro Tem	Dec. 2013
Position #6	Jeannine Roe	Dec. 2013
Position #7	Jim Cooper	Nov. 2013

ADMINISTRATION	
Steven R. Hall	City Manager
Tom Morrill	City Attorney
Jane Ragland Kirkemo	Administrative Services Director
Keith Stahley	Community Planning & Development Director
Larry Dibble	Fire Chief
Ronnie Roberts	Police Chief
Linda Oestrich	Parks, Arts and Recreation Director
Rich Hoey	Acting Public Works Director

Auditor's Report



**Washington State Auditor
Brian Sonntag**

**Independent Auditor's Report on Financial
Statements**

**City of Olympia
Thurston County
January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011**

Council
City of Olympia
Olympia, Washington

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Olympia, Thurston County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed on page 19. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Olympia, as of December 31, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, during the year ended December 31, 2011, the City implemented

Governmental Accounting Standards Board 54.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 20 through 29, information on fire pension funds on page 85 and budgetary comparison information on pages 86 through 89 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. This schedule is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



BRIAN SONNTAG, CGFM
STATE AUDITOR
June 28, 2012



OlympiaTM

Management Discussion & Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This management discussion and analysis (MD&A) is an overview of the financial activity of the City of Olympia for the year ended December 31, 2011. The MD&A is included in the scope of the financial audit by the State of Washington, State Auditor's Office. The letter of transmittal, which is not included in the scope of the audit, should also be reviewed by a reader of this report.

Using This Report

This report presents the financial activity of the City as a whole (government-wide) in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide a roll-up of financial information with governmental and business type activities each reported in a single column. The report also provides for significant (major) funds, financial statements which provide more detail than the government-wide statements. More detail statements are also provided for the business type activities. Budgetary information is provided for operating governmental funds. Fiduciary (trust and agency) activities are not included in the government-wide statement, but statements of net assets for these activities are separately included in the report. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report. Finally, there is supplemental information provided related to the financial activity of the City.

City of Olympia Government-Wide Statements

Government-wide statements provide information on the financial status and activities of the City as a whole. These statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting, similar to private business accounting. The statements are presented for Governmental and Business-Type activities. Business-Type activities of the City of Olympia include the operations of its utilities. Governmental activities include all other operations of the City. Excluded from the government-wide statements are the Fiduciary Funds (trust and agency funds). Fiduciary Funds of the City include Firemen's Pension Fund, Washington Center Endowment Fund, Municipal Court Trust, and Law Enforcement Records Management Fund.

Government-wide statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) are presented in two groups:

Governmental Activities – These activities are for general governmental services such as fire & police services, non-utility public works, criminal justice, community development & planning, parks & recreation, and general government administration. These activities are primarily supported by taxes, licenses & permits, fines & forfeitures, and charges for general governmental services.

Business-Type Activities – These activities are mainly supported by charges to customers for services. The business-type activities of the City are: Water from sources owned by the City, Sewer collection (the City contracts with the LOTT Wastewater Alliance for sewage treatment), Solid Waste (garbage and recycling) collection, and Stormwater management.

Statement of Net Assets

This statement provides information that includes all assets and liabilities of the City. The statement presents separately a roll-up of all Governmental activities and Business-Type activities. The difference between assets and liabilities, net assets, is one way to measure the financial status of the City.

Summary of Statement of Net Assets (in million \$)						
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Current Assets	\$ 60.8	\$ 80.1	\$ 27.1	\$ 29.1	\$ 87.9	\$ 109.2
Other Assets	9.4	9.2	0.7	0.6	10.1	9.8
Capital Assets	242.9	222.0	104.6	97.4	347.5	319.4
Total Assets	313.1	311.3	132.4	127.1	445.5	438.4
Current Liabilities	13.5	16.2	4.2	3.9	17.7	20.1
Unearned Revenue	8.3	20.7	0.0	0.0	8.3	20.7
Long Term Liabilities	75.8	75.4	18.8	19.2	94.6	94.6
Total Liabilities	97.6	112.3	23.0	23.1	120.6	135.4
Net Assets						
Investment in Capital Assets, net of debt	169.4	148.8	84.7	77.4	254.1	226.2
Restricted	15.5	6.2	0.4	0.4	15.9	6.6
Unrestricted	30.7	44.1	24.3	26.2	55.0	70.3
Total Net Assets	\$ 215.6	\$ 199.1	\$ 109.4	\$ 104.0	\$ 325.0	\$ 303.1

Changes in net asset from Governmental Activities, is primarily due to investments in capital improvements. In 2011 the City issued debt for Percival Landing improvements (\$2.5 million in proceeds). The City also received over \$2.7 million in grants for the general government capital program, mostly funding the Percival Landing improvement project. The reduction in current assets reflects the use of cash to pay for major projects. These projects include \$3.8 million for the construction of the Hands on Children's Museum, \$4.9 million for City Hall and Old City Hall projects, \$5.3 million for the construction of the Fire Station and Training Center, and \$7.0 million for the rehabilitation of Percival Landing. In 2011 the city received \$154,235 contributed capital assets in the form of infrastructure, which had been donated to the city in 2011.

Changes in current liabilities from Governmental Activities also contributed to the changes in net assets. In 2011 the City changed the classification of various Unearned (Deferred) Revenues in the Statement of Net Assets, reporting the following items in the Statement of Activities: Property Tax Collections for General Purpose and Debt Service \$7.3 million, Court Receivable in current year charges for services in the general government \$54,081, and Special Item Revenue for prior year court and tax receivables \$4.9 million, resulting in an increase of Net Assets in the amount of \$12.2 million.

Business-Type Activities continued to invest in their capital programs. The water and sewer utilities continue to expend resources on their infrastructure, increasing their water distribution systems and sewer collection systems. Major utility projects included the Yelm Highway Water and Sewer Line extensions and Henderson Boulevard Sewer upgrades, As in Governmental Activities, the city added contributed capital assets donated in 2011. Net Assets were increased \$585,000 due to the addition.

Restricted net assets are those that are restricted by law (enabling legislation), debt covenants, other legal restrictions (such as grant requirements), or some other reason which imposes a limit on the use of the assets which is outside the control of the City. The significant proportions of net assets, shown as unrestricted in the following chart, have been reserved or set aside for various purposes.

Allocation of Net Assets
(in million \$)

	Investment in Capital Assets	Restricted	Unrestricted
General Fund	\$ 164.5	\$ 0.4	\$ 19.0
Special Revenue Funds			
HUD/Community Development Block Grants	-	0.2	-
Impact Fees & Mitigation Fees	-	5.4	-
Lodging Tax & Utility Tax	-	4.7	-
Parking and Transportation	-	1.1	-
Culture and Entertainment	-	0.6	-
Debt Service	-	0.4	-
Capital Projects			
General Capital Improvement	-	2.7	7.5
Internal Services			
Equipment Rental	4.9	-	3.6
Risk Management	-	-	0.4
Unemployment, Workers' Compensation	-	-	0.2
Total Governmental Activities	<u>169.4</u>	<u>15.5</u>	<u>30.7</u>
Utility Operations			
Water/Sewer	63.2	0.4	14.9
Solid Waste	-	-	3.0
Stormwater	21.5	-	6.4
Total Utility Operations	<u>84.7</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>24.3</u>

Statement of Activities

This statement presents the operations of the City by function, program revenues supporting each function, and general revenues which support all functions by governmental and business-type activities.

Changes in Net Assets (in Millions \$)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Service	\$ 16.9	\$ 16.4	\$ 37.1	\$ 34.7	\$ 54.0	\$ 51.1
Operating Grants and Contributions	5.9	9.5	1.2	0.5	7.1	10.0
Capital Grants and Contributions	2.9	7.7	0.6	1.3	3.5	9.0
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	20.0	11.8	-	-	20.0	11.8
Utility and B&O Taxes	17.8	16.6	-	-	17.8	16.6
Sales and Other Taxes	17.3	17.8	-	-	17.3	17.8
Other General Revenues	8.3	4.7	3.3	3.0	11.6	7.7
Total Revenues	89.1	84.5	42.2	39.5	131.3	124.0
Program Expenses						
General Government	17.1	15.4	-	-	17.1	15.4
Public Safety	27.8	26.6	-	-	27.8	26.6
Physical Environment	7.3	7.6	-	-	7.3	7.6
Transportation	6.0	7.9	-	-	6.0	7.9
Economic Environment	3.1	3.5	-	-	3.1	3.5
Culture & Recreation	7.5	7.7	-	-	7.5	7.7
Interest on Government Debt	3.7	3.2	-	-	3.7	3.2
Water/Sewer	-	-	24.4	23.2	24.4	23.2
Solid Waste	-	-	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.4
Stormwater	-	-	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0
Total Expenses	72.5	71.9	37.0	35.6	109.5	107.5
Excess(deficiency) before transfers	16.6	12.6	5.2	3.9	21.8	16.5
Transfers (net)	(0.2)	0.4	0.2	(0.4)	-	-
Increase(decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 16.4	\$ 13.0	\$ 5.4	\$ 3.5	\$ 21.8	\$ 16.5

Revenue and Expense Highlights

Taxes are the main source of revenue to support the governmental activities. The three major sources include: property tax, gross receipts business taxes, and utility taxes. Property tax is a fairly stable source for the City amounting to approximately 31.55% of total general revenues generated by governmental activities. While stable in nature, voter initiatives have limited the growth in property tax to 1% before new construction and annexations, although a higher increase may be authorized by voters. In August 2010, voters approved a levy lift to increase the general levy in excess of 1% to \$2.2311 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The increase was available in 2011. The 2011 Statement of Activities the City shows an increase over 2010 of \$8.2 million in Property Tax revenue. \$7.3 million of this increase is due to the classification changes mentioned above in the

Statement of Net Assets discussion. The remaining \$0.9 million is a reflection of the authorized levy lift. Other General Revenues were also affected by the change in classifications, contributing to the net increase of \$3.6 million.

The assessed valuation for 2012 collections after additions for new construction is down from last year by 4.4%. The average additional property tax from new construction for the last 5 years has been approximately \$170,985. Tax assessments on new construction in 2011 were \$142,727. The largest tax area is gross receipts taxes (e.g. sales, utility and business & occupation), with sales tax being the single largest tax source. Gross receipts taxes continue to be a major source of General Fund revenues. Gross receipt taxes make up approximately 50% of total taxes received by the City. Sales tax collections in 2011 were slightly higher than 2009 and 2010 collections.

Business-type activity revenues were up in total approximately \$2.7 million primarily due to rate increases. Drinking and Waste Water charges for services were up approximately \$1.6 million, a 7.2% increase. Rate increases in 2011 for Drinking Water (5.4%) and Wastewater (5%) contributed to the increase. Stormwater and Solid Waste charges for services were both up approximately \$0.4 million each. Stormwater and Solid Waste rates were also increased in 2011: Residential Garbage by 7.9%, Commercial Garbage by 9.8%, Residential Stormwater by 5%.

Capital Assets

The City of Olympia's investment in capital assets, including work in progress, for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2011, amounts to \$347.5 million (net of accumulated depreciations).

The 2011 investment total reflects an increase in net capital assets of \$28.1 million. The following schedule shows the City's investment in capital assets.

Capital Assets at Year End
Net of Depreciation
(in million \$)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Land	34.9	32.3	2.5	2.1	37.4	34.4
Building and Improvements	12.5	12.3	76.2	77.0	88.7	89.3
Equipment	8.3	8.4	0.7	0.8	9.0	9.2
Infrastructure	67.4	73.0	-	-	67.4	73.0
Intangible Assets	-	-	3.8	1.9	3.8	1.9
Work in Process	119.8	96.0	21.4	15.6	141.2	111.6
Total	<u>\$ 242.9</u>	<u>\$ 222.0</u>	<u>\$ 104.6</u>	<u>\$ 97.4</u>	<u>\$ 347.5</u>	<u>\$ 319.4</u>

The major changes for assets were in work in process (WIP) for both Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities. The \$29.6 million increase in WIP relates several projects, the following major construction projects are: \$7.0 million for Percival Landing Rehabilitation, \$5.4 million for the new Fire Station and Training Center, \$5.0 million for the New City Hall and Old City Hall construction, \$3.8 for the Hands on Childrens' Museum, \$3.6 for the Yelm Highway Sewer Extension project, and \$1.7 for the Henderson Boulevard Sewer and Water Line upgrade project.

The major decrease for assets were in Infrastructure in Governmental Activities. The decrease of approximately \$5.6 million is due to depreciation of capital assets in the infrastructure category.

Capital Assets are affected by various additions and deletions, and by depreciation. Additions are from the purchase and/or construction of capital assets, completion of WIP projects, or from donations to the city. Deletions are from the sale or loss

(accident or damage) of a capital asset, or by the completion of a WIP project. The following schedule shows a summary of the City's additions and deletions of capital assets:

Summary Capital Asset Additions and Deletions

(in million \$)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Beginning Balance (Net)	\$ 222.0	\$ 97.4	\$ 319.4
Additions	33.3	23.6	56.9
Deletions	(4.6)	(12.9)	(17.5)
Depreciation	(7.8)	(3.5)	(11.3)
Ending Balance (Net)	<u>\$ 242.9</u>	<u>\$ 104.6</u>	<u>\$ 347.5</u>

Please refer to Note 6 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for more information regarding the capital assets of the City.

Long-Term Debt

The City had \$99,922,179 of long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2011 as compared to \$100,563,215 at December 31, 2010.

Long-Term Debt

(in million \$)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 66.4	\$ 68.3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66.4	\$ 58.4
Revenue Bonds	-	-	16.6	17.5	16.6	11.7
WA State Trust Fund Loans	5.0	5.6	1.8	2.0	6.8	6.9
Interfund Loan	0.2	0.5	-	-	0.2	0.7
Special Assessment Debt	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1
Other Loans	3.9	1.5	1.6	0.7	5.5	-
Compensated Absences	4.0	3.8	0.6	0.7	4.6	4.3
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 79.5</u>	<u>\$ 79.8</u>	<u>\$ 20.6</u>	<u>\$ 20.9</u>	<u>\$ 100.1</u>	<u>\$ 82.1</u>

The City issued new long term debt in 2011, in the form of a 3-Year Bond Anticipation Note, in the amount of \$2.5 million for the Percival Landing Rehabilitation project. The city also received low interest loans from the State of Washington for utility improvements.

The latest bond rating for City of Olympia general obligation bonds was Aa3 from Moody's and AA from Standard & Poor's. The City Of Olympia insured its bonds issues prior to 2009 and they therefore have the credit rating of the underlying insurance company. The following chart shows the credit ratings both our bond insured issues and ratings for the un-insured bonds issued after 2009.

Bond	Insured By	Moody's Rating	S&P Rating
2001 Water/Sewer	MBIA	Caa2	BBB+
2006 Parks	XL Capital Assurance	Caa2	BBB+
2007 Water/Sewer	FSA	A1	AAA
2009 City Hall LTGO	N/A	A1	AA
2009 City Hall BABS	N/A	A1	AA
2009 Fire Station LTGO	N/A	Aa3	AA
2010 Streets Projects LTGO	N/A	Aa3	AA
2010B HOCM LTGO	N/A	Aa3	AA

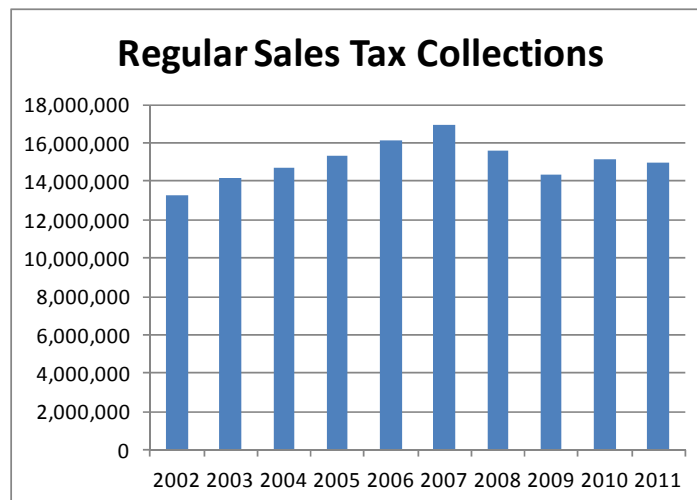
The water and sewer rates are sufficient at this time to pay for the debt service on the bonds to be issued. Completion of the six year Capital Facilities Plan may require future borrowings. Potential debt issues in the next 12-18 months may include the following: approximately \$5.0 million for the Drinking Water Utility for purchase and implementation of an automated meter reading system, and a borrowing of an undetermined amount to finance major repairs to the Washington Center for the Performing Arts.

Please refer to Note 9 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for more information regarding the City's long term debt and leases.

Overall Financial Position

The financial position of the City improved in 2011 from 2010. Net assets grew from \$303 million to \$325 million. Investment in capital increased by \$28 million in 2011, mainly due to the major construction projects that the City worked on in 2011. This increase was offset by a decrease of \$15 million in unrestricted assets.

Revenues supporting General Fund regular operations continue to recover slowly from the economic downturn of the past few years. Overall these revenues would have been under budget if development fees had not exceeded estimates by about \$1 million. The following graph shows sales tax collections for the past 10 years. The City is still about \$2 million below the high of sales tax collections in 2007.



Labor costs (wages & benefits) increases continue to be major drivers of cost. While the 2011 General Fund operations budget was balance with the use of \$554,900 of reserves, the 2012 budget was balanced without the use of fund balance.

The various utility operations continue to implement their capital programs. The utilities have been able to maintain their operating reserves. Water consumption based revenue for the Drinking Water and Waste Water (commercial charges based on water consumption) utilities have declined in the past few years due to cooler than normal summers and less usage. These factors have been considered in the development of future rates. The water related utilities (Drinking, Waste & Storm) continue to allocate resources from current operations to capital projects.

Significant Changes in Fund Balances

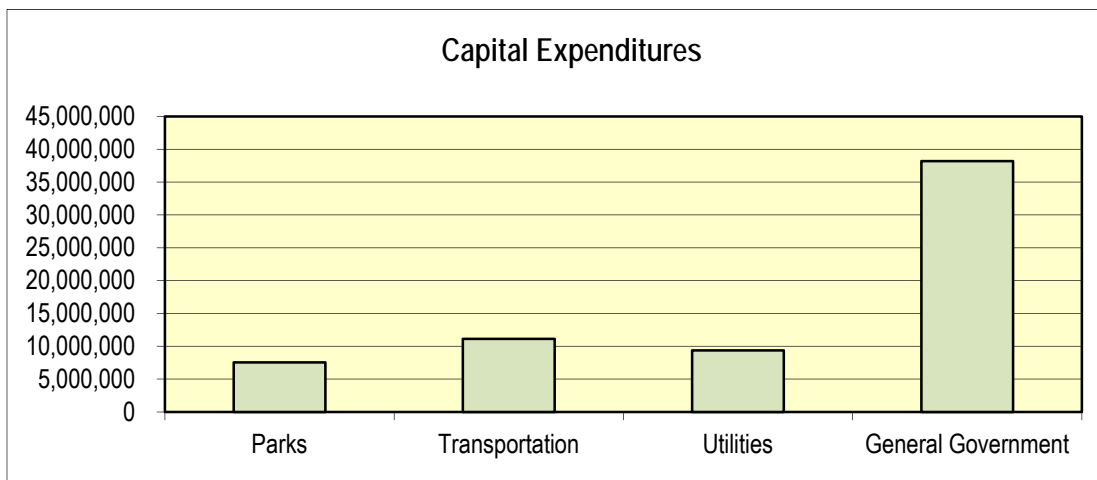
The Impact Fee Fund had a \$1.2 million reduction in fund balance as a result of use of previously collected fees for transportation and parks projects. The Transportation Benefit District fund had a \$0.6 million increase in fund balance as a result of collections in funds for use in future projects. The SEPA Mitigation Fund had an almost \$0.6 million reduction in fund balance as a result of use of previously collected fees for transportation and parks projects. The Hands on Children’s Museum Fund had a \$3.4 million reduction in fund balance as a result of use of prior year bond proceeds for construction expenses related to the museum. The Capital Improvement Fund had a \$1.2 million reduction as a result of the cities construction of major parks and roads, a result of the City’s match of expenses to federal and state grants. The Fire Station & City Hall Construction Funds had substantial reductions, \$5.4 and 2.3 million respectively, in fund balances as a result of expending bond proceeds received in 2009. The Transportation Construction Fund had a reduction of \$1.8 million in fund balance as a result of expending bond proceeds received in 2009. Both the Drinking Water/Waste Water and Storm/Surface Water Funds had increases in net assets, \$3.5 and 1.7 million respectively, these increases are primarily do to rate increases and will be used for future projects related to these funds.

Governmental Activities

The Governmental Fund statements located later in the Financial Section of this report provide additional information not provided in the government-wide financial statements.

Construction Activities

The City continues to have a major emphasis on capital facilities. During 2011, the City expended over \$41 million from its capital related funds.



At the end of 2011, there was \$52 million in approved projects in progress.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As part of implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.54, several Funds which the City previously accounted for as Special Revenue Funds are now reported as part of the General Fund. The City manages the new expanded General Fund through regular operations and as a group of sub-funds that have special purposes and are most often budgeted on a project or special purpose basis.

The General Fund budget increased by \$8.6 million during 2011 including transfers out. Major increases were:

Continuing Appropriations	\$6,282,600
Transfers to Special Accounts/Funds	1,116,100
Washington Center & Library, Maintenance Projects	160,000
Criminal Justice Center Remodel	667,400

Actual expenditures and transfers out were \$7.9 million under budget. \$4.1 million of this was carried forward to the 2012 budget as continuing appropriations for special projects not yet completed, an additional \$2 million was re-appropriated in 2012 primarily for facilities repair or improvements. Actual revenues were \$0.6 million over budget, of this \$1.1 million came from licenses and permit revenue and included \$945,760 from Community Planning and Development permitting. Overall tax revenues were approximately \$250,000 under budget.

Business-Type Activities

Drinking Water Utility

The City continues the implementation of the 2009-2014 Water System Plan. The Department of Health requires cities to update their water system plan every six years. In addition to meeting regulatory requirements, this latest addition of the plan reflects Olympia's commitment to sustainability and environmental protection. Through its plan, the Drinking Water Utility continues to focus its efforts on a 50-year water supply strategy that includes significant investments in new water sources, water conservation and reclaimed water. Asset management is a key component of the plan, including an updated service meter replacement program that involves a transition to automated meter reading technology. Groundwater protection, especially in rapidly growing areas, also continues to be an important priority for the Utility.

Wastewater Utility

The Wastewater Utility focused its efforts on implementation of a new Wastewater Management Plan. The plan calls for four major sewer extensions to provide more effective regional sewer service and for the development of a program to help residents convert on-site septic systems to gravity sewers. Improvements to critical sewer lift stations, condition rating of sewer pipes and critical pipe repairs are also underway.

Storm and Surface Water Utility

The Storm and Surface Water Utility continues to follow the direction outlined in its 2003 Master Plan, which was updated in 2011 with minor changes. Particular focus is on minimizing flooding, protecting water quality, and enhancing aquatic habitat. The Utility is taking a lead role for implementation of significant new requirements under the 2007 adopted Phase II NPDES Permit. The Utility is continuing its focus on development review, technical assistance and code enforcement, environmental education, water quality monitoring and facilities operation and maintenance.

Look Forward to 2012 and Beyond

The 2012 General Fund budget for regular operations had a modest growth of 1.4% (\$853,400) from the original 2011 budget. While the City was able to balance the General Fund budget without the use of fund balance, and maintaining the at least a 10% operating reserve, balancing came at the cost of budget reductions and about \$763,000 of deferred costs or transfers in to the General Fund, which will not be sustained into the future. Sales tax, the major source of General Fund revenue continues to rebound slowly from the economic decline of the past few years. The slowest area of recovery in the economy is in construction. Without new or expanded revenue sources the General Fund may face substantial budget cuts in the future. The primary contributing factor to revenues not keeping up with increasing costs is a voter approved imitative which limits the growth in base property tax collections to 1% per annum.

Utility rate increases for 2012 were:	Water	7.0%
	Sewer treatment (LOTT)	4.8%
	Drop Box/Waste Collections	8.0%
	Commercial, waste collections	5.0%

These rate increases were to maintain current services and implement various comp plans.

The City will continue to invest in capital improvements. The 2012 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) includes \$8 million for parks and transportation projects as well as an investment of \$600,000 in building repairs and major maintenance. Some of these projects to be completed will require voter approved bond issues and a public/private partnership. The CIP added \$7.1 million for utility related projects, some of which will be debt financed. Not included in the CIP are repairs to the Washington Center for the Performing Arts. Exterior siding, roof and mechanical repairs are estimated to be about \$4 million. This work is expected to be done in 2013. Maintenance of infrastructure remains a challenge for the City.

Additional Information

This report is prepared by the Finance Division of the Administrative Services Department. It is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the City. The Finance Division can be contacted at: City of Olympia, PO Box 1967, Olympia, WA 98507.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS			
DECEMBER 31, 2011			
	Governmental	Business-Type	Total
	Activities	Activities	
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,658,563	\$ 22,041,555	\$ 67,700,118
Receivables			
Taxes	7,479,646	0	7,479,646
Customer accounts	4,799,737	4,385,985	9,185,722
Special assessments	5,113	0	5,113
Notes/contract/loans receivable	267,631	0	267,631
Other receivables	502,255	370,349	872,604
Other Governmental Units	1,707,805	176,744	1,884,549
Inventories	214,623	141,316	355,939
Other current assets	150,194	1,650	151,844
Total Current Assets	<u>60,785,567</u>	<u>27,117,599</u>	<u>87,903,166</u>
Non-Current Assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	0	438,233	438,233
Special assessments	41,565	0	41,565
Notes/Contract/Loans Receivable	7,886,555	0	7,886,555
Investment in Joint Venture	952,819	0	952,819
Unamortized Debt Issue Costs	0	189,956	189,956
Net Pension Obligation	516,221	0	516,221
Capital Assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated	154,720,614	23,917,194	178,637,808
Depreciable Assets, net	88,178,062	80,688,148	168,866,210
Total Non-Current Assets	<u>252,295,836</u>	<u>105,233,531</u>	<u>357,529,367</u>
Total assets	<u>313,081,403</u>	<u>132,351,130</u>	<u>445,432,533</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	2,821,896	1,393,649	4,215,545
Contracts Retainage Payable	1,616,578	301,419	1,917,997
Matured Interest Payable	0	121,531	121,531
Due to Other Governmental Units	8,583	18,929	27,512
Interfund Loan from Firemans' Pension Fund	241,668	0	241,668
Custodial Accounts	269,537	12,101	281,638
Wages Payable	1,898,390	340,648	2,239,038
Other Current Liabilities	1,034,149	179,375	1,213,524
Unearned Revenue	8,302,923	0	8,302,923
Unamortized Bond Premium	0	52,819	52,819
Compensated Absences (current portion)	2,709,466	590,734	3,300,200
Notes and Bonds Due within one year	2,858,543	1,149,967	4,008,510
Total Current Liabilities	<u>21,761,733</u>	<u>4,161,172</u>	<u>25,922,905</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Net OPEB Obligation	2,297,715	0	2,297,715
Compensated Absences	1,270,771	37,661	1,308,432
Notes and Bonds Due in more than one year	72,261,441	18,801,931	91,063,372
Total Non-current liabilities	<u>75,829,927</u>	<u>18,839,592</u>	<u>94,669,519</u>
Total liabilities	<u>97,591,660</u>	<u>23,000,764</u>	<u>120,592,424</u>
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	169,351,088	84,653,446	254,004,534
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	3,189,757	438,233	3,627,990
Impact Fees	4,418,340	0	4,418,340
Washington Center	75,498	0	75,498
Lodging Tax	188,771	0	188,771
Transportation, Parking, and Parks	5,516,824	0	5,516,824
HUD Programs	155,612	0	155,612
Other Purposes	1,482,550	0	1,482,550
Debt Services	366,667	0	366,667
Workers' Comp Reserve	58,395	0	58,395
Unrestricted	30,686,241	24,258,687	54,944,928
Total net assets	<u>\$ 215,489,743</u>	<u>\$ 109,350,366</u>	<u>\$ 324,840,109</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Government	\$ 17,113,615	\$ 11,676,549	\$ 2,312,935	\$ 0	\$ (3,124,131)	\$ 0	\$ (3,124,131)		
Public Safety	27,790,718	444,904	2,529,596	0	(24,816,218)	0	(24,816,218)		
Physical Environment	7,328,123	3,806,748	1,082,169	0	(2,439,206)	0	(2,439,206)		
Transportation	6,025,209	380,084	0	2,917,224	(2,727,901)	0	(2,727,901)		
Economic Environment	3,173,039	0	0	0	(3,173,039)	0	(3,173,039)		
Mental And Physical Health	16,848	0	0	0	(16,848)	0	(16,848)		
Culture and Recreation	7,453,770	588,179	13,132	0	(6,852,459)	0	(6,852,459)		
Interest on Long Term Debt	3,704,209	0	0	0	(3,704,209)	0	(3,704,209)		
Total Governmental Activities	72,605,531	16,896,464	5,937,832	2,917,224	(46,854,011)	0	(46,854,011)		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Water/Sewer	24,469,083	24,226,688	599,453	244,850	0	601,908	601,908		
Solid Waste	8,384,390	8,408,548	0	0	0	24,158	24,158		
Storm and Surface Water	4,105,731	4,478,690	615,656	340,150	0	1,328,765	1,328,765		
Total Business-Type Activities	36,959,204	37,113,926	1,215,109	585,000	0	1,954,831	1,954,831		
Total Government	\$ 109,564,735	\$ 54,010,390	\$ 7,152,941	\$ 3,502,224	\$ (46,854,011)	\$ 1,954,831	\$ (44,899,180)		
General Revenues									
Taxes									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					16,533,310	0	16,533,310		
Property taxes, levied for debt service					3,511,376	0	3,511,376		
Utility / B&O Taxes					17,797,769	0	17,797,769		
Sales and other taxes					17,274,548	0	17,274,548		
Investment Earnings					285,466	45,306	330,772		
Other					3,147,102	3,226,824	6,373,926		
Special Item - - Court Fines and Taxes previously reported as Deferred Revenue					4,881,732	155,123	5,036,855		
Transfers					(155,123)	0	(155,123)		
Total general revenues and transfers					63,276,180	3,427,253	66,703,433		
Change in net assets					16,422,169	5,382,084	21,804,253		
Net Assets - beginning					199,067,574	103,968,282	303,035,856		
Net Assets - ending					215,489,743	109,350,366	324,840,109		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2011										
	General	H.U.D Loan Repayment	Impact Fees	Lodging Tax	Transportation Benefit District	Capital Improvement	Fire Station Construction	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,694,605	\$ 178,105	\$ 4,844,842	\$ 197,251	\$ 935,847	\$ 4,598,448	\$ 3,145,269	\$ 9,539,280	\$	\$ 41,133,647
Receivables										
Taxes	222,052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	222,052
Customer accounts	4,799,737	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,799,737
Special assessments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,113	0	5,113
Notes/contract/loans receivable	137,005	130,626	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	267,631
Other receivables	400,440	0	0	248	0	44,442	0	57,125	0	502,255
Other Governmental Units	354,506	0	0	0	0	1,351,495	0	1,804	0	1,707,805
Prepayments	95,197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95,197
Notes/Contract/Loans Receivable	2,583,125	5,303,430	0	0	0	0	0	41,565	0	7,928,120
Total assets	<u>26,286,667</u>	<u>5,612,161</u>	<u>4,844,842</u>	<u>197,499</u>	<u>935,847</u>	<u>5,994,385</u>	<u>3,145,269</u>	<u>9,644,887</u>		<u>56,661,557</u>
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	1,910,103	64,948	426,502	8,728	0	24,548	0	314,446	0	2,749,275
Wages Payable	1,809,985	0	0	0	1,165	21,508	6,016	33,754	0	1,872,428
Contracts Retainage Payable	97,409	0	0	0	0	747,183	402,102	369,884	0	1,616,578
Due to Other Governmental Units	0	5,395	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,395
Custodial Accounts	269,537	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	269,537
Other Current Liabilities	362,224	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	362,224
Interfund Loan Payable	241,668	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	241,668
Deferred revenue	4,952,836	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,952,836
Unearned revenue	2,822,189	5,434,056	0	0	0	0	0	46,678	0	8,302,923
Total liabilities	<u>12,465,951</u>	<u>5,504,399</u>	<u>426,502</u>	<u>8,728</u>	<u>1,165</u>	<u>793,239</u>	<u>408,118</u>	<u>764,762</u>		<u>20,372,864</u>
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable	98,147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98,147
Restricted	345,035	107,762	4,418,340	188,771	934,682	0	2,737,151	6,564,269	0	15,296,010
Committed	1,793,280	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,252,446	0	4,045,726
Assigned	5,083,083	0	0	0	0	5,201,146	0	63,410	0	10,347,639
Unassigned	6,501,171	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,501,171
Total Fund Balance	<u>13,820,716</u>	<u>107,762</u>	<u>4,418,340</u>	<u>188,771</u>	<u>934,682</u>	<u>5,201,146</u>	<u>2,737,151</u>	<u>8,880,125</u>		<u>36,288,693</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 26,286,667</u>	<u>\$ 5,612,161</u>	<u>\$ 4,844,842</u>	<u>\$ 197,499</u>	<u>\$ 935,847</u>	<u>\$ 5,994,385</u>	<u>\$ 3,145,269</u>	<u>\$ 9,644,887</u>		<u>\$ 56,661,557</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
DECEMBER 31, 2011

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 36,288,693
Capital assets not reported in the governmental funds	238,022,764
Investment in Joint Venture not reported in the governmental funds	952,819
Assets and liabilities of Internal Service funds not reported in governmental funds	9,048,533
Accrued Interest on GO Debt not reported in governmental funds	(185,527)
Long term assets not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Deferred revenues:	
Property tax receivable	199,206
Non-Exchange transactions not reported in the governmental funds	7,257,594
Local court revenue receivable	4,753,629
Long term debt not reported in governmental funds	
Bonds and Notes	(66,312,237)
Loans and BANS	(3,830,528)
Public Works Trust Fund Loans	(4,977,218)
Compensated Absences	(3,946,491)
Net Pension Obligation and OPEB	(1,781,494)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 215,489,743</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011**

	General	H.U.D.	Impact Fees	Lodging Tax	Transportation Benefit District	Capital Improvement	Fire Station Construction	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 38,905,449	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 472,893	\$ 0	\$ 1,040,052	\$ 0	\$ 7,423,993	\$ 47,842,387
Licenses and Permits	3,799,964	0	0	0	0	850	0	0	3,800,814
Intergovernmental Revenues	4,197,299	0	0	0	0	2,127,705	0	1,775,817	8,700,821
Charges for Services	9,190,583	0	2,124,715	0	677,155	0	0	(234,041)	11,758,412
Fines and Forfeits	1,283,156	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,283,156
Miscellaneous Revenues	2,344,061	77,389	8,651	294	1,033	40,290	9,720	163,288	2,644,626
Total Revenues	59,720,612	77,389	2,133,266	473,187	678,188	3,608,897	9,720	9,129,057	76,030,216
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government Services	15,318,301	0	0	0	32,672	50,000	0	909,827	16,310,800
Security of Persons & Property	27,084,415	0	0	0	0	0	1,929	706	27,087,050
Utilities & Environment	4,811,364	0	0	0	0	1,637,815	0	334,505	6,683,684
Transportation	3,887,125	0	0	0	0	57,202	0	0	3,944,327
Economic Environment	2,557,288	117,504	0	143,000	0	77,628	0	273,584	3,169,004
Mental and Physical Health	16,848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,848
Culture and Recreation	4,862,241	0	0	3,500	0	1,810,498	0	622,120	7,298,359
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	0	51,663	0	2,777,454	2,829,117
Interest	19,692	0	0	0	0	1,033	0	3,692,868	3,713,583
Capital Outlays	2,272,793	0	0	0	0	11,397,655	5,434,157	5,576,171	24,680,776
Total Expenditures	60,890,067	117,504	0	146,500	32,672	14,893,494	5,436,086	14,187,235	95,733,568
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,169,455)	(40,115)	2,133,266	326,687	645,516	(11,174,597)	(5,426,366)	(5,058,178)	(19,703,342)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers - In	1,960,962	0	0	0	0	7,914,392	0	2,337,600	12,212,954
Transfers - Out	(962,881)	0	(3,366,865)	(263,530)	0	(464,700)	0	(6,158,581)	(11,216,357)
Debt Proceeds	0	0	0	0	0	2,500,000	0	0	2,500,000
Sale of Capital Assets	21,651	0	0	0	0	0	0	766,293	787,944
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,019,732	0	(3,366,865)	(263,530)	0	9,949,692	0	(3,054,688)	4,284,541
Net change in fund balances	(9,823)	(40,115)	(1,233,399)	63,157	645,516	(1,224,905)	(5,426,366)	(8,112,866)	(15,418,801)
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	13,910,539	147,877	5,651,739	125,614	289,166	6,426,051	8,163,517	16,992,991	51,707,494
Prior Period Adjustment									
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 13,820,716	\$ 107,762	\$ 4,418,340	\$ 188,771	\$ 934,682	\$ 5,201,146	\$ 2,737,151	\$ 8,880,125	\$ 36,288,693

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2011**

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (15,418,801)
Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and as a reduction of debt in the statement of net assets.	2,829,117
Gain / (Loss) on Assets formerly not listed in Governmental Funds	(15,789)
(Increase) / Decrease in Compensated Absences not listed in Governmental Funds	(148,796)
Purchase of Capital Assets are treated as an expenditure in governmental funds.	28,547,728
Donated capital Assets not included in Fund Statements - Current Year	154,235
Revenues not reported in Governmental Funds:	
Deferred Revenue - property and other taxes	199,206
Non-Exchange transactions not reported in the governmental funds	7,257,594
Deferred Revenue - court receivables	4,753,629
Internal service funds net income is not reported in governmental funds.	(1,120,959)
Depreciation of capital assets not reported in governmental funds	(7,361,707)
Long Term Debt Proceeds treated as revenue in Governmental Funds	(2,500,000)
Interest accrued on Governmental LT Debt not accrued on Governmental Statements	9,384
Change in Net Pension Obligation not treated as an expenditure in Governmental Funds	(556,780)
Allocated Internal Service portion of Transfers to/from Business Type Activities	(205,892)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 16,422,169</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS
 DECEMBER 31, 2011**

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				
	Drinking Water Wastewater Utility	Waste ReSources Utility	Storm and Surface Water Utility	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,478,264	\$ 2,481,646	\$ 6,081,645	\$ 22,041,555	\$ 4,524,916
Receivables					
Taxes				0	0
Customer accounts	2,913,700	930,172	542,113	4,385,985	0
Other receivables	192,399	177,950	0	370,349	0
Other Governmental Units	0	0	176,744	176,744	0
Inventories	141,316	0	0	141,316	214,623
Other current assets	1,650	0	0	1,650	54,997
Restricted cash	438,233	0	0	438,233	0
Total Current Assets	17,165,562	3,589,768	6,800,502	27,555,832	4,794,536
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital assets, net	81,693,466	46,015	22,865,861	104,605,342	4,875,912
Unamortized Debt Issue Costs	189,956	0	0	189,956	0
Total Noncurrent Assets	81,883,422	46,015	22,865,861	104,795,298	4,875,912
Total Assets	99,048,984	3,635,783	29,666,363	132,351,130	9,670,448
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	1,000,692	270,608	122,349	1,393,649	72,621
Contracts Retainage Payable	192,901	0	108,518	301,419	0
Matured Interest Payable	118,786	0	2,745	121,531	0
Due to Other Governmental Units	0	18,929	0	18,929	3,188
Unamortized Bond Premium	52,819	0	0	52,819	0
Custodial Accounts	12,101	0	0	12,101	0
Wages Payable	179,442	96,149	65,057	340,648	25,962
Other Current Liabilities	179,375	0	0	179,375	486,398
Compensated Absences (current portion)	265,159	231,865	93,710	590,734	33,746
Bonds, notes and loans payable	1,044,384	0	99,479	1,143,863	0
Total Current Liabilities	3,045,659	617,551	491,858	4,155,068	621,915
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated absences	16,203	0	21,459	37,662	0
Bonds, notes and loans payable	17,560,267	0	1,247,767	18,808,034	0
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	17,576,470	0	1,269,226	18,845,696	0
Total liabilities	20,622,129	617,551	1,761,084	23,000,764	621,915
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	63,088,816	46,015	21,518,615	84,653,446	4,875,912
Restricted for:					
Other purposes	438,233	0	0	438,233	0
Workers Comp Reserve	0	0	0	0	58,395
Unrestricted (deficit)	14,899,806	2,972,217	6,386,664	24,258,687	4,114,226
Total net assets	\$ 78,426,855	\$ 3,018,232	\$ 27,905,279	\$ 109,350,366	\$ 9,048,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS					
PROPRIETARY FUNDS					
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011					
	Business-Type Activities			Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service
	Drinking Water Wastewater	Waste ReSources	Storm and Surface Water Utility		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Service	\$ 24,226,687	\$ 8,408,548	\$ 4,478,690	\$ 37,113,925	\$ 4,732,601
Intergovernmental Revenue	599,454	0	615,656	1,215,110	2,000
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,718,751	179,906	328,167	3,226,824	0
Total Operating Revenues	27,544,892	8,588,454	5,422,513	41,555,859	4,734,601
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and Maintenance	12,951,642	5,740,915	1,119,386	19,811,943	1,110,641
Administration and Overhead	4,702,776	1,625,075	1,877,699	8,205,550	2,717,305
Taxes	3,074,768	1,014,706	509,976	4,599,450	0
Depreciation and Amortization	2,978,612	3,694	591,808	3,574,114	1,242,752
Total Operating Expenses	23,707,798	8,384,390	4,098,869	36,191,057	5,070,698
Operating Income (Loss)	3,837,094	204,064	1,323,644	5,364,802	(336,097)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment Earnings	30,499	4,393	10,414	45,306	9,252
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(39,326)	0	0	(39,326)	0
Other non-operating revenue (expenses)	0	0	0	0	42,941
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(721,959)	0	(6,862)	(728,821)	0
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(730,786)	4,393	3,552	(722,841)	52,193
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Operating Transfers	3,106,308	208,457	1,327,196	4,641,961	(283,904)
Capital Contributions	244,850	0	340,150	585,000	0
Transfers - In	151,403	0	54,489	205,892	0
Transfers - Out	(25,769)	(12,500)	(12,500)	(50,769)	(1,042,947)
Changes in Net Assets	3,476,792	195,957	1,709,335	5,382,084	(1,326,851)
Prior Period Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0
Net Assets - Beginning	74,950,063	2,822,275	26,195,944	103,968,282	10,375,384
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 78,426,855	\$ 3,018,232	\$ 27,905,279	\$ 109,350,366	\$ 9,048,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011					
	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
	Drinking Water Wastewater	Waste ReSources	Storm and Surface Water Utility	Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$ 27,143,333	\$ 8,673,473	\$ 5,496,692	\$ 41,313,498	\$ 4,734,601
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(14,649,805)	(5,845,263)	(1,759,386)	(22,254,454)	(3,675,853)
Cash Paid to Employees	(2,950,162)	(1,586,761)	(1,112,488)	(5,649,411)	(478,557)
Cash Paid for Taxes	(3,076,336)	(1,014,706)	(509,976)	(4,601,018)	0
Non-Insurance Loss Recovery	0	0	0	0	8,076
Insurance Loss Recovery	0	0	0	0	11,131
Net Cash Provided (Used by Operating Activities)	<u>6,467,030</u>	<u>226,743</u>	<u>2,114,842</u>	<u>8,808,615</u>	<u>599,398</u>
CASH FLOW FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers - In	151,403	0	54,489	205,892	0
Transfers - Out	(25,769)	(12,500)	(12,500)	(50,769)	(1,042,947)
Net Cash Provided from Non-Capital Activities	<u>125,634</u>	<u>(12,500)</u>	<u>41,989</u>	<u>155,123</u>	<u>(1,042,947)</u>
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(39,326)	0	0	(39,326)	23,733
Purchase of capital assets	0	0	0	0	(987,859)
Loan Proceeds	406,439	0	487,903	894,342	0
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(8,579,860)	(14,048)	(1,570,792)	(10,164,700)	0
Payment of Bond Principal	(905,000)	0	0	(905,000)	0
Payment of Bond Interest	(723,196)	0	0	(723,196)	0
Payment of Other Debt Principal	(135,834)	0	(99,479)	(235,313)	0
Payment of Other Interest	(6,542)	0	(8,235)	(14,777)	0
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(9,983,319)</u>	<u>(14,048)</u>	<u>(1,190,603)</u>	<u>(11,187,970)</u>	<u>(964,126)</u>
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on Investments	30,499	4,393	10,414	45,306	9,252
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	<u>30,499</u>	<u>4,393</u>	<u>10,414</u>	<u>45,306</u>	<u>9,252</u>
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,360,156)	204,588	976,642	(2,178,926)	(1,398,423)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1,	<u>17,276,653</u>	<u>2,277,058</u>	<u>5,105,003</u>	<u>24,658,714</u>	<u>5,923,339</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	<u>\$ 13,916,497</u>	<u>\$ 2,481,646</u>	<u>\$ 6,081,645</u>	<u>\$ 22,479,788</u>	<u>\$ 4,524,916</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011					
	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities Internal Service funds
	Drinking Water Wastewater	Waste ReSources	Storm and Surface Water Utility	Total	
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 3,837,094	\$ 204,064	\$ 1,323,644	\$ 5,364,802	\$ (336,097)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Depreciation	2,978,612	3,694	591,808	3,574,114	1,242,752
Other Non-Operating Revenues					19,207
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(391,049)	75,150	(42,104)	(358,003)	0
(Increase) Decrease in Other Receivables	(10,510)	1,388	0	(9,122)	0
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory	1,700	0	0	1,700	35,694
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments	0	8,480	116,283	124,763	0
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	(27,907)	(16,770)	(3,597)	(48,274)	(10,560)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	1,797	(52,578)	126,140	75,359	(350,823)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	0	122	0	122	(775)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	77,293	3,193	2,668	83,154	0
Total Adjustments	2,629,936	22,679	791,198	3,443,813	935,495
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 6,467,030	\$ 226,743	\$ 2,114,842	\$ 8,808,615	\$ 599,398
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS REPORTED AT DECEMBER 31					
Combined Balance Sheet					
Cash and Residual Investments	\$ 13,478,264	\$ 2,481,646	\$ 6,081,645	\$ 22,041,555	\$ 4,524,916
Restricted Assets:					
Capital Acquisition					
Cash and Residual Investments	438,233	0	0	438,233	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 13,916,497	\$ 2,481,646	\$ 6,081,645	\$ 22,479,788	\$ 4,524,916

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**TRUST AND AGENCY
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2011**

	Firemens' Pension Plan	Private Purpose Trusts	Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Residual Investments	\$ 1,014,726	\$ 623,736	\$ 21,923
Investments - US Government Securities	2,334,451	1,107,445	0
Receivables (Net of Allowances):			
Accrued Interest	34,483	12,691	0
Due from other governmental units	0	0	30,293
Other Receivables	0	0	38,000
Interfund Loans Receivable	241,668	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 3,625,328	\$ 1,743,872	\$ 90,216
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	447	0	2,491
Other Current Liabilities	0	0	36,686
Due to Other Governments	0	0	51,039
Total Liabilities	447	0	90,216
NET ASSETS			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and other purposes	\$ 3,624,881	\$ 1,743,872	\$ 0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Employee Retirement Plans	Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS		
Employer Contributions	\$ 738,000	\$ 0
State Contributions		
Fire Insurance Premium Tax	79,633	0
Total Contributions	<u>817,633</u>	<u>0</u>
Investment Earnings		
Investment Income	60,160	33,768
Net Investment Earnings	<u>60,160</u>	<u>33,768</u>
Total additions	<u>877,793</u>	<u>33,768</u>
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits	754,197	0
Transfers	0	108,773
Total Deductions	<u>754,197</u>	<u>108,773</u>
Change in net assets	123,596	(75,005)
Net assets - beginning of the year	3,501,285	1,818,877
Net assets - end of the year	<u>\$ 3,624,881</u>	<u>\$ 1,743,872</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011**

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Olympia have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Olympia was incorporated on January 28, 1859 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to a Non-Charter Code City, Council/Manager form of government. Olympia is served by a full-time City Manager appointed by a part-time Council of seven members who are elected at-large to staggered/alternating, four-year terms, including the Mayor who is elected to position one of the Council. The City provides a full range of municipal services authorized by State law, such as public safety, highways and streets, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, permits and inspections, sanitation, general administration, and water and sewer services.

The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) includes the financial statements for the City of Olympia and its component units, entities for which the city is considered to be financially accountable. The city has one blended component unit, the Olympia Transportation Benefit District. Although legally separate entities blended component units are, in substance, part of the city's operations. (See Note 18 for descriptions.)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (and its component units). For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. (Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Our policy is to allocate indirect costs to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements or a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

In the process of consolidating government-wide financial statement of activities, interfund services provided are not eliminated.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus. However they are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City of Olympia considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual

accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, and interest associated within the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City of Olympia reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

H.U.D. Loan Repayment Fund

H.U.D. block grants, H.U.D shelter grants, and H.U.D. section 312 funds are accounted for within this fund.

Impact Fees Fund

This fund is used to accumulate impact fees imposed upon building activity. Fees are collected for parks and fire impacts. When the use of this money is approved, funds are transferred from this fund to the appropriate account in which the activity occurs. The City also collects impact fees for the Olympia School District and transmits those funds to the district on a monthly basis.

Lodging Tax Fund

This fund is used to account for the local option 2% tax on lodging authorized under RCW 67.28. This RCW states that all revenues collected under this chapter be accounted for in a special revenue fund.

Transportation Benefit District Fund

This fund is used to account for the \$20 per vehicle registration fee authorized under RCW 36.73. Fees are collected for the sole purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving, providing, and funding transportation improvements within the district. This RCW states that all revenues collected under this chapter be accounted for in a special revenue fund.

Capital Improvement Fund

This fund was established to account for various general governmental capital projects which the City may choose to finance. Major sources of revenue include contributions from the General Fund, interest earnings, grants and a real estate excise tax.

Fire Station Construction Fund

This fund was established to account for the construction of the Fire Station and Fire Training Center. Major sources of revenue include contributions from impact fees and bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water/Sewer Fund

The City operates a combined water and sewer utility. The utility has two major components; a water distribution system, sewer collection system.

Solid Waste Fund

The City Solid Waste Fund accounts for a solid waste and recycling collection system. The collection system operates only within the City. Waste is transported to a land fill which is owned and operated by Thurston County. The recyclable material is transported to various private recyclers.

Stormwater Fund

The City Stormwater Utility Fund accounts for planning, public involvement, education, construction, and maintenance activities necessary for environmentally appropriate storm and surface water management programs, improvements and facilities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for equipment rental, unemployment insurance, risk management and worker's compensation provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other cities, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The private-purpose trust fund is used to account for The Washington Center for the Performing Arts endowment. This endowment was established in 1985 from the sale of property owned by the City and money from this fund is used for the maintenance, operation, repair, upkeep or improvement of The Washington Center for the Performing Arts, or the remediation and sale of the property that was sold to fund the endowment. Disbursement from the fund shall be made by appropriation of the City Council directly for Washington Center purposes as set forth pursuant to an agreement with The Washington Center board of directors. Payments from the fund are not limited to the earnings of the fund, thus excluding it from being classified as a Permanent Fund.

The pension and other employee benefit trust fund is used to account for Firefighter's Pension. For additional information on the Firefighters Pension please see Note 7.B.1.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally, are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated for the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water/Sewer, Solid Waste and Stormwater are charges for service. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgetary Information

Scope of Budget

The City of Olympia budgets its funds in accordance with the Revised Code of Washington (RCW), paragraph 35A.33. In compliance with the code, annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the level of the fund, where expenditures may not exceed appropriations and the budgets constitute the legal authority for expenditure at that level. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund, and active general obligation debt service funds (4th/5th Ave Bridge Fund 216, LTGO Parks Bond Fund 223, UTGO Fire Bond Fund 224, City Hall Debt Fund 225, LTGO Street Bond Fund 226, Local Debt Fund 227, and LTGO Hands on Children's Museum Bond Fund 228). Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Budgets for debt service and capital project funds are adopted at the level of the individual debt issue or project and for fiscal periods that correspond to the lives of debt issues or projects.

Appropriations for general and special revenue funds lapse at year-end (except for appropriations for capital outlays, which are carried forward from year to year until fully expended or the purpose of the appropriation has been accomplished or abandoned).

Encumbrances accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservation of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Amending the Budget

The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund, however, an increase of the annual adopted budget require Council action and is done by ordinance. Individual transfers were not material in relation to original appropriations. During the year 2011, there were several supplementary appropriations totaling \$107,058,159 which are distributed as follows:

General Fund \$8,590,241 Special Revenue Funds \$16,811,719, Debt Service Funds \$ 0 , Capital Project Funds \$41,213,844, Enterprise Funds \$38,755,681, Internal Service Funds \$1,322,372, and Expendable Trust Funds \$364,302.

The financial statements contain the original and final budget information. The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable for the fiscal year.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Equities

Cash and Cash Equivalents

It is the City's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. At December 31, 2011, the treasurer was holding \$68,138,351 in short-term residual investments of surplus cash. This amount is classified on the balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents in various funds. The interest on these investments is prorated to the various funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments (See Deposits and Investments Note No. 4)

Receivables

Taxes receivable consists of property taxes and related interest and penalties (See Property Taxes Note No.5). Accrued interest receivable consists of amounts earned on investments, notes, and contracts at the end of the year.

Special assessments are recorded when levied. Special assessments receivable consist of current and delinquent assessments and related interest and penalties. Deferred assessments on the fund financial statements consist of unbilled special assessments that are liens against the property benefited. As of December 31, 2011, \$5,113 of special assessments receivable were delinquent.

Customer accounts receivable consist of amounts owed from private individuals or organizations for goods and services including amounts owed for which billings have not been prepared. Notes and contracts receivable consist of amounts owed on open account from private individuals or organizations for goods and services rendered.

Amounts Due to and from Other Funds and Governmental Units, Interfund Loans and Advances Receivable

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund loans receivable/payable" or "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." A Separate schedule of interfund loans receivable and payable is furnished in (Interfund Balances and Transfers Note No.13).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. The reserve for inventory is equal to the ending amount of inventory to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for future expenditures. A comparison to market value is not considered necessary.

Inventories in proprietary funds are valued by the FIFO method (which approximates the market value).

Prepayments are payments in advance of the receipt of goods and services in an exchange transaction and are recorded as an expenditure or expense only when consumed. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets and Liabilities

These accounts contain resources for construction and debt service, including current and delinquent special assessments receivable, in enterprise funds. The current portion of related liabilities is shown as *Payables from Current Restricted Assets*. Specific Debt service reserve requirements are described in (Long-Term Debt Note No.9).

The restricted assets of the enterprise funds are composed of the following:

Cash and Investments - Debt Service	\$	438,233
-------------------------------------	----	---------

Capital Assets – (See Note 6)

Capital assets, which include: property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 to \$50,000 depending on the asset and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Costs for additions or improvements to capital assets are capitalized when they increase the effectiveness or efficiency of the asset.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset's lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Type of Asset</u>	<u>Number of Years</u>
Buildings and Structures	20 - 30
Other Improvements	5
Machinery and Equipment	4 - 7
Infrastructure	15 - 30

Other Property and Investments - (See Note 4)**Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation leave. All vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Nonexempt employees (nonexempt to overtime pay) may accumulate up to 40 days while exempt employees may accumulate up to 60 vacation days. All outstanding vacation leave is payable upon resignation, retirement, or death.

Other Compensated Benefits

The City of Olympia self-insures unemployment compensation on a reimbursable basis to the State of Washington. The City utilizes the services of Talx UCM Services, to manage claims of the program. As of December 31, 2011 the Unemployment Compensation Fund had a fund balance of \$365,023 which is equal to approximately 26 maximum liability claims (26 weeks at \$583 per week).

Other Accrued Liabilities

These accounts consist of accrued wages and accrued employee benefits.

Long-Term Liabilities - (See Note 9)**Deferred Revenues**

This account includes amounts recognized as receivables but not revenues in governmental funds because the revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Fund Balance Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance:

Nonspendable:	Unavailable fund balance due to its form and legally or contractually required to remain intact.
Restricted:	Fund Balance that can only be used for specific purposes as stipulated by the constitution, external resource provider, or through enabling legislation.
Committed:	Fund Balance that can only be used for specific purposes as determined by formal action of the City Council.
Assigned:	Fund Balance that includes resources intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, as assigned by the City's Finance Committee, authorized by the City Council in the Fund Balance Policy approved on December 6, 2011.
Unassigned:	Fund Balance available for use within the General Fund that has not met the requirements of the above classifications.

The City's prioritization of fund balance use, as authorized by the City Council in the Fund Balance Policy, is as follows:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available for use, it shall be the policy of the City to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the City that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts, unless otherwise approved by the Council.

Fund Balance Details

Fund Balance details for the year ended December 31, 2011 is listed on the following page.

FUND BALANCES:
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2011

	General	H.U.D. Loan Repayment	Impact Fees	Lodging Tax	TBD	Capital Improvement	Fire Station Construction	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balance:									
Nonspendable:									
Loans Receivable	\$ 2,950	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,950
Pre-Payments	95,197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95,197
Total Nonspendable	98,147	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98,147
Restricted for:									
Equipment and Facilities Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,737,151	0	2,737,151
Debt Service Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366,668	366,668
HUD Housing Grants	0	107,762	0	0	0	0	0	47,850	155,612
Lodging & Tourism Benefit	0	0	0	188,771	0	0	0	0	188,771
Major Repairs and Maintenance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	548,885	548,885
Parking Improvement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	168,883	168,883
Parks & Roads Construction	0	0	4,418,340	0	0	0	0	0	4,418,340
Parks & Sidewalk Construction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,413,259	4,413,259
Transportation Projects	0	0	0	0	934,682	0	0	1,018,724	1,953,406
WA Center for Performing Arts	75,498	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75,498
Other Purpose	269,537	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	269,537
Total Restricted	345,035	107,762	4,418,340	188,771	934,682	0	2,737,151	6,564,269	15,296,010
Committed to:									
Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14,186	14,186
Equipment and Facilities Reserve	1,451,345	0	0	0	0	0	0	430,686	1,882,031
Municipal Arts	341,935	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	341,935
New City Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,807,574	1,807,574
Total Committed	1,793,280	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,252,446	4,045,726
Assigned to:									
Facilities Repair Fund	1,494,564	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,494,564
Information Technology	200,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200,000
Parking Purposes	168,314	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	168,314
Continuing Appropriations	2,934,045	0	0	0	0	5,201,146	0	63,410	8,198,601
Reserve Requirement	120,160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	120,160
Community Renewal Area Project	80,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80,000
LEOFF Funding	50,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50,000
RMS Project Conversion	36,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36,000
Total Assigned	5,083,083	0	0	0	0	5,201,146	0	63,410	10,347,639
Unassigned:									
Total	6,501,171	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,501,171
Fund Balance Total:	\$ 13,820,716	\$ 107,762	\$ 4,418,340	\$ 188,771	\$ 934,682	\$ 5,201,146	\$ 2,737,151	\$ 8,880,125	\$ 36,288,693

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets**

The governmental funds' balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets—governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

There have been no material violations of finance-related legal or contractual provisions.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**A. Deposits**

The City's bank balances of deposits and certificates of deposits at December 31, 2011 are entirely insured. The Federal Depository Insurance Commission (FDIC) insures the City's deposits up to \$250,000 and the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (WPDPC) insures amounts over \$250,000.

B. Investments

As required by state law, all investments of the City's funds (except as noted below) are obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. agency issues, obligations of the State of Washington, general obligations of Washington State municipalities, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, LGIP or certificates of deposit with Washington State banks and savings and loan institutions. All temporary investments are stated at fair market value.

Investment Type	Cost Amounts	Fair Value
Investment in State Treasurer's Investment Pool	64,841,864	64,841,864
Total Investments	\$ 64,841,864	\$ 64,841,864

The City as of December 31, 2011, had \$64,841,864 in the LGIP, and was in compliance with all statutes pertaining to the investment of City monies. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The LGIP is comparable to a Rule 2a-7 money market fund recognized by the Securities and Exchange Commission (17CFR.270.2a-7). Rule 2a-7 funds are limited to high quality obligations with limited maximum and average maturities, the effect of which is to minimize both market and credit risk. The State Treasurer created the LGIP Advisory Committee to provide advice on the operation of the pool. Of the twelve committee members, all of whom are active LGIP participants, eight members are appointed by participant associations, and four members are appointed by the State Treasurer. The LGIP Advisory Committee will meet at least quarterly; however, meetings may also be called at the discretion of the State Treasurer. As prescribed by RCW 43.09.050, the State Auditor will "audit the accounts" and "inspect the books" of the State Treasurer to determine the compliance of investment activities with state statutes and this policy. In addition, the LGIP will contract, through the State Auditor's Office, for an outside independent audit of LGIP financial statements. The LGIP is not rated by an outside agency.

Custodial Credit Risk: All security transactions including collateral for repurchase agreements shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. Securities purchased by the City shall be retained by the City or delivered against payment and held in a custodial safekeeping account with a bank. The safekeeping agent(s) shall be designated by the City Treasurer and all transactions shall be evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The City does not have a specific Custodial Credit Risk Policy.

Credit Risk: While the City does not have a written Credit Risk Policy, the City invests in securities identified as eligible investments as defined by State law (RCW 35A.40.050) "Fiscal – Investment of Funds", as interpreted by the most current edition of the Office of the State Treasurer, State of Washington publication titled "Eligible Investments for Public Funds." The city invests in securities issued by FHLB, FNMA and FHLMC. These are all rated A1 by Moody's Investor Services and AA Stable by S&P. The City does not have a specific Credit Risk Policy.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Safety of the principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments of the City shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To obtain this objective, diversification is usually required. The City does not have a specific Concentration of Credit Risk Policy.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a maximum rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio and the fact the City utilizes a passive investment program. The City does not have a specific Interest Rate Risk Policy.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

The County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the county for all taxing authorities.

Property Tax Calendar	
January 01	Taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien against properties.
February 14	Tax bills are mailed.
April 30	First of two equal installment payments is due.
May 31	Assessed value of property established for next year's levy at 100 percent of market value.
October 31	Second installment is due.

In governmental funds, property taxes are recorded as a receivable when levied, offset by a deferred revenue. During the year, property tax revenues are recognized when cash is collected. At year-end, property tax revenues are recognized for (collections to be distributed by the county treasurer in January/collections expected to occur within 60 days). No allowance for uncollectible taxes is established because delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible.

The City may levy up to \$3.60 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, subject to two limitations:

- Washington State law in RCW 84.55.010 limits the growth of regular property taxes to one percent per year, after adjustments for new construction. If the assessed valuation increases by more than one percent due to revaluation, the levy rate will be decreased.
- The Washington State Constitution limits the total regular property taxes to one percent of assessed valuation or \$10 per \$1,000 of value. If the taxes of all districts exceed this amount, each is proportionately reduced until the total is at or below the one percent limit. The City's regular levy for 2011 was \$2.3945 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$5,308,051,162 for a total regular levy of \$12,710,167.
- The City is also authorized to levy \$.45 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for the firemen's pension fund. See Pension Note No. 7.B. This levy is subject to the same limitations as the levy for general government services. The city's firemen's pension levy for 2011 was \$0.133 per \$1,000.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

A. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2011 is as listed on the following page.

	Balance 01/01/11	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/11
<i>Governmental Activities</i>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 32,306,096	\$ 2,602,361	\$ 0	\$ 34,908,457
Construction in progress	96,040,944	27,530,430	3,759,217	119,812,157
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	128,347,040	30,132,792	3,759,217	154,720,614
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	21,407,680	0	0	21,407,680
Improvements other than buildings	8,506,026	836,637	0	9,342,663
Machinery and Equipment Govt	7,968,327	1,159,303	418,388	8,709,242
Machinery and Equipment Int Svc	13,423,224	1,045,224	453,196	14,015,252
Machinery and equipment Subtotal	21,391,549	2,204,526	871,584	22,724,491
Infrastructure	127,350,356	154,235	0	127,504,591
Total capital assets being depreciated	178,655,611	3,195,398	871,584	180,979,425
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	15,187,691	600,429	0	15,788,120
Improvements other than buildings	2,429,828	61,516	0	2,491,344
Machinery and Equipment Govt	4,713,637	935,519	402,599	5,246,557
Machinery and Equipment Int Svc	8,292,419	1,242,751	395,832	9,139,339
Machinery and equipment Subtotal	13,006,056	2,178,270	798,431	14,385,895
Infrastructure	54,371,761	5,764,243	0	60,136,004
Total accumulated depreciation	84,995,336	8,604,458	798,431	92,801,363
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	93,660,275	(5,409,060)	73,153	88,178,062
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 222,007,315	\$ 24,723,732	\$ 3,832,371	\$ 242,898,676
<i>Business-Type Activities</i>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,145,542	\$ 380,685	\$ 2,598	\$ 2,523,629
Construction in Progress	15,598,783	10,234,609	4,439,827	21,393,565
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	17,744,325	10,615,294	4,442,425	23,917,194
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	8,586,344	0	0	8,586,344
Improvements other than buildings	115,210,779	2,401,120	0	117,611,899
Machinery and equipment	2,533,154	173,106	201,404	2,504,856
Intangible assets	4,703,139	2,564,428	398,173	6,869,394
Total capital assets being depreciated	131,033,416	5,138,654	599,577	135,572,493
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,928,828	226,478	0	5,155,306
Improvements other than buildings	41,902,599	2,978,774	0	44,881,373
Machinery and equipment	1,689,834	168,903	37,977	1,820,760
Intangible assets	2,845,321	181,585	0	3,026,906
Total accumulated depreciation	51,366,582	3,555,740	37,977	54,884,345
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	79,666,834	1,582,914	561,600	80,688,148
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 97,411,159	\$ 12,198,208	\$ 5,004,025	\$ 104,605,342

Depreciation and Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,004,523
Security of Persons and Property	505,931
Transportation	5,769,042
Culture and Recreation	82,211
Internal Service Funds	1,242,752
Total Depreciation/Amortization – Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 8,604,458</u>
Business-Type Activities:	
Drinking Water/ Wastewater Utility	\$ 2,978,612
Waste ReSources Utility	3,694
Storm and Surface Water Utility	591,808
Total Depreciation/Amortization – Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 3,574,114</u>

B. Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2011. The project listing below represents the *major* projects underway. There are a number of smaller projects with costs accumulating from city staff project planning and review time as well as professional services and construction contracts. The major projects include the construction of the Hands on Children's Museum and Fire Station – Training Center.

At year-end the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment
Fire Station - Training Center	\$2,445,352	\$839,640
Total Commitments	<u>\$2,445,352</u>	<u>\$839,640</u>

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

A. Multiple Employer Plans

Substantially all City full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to: Department of Retirement Systems, Communications Unit, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or it may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov. The following disclosures are made pursuant to GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employer* and No. 50, *Pension Disclosures, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27*.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Plans 1, 2 and 3.

Plan Description

The Legislature established PERS in 1947. Membership in the system includes: elected officials; state employees; employees of the Supreme, Appeals, and Superior courts (other than judges currently in the Judicial Retirement System); employees of legislative committees; community and technical colleges, college and university employees not participating in higher education retirement programs; judges of district and municipal courts; and employees of local governments. PERS retirement benefit provisions are established in chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

PERS members who joined the system by September 30, 1977 are Plan 1 members. Those who joined on or after October 1, 1977 and by either, February 28, 2002 for state and higher education employees, or August 31, 2002 for local government employees, are Plan 2 members unless they exercised an option to transfer their membership to Plan 3. PERS members joining the system on or after March 1, 2002 for state and higher education employees, or September 1, 2002 for local government employees have the irrevocable option of choosing membership in either PERS Plan 2 or PERS Plan 3. The option must be exercised within 90 days of employment. An employee is reported in Plan 2 until a choice is made. Employees who fail to choose within 90 days default to PERS Plan 3. Notwithstanding, PERS Plan 2 and Plan 3 members may opt out of plan membership if terminally ill, with less than five years to live.

PERS Plan 1 and Plan 2 defined benefit retirement benefits are financed from a combination of investment earnings and employer and employee contributions.

PERS Plan 1 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Plan 1 members are eligible for retirement after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. The monthly benefit is 2% of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service. (AFC is the monthly average of the 24 consecutive highest-paid service credit months.) The retirement benefit may not exceed 60% of AFC. The monthly benefit is subject to a minimum for PERS Plan 1 retirees who have 25 years of service and have been retired 20 years, or who have 20 years of service and have been retired 25 years. Plan 1 members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. If a survivor option is chosen, the benefit is further reduced. A cost-of living allowance (COLA) was granted at age 66 based upon years of service times the COLA amount. This benefit was eliminated by the Legislature, effective July 1, 2011. Plan 1 members may elect to receive an optional COLA that provides an automatic annual adjustment based on the Consumer Price Index. The adjustment is capped at 3% annually. To offset the cost of this annual adjustment, the benefit is reduced.

PERS Plan 1 provides duty and non-duty disability benefits. Duty disability retirement benefits for disablement prior to the age of 60 consist of a temporary life annuity payable to the age of 60. The allowance amount is \$350 a month, or two-thirds of the monthly AFC, whichever is less. The benefit is reduced by any workers' compensation benefit and is payable as long as the member remains disabled or until the member attains the age of 60. A member with five years of covered employment is eligible for non-duty disability retirement. Prior to the age of 55, the allowance amount is 2% of the AFC for each year of service reduced by 2% for each year that the member's age is less than 55. The total benefit is limited to 60% of the AFC and is actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor option. A cost-of living allowance was granted at age 66 based upon years of service times the COLA amount. This benefit was eliminated by the Legislature, effective July 1, 2011. Plan 1 members may elect to receive an optional COLA that provides an automatic annual adjustment based on the Consumer Price Index. The adjustment is capped at 3% annually. To offset the cost of this annual adjustment, the benefit is reduced.

PERS Plan 1 members can receive credit for military service while actively serving in the military, if such credit makes them eligible to retire. Members can also purchase up to 24 months of service credit lost because of an on-the-job injury.

PERS Plan 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Plan 2 members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with five years of service. The monthly benefit is 2% of the AFC per year of service. (AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service months.)

PERS Plan 2 members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit. The benefit is reduced by an early retirement factor (ERF) that varies according to age, for each year before age 65.

PERS Plan 2 members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions:

- With a benefit that is reduced by 3% for each year before age 65.
- With a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

PERS Plan 2 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice, if made, of a survivor option. There is no cap on years of service credit; and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3% annually.

The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a PERS Plan 2 member who dies after leaving eligible employment having earned ten years of service credit may request a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Plan 3 has a dual benefit structure. Employer contributions finance a defined benefit component and member contributions finance a defined contribution component. The defined benefit portion provides a benefit calculated at 1 percent of the AFC per year of service. (AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service months.)

Effective June 7, 2006, PERS Plan 3 members are vested in the defined benefit portion of their plan after ten years of service; or after five years of service, if twelve months of that service are earned after age 44; or after five service credit years earned in PERS Plan 2 prior to June 1, 2003. Plan 3 members are immediately vested in the defined contribution portion of their plan.

Vested Plan 3 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 65, or they may retire early with the following conditions and benefits:

- If they have at least ten service credit years and are 55 years old, the benefit is reduced by an ERF that varies with age, for each year before age 65.
- If they have 30 service credit years and are at least 55 years old, they have the choice of a benefit that is reduced by 3% for each year before age 65; or a benefit with a smaller (or no) reduction factor (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

PERS Plan 3 defined benefit retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice, if made, of a survivor option. There is no cap on years of service credit and Plan 3 provides the same cost-of-living allowance as Plan 2.

PERS Plan 3 defined contribution retirement benefits are solely dependent upon the results of investment activities. The defined contribution portion can be distributed in accordance with an option selected by the member, either as a lump sum or pursuant to other options authorized by the Director of the Department of Retirement Systems.

PERS Plan 2 and Plan 3 provide disability benefits. There is no minimum amount of service credit required for eligibility. The Plan 2 monthly benefit amount is 2% of the AFC per year of service. For Plan 3, the monthly benefit amount is 1% of the AFC per year of service.

These disability benefit amounts are actuarially reduced for each year that the member's age is less than 65, and to reflect the choice of a survivor option. There is no cap on years of service credit, and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index) capped at 3% annually.

PERS Plan 2 and Plan 3 members may have up to ten years of interruptive military service credit; five years at no cost and five years that may be purchased by paying the required contributions. Effective July 24, 2005, a member who becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment while serving the uniformed services, or a surviving spouse or eligible children, may apply for interruptive military service credit. Additionally, PERS Plan 2 and Plan 3 members can also purchase up to 24 months of service credit lost because of an on-the-job injury.

PERS members may also purchase up to five years of additional service credit once eligible for retirement. This credit can only be purchased at the time of retirement and can be used only to provide the member with a monthly annuity that is paid in addition to the member's retirement benefit.

Beneficiaries of a PERS Plan 2 or Plan 3 member with ten years of service who is killed in the course of employment receive retirement benefits without actuarial reduction, if the member was not at normal retirement age at death. This provision applies to any member killed in the course of employment, on or after June 10, 2004, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the estate (or duly designated nominee) of a PERS member who dies in the line of service as a result of injuries sustained in the course of employment, or if the death resulted from an occupational disease or infection that arose naturally and proximately out of said member's covered employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Judicial Benefit Multiplier

Beginning January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, judicial members of PERS were given the choice to participate in the Judicial Benefit Multiplier Program (JBM) enacted in 2006. Justices and judges in PERS Plan 1 and 2 were able to make a one-time irrevocable election to pay increased contributions that would fund a retirement benefit with a 3.5%

multiplier. The benefit would be capped at 75% of AFC. Judges in PERS Plan 3 could elect a 1.6% of pay per year of service benefit, capped at 37.5% of average compensation.

Members who chose to participate in JBM would: accrue service credit at the higher multiplier beginning with the date of their election; be subject to the benefit cap of 75% of AFC, pay higher contributions; stop contributing to the Judicial Retirement Account (JRA); and be given the option to increase the multiplier on past judicial service. Members who did not choose to participate would: continue to accrue service credit at the regular multiplier; continue to participate in JRA, if applicable; never be a participant in the JBM Program; and continue to pay contributions at the regular PERS rate.

Newly elected or appointed justices and judges who chose to become PERS members on or after January 1, 2007, or who had not previously opted into PERS membership, were required to participate in the JBM Program. Members required into the JBM program would: return to prior PERS Plan if membership had previously been established; be mandated into Plan 2 and not have a Plan 3 transfer choice, if a new PERS member; accrue the higher multiplier for all judicial service; not contribute to JRA; and not have the option to increase the multiplier for past judicial service.

There are 1,197 participating employers in PERS. Membership in PERS consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation date for the plans of June 30, 2010:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	76,899
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	28,860
Active Plan Members Vested	105,521
Active Plan Members Nonvested	51,005
Total	262,285

Funding Policy

Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 1 employer contribution rates, Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates, and Plan 3 employer contribution rates. Employee contribution rates for Plan 1 are established by statute at 6% for state agencies and local government unit employees, and at 7.5 % for state government elected officials. The employer and employee contribution rates for Plan 2 and the employer contribution rate for Plan 3 are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2 and the defined benefit portion of Plan 3. All employers are required to contribute at the level established by the Legislature. Under PERS Plan 3, employer contributions finance the defined benefit portion of the plan and member contributions finance the defined contribution portion. The Director of the Department of Retirement Systems sets Plan 3 employee contribution rates. Six rate options are available ranging from 5% to 15%; two of the options are graduated rates dependent on the employee's age. As a result of the implementation of the Judicial Benefit Multiplier Program in January 2007, a second tier of employer and employee rates was developed to fund, along with investment earnings, the increased retirement benefits of those justices and judges that participate in the program. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under state statute in accordance with chapters 41.40 and 41.45 RCW.

The required contribution rates expressed as a percentage of current year covered payroll, as of December 31, 2011, were:

For members not participating in JBM:

	PERS Plan 1	PERS Plan 2	PERS Plan 3
Employer*	7.25% **	7.25% **	7.25% **
Employee	6.00% ****	4.64% ****	*****

* The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.16% .

** The employer rate for state elected officials is 10.80% for Plan 1 and 7.25% for Plan 2 and Plan 3.

*** Plan 3 defined benefit portion only .

**** The employer rate for state elected officials is 7.50% for Plan 1 and 4.64% for Plan 2.

***** Variable from 5.0% minimum to 15.0% maximum based on rate selected by the PERS 3 member.

For members participating in JBM:

	PERS Plan 1	PERS Plan 2	PERS Plan 3
Employer*	7.25%	7.25%	7.25% **
Employee	12.26%	11.60%	7.50% ***

* The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.16% .

** Plan 3 defined benefit portion only .

***Minimum rate.

Both the City and the employees made the required contributions. The City's required contributions for the year ending December 31, 2011 were as follows:

	PERS Plan 1	PERS Plan 2	PERS Plan 3
2011	\$ 49,667	\$ 1,288,808	\$ 167,338
2010	\$ 51,644	\$ 1,098,501	\$ 139,147
2009	79,601	1,486,148	186,845

Law Enforcement Officers' And Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plans 1 and 2

Plan Description

The Legislature established LEOFF in 1970. Membership in the system includes all full-time, fully compensated, local law enforcement commissioned officers, firefighters and, as of July 24, 2005, emergency medical technicians. LEOFF membership is comprised primarily of non-state employees, with Department of Fish and Wildlife enforcement officers, who were first included prospectively effective July 27, 2003, being an exception. LEOFF retirement benefit provisions are established in chapter 41.26 RCW and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

LEOFF is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate defined benefit plans. LEOFF members who joined the system by September 30, 1977 are Plan 1 members. Those who joined on or after October 1, 1977 are Plan 2 members.

LEOFF defined benefit retirement benefits are financed from a combination of investment earnings, employer and employee contributions, and a special funding situation in which the state pays through state legislative appropriations.

Effective July 1, 2003, the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board was established by Initiative 790 to provide governance of LEOFF Plan 2. The Board's duties include adopting contribution rates and recommending policy changes to the Legislature for the LEOFF Plan 2 retirement plan.

LEOFF Plan 1 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Plan 1 members are eligible for retirement with five years of service at the age of 50.

Terms of Service	Percent of Final Average
20 or more years	2.0%
10 but less than 20	1.5%
5 but less than 10	1.0%

The benefit per year of service calculated as a percent of final average salary (FAS) is as follows:

The final average salary is the basic monthly salary received at the time of retirement, provided a member has held the same position or rank for 12 months preceding the date of retirement. Otherwise, it is the average of the highest consecutive 24 months' salary within the last 10 years of service. A cost-of-living allowance is granted (indexed to the Seattle Consumer Price Index).

LEOFF Plan 1 provides death and disability benefits. Death benefits for survivors of Plan 1 members on active duty consist of the following: (1) If eligible spouse, 50 % of the FAS, plus 5% of FAS for each eligible surviving child, with a limitation on the combined allowances of 60% of the FAS; or (2) If no eligible spouse, eligible children receive 30% of FAS for the first child plus 10% for each additional child, subject to a 60% limitation of FAS, divided equally.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the estate (or duly designated nominee) of a LEOFF Plan 1 member who dies as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the course of employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

The LEOFF Plan 1 disability allowance is 50% of the FAS plus 5% for each child up to a maximum of 60%. Upon recovery from disability before the age of 50, a member is restored to service with full credit for service while disabled. Upon recovery after the age of 50, the benefit continues as the greater of the member's disability allowance or service retirement allowance.

LEOFF Plan 1 members may purchase up to five years of additional service credit once eligible for retirement. This credit can only be purchased at the time of retirement and can be used only to provide the member with a monthly annuity that is paid in addition to the member's allowance.

Plan 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Plan 2 members may retire at the age of 50 with 20 years of service, or at the age of 53 with five years of service, with an allowance of 2 percent of the final average salary per year of service. The final average salary is based on the highest consecutive 60 months. Plan 2 retirements prior to the age of 53 are actuarially reduced for each year that the benefit Law Enforcement Officers' & Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plans 1 and 2 commences prior to age 53 and to reflect the choice of a survivor option. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is 3 percent for each year prior to age 53. There is no cap on years of service credit; and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (indexed to the Seattle Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually.

LEOFF Plan 2 provides disability benefits. There is no minimum amount of service credit required for eligibility. The Plan 2 allowance amount is 2% of the FAS for each year of service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for each year that the member's age is less than 53, unless the disability is duty-related, and to reflect the choice of a survivor option. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is 3% for each year prior to age 53. A catastrophic disability benefit equal to 70% of their FAS, subject to offsets for workers' compensation and Social Security disability benefits received, is also available to those LEOFF Plan 2 members who are severely disabled in the line of duty and incapable of future substantial gainful employment in any capacity.

Effective June 2010, benefits to LEOFF Plan 2 members who are catastrophically disabled include payment of eligible health care insurance premiums.

Members of LEOFF Plan 2 who leave service because of a line of duty disability are allowed to withdraw 150% of accumulated member contributions. This withdrawal benefit is not subject to federal income tax. Alternatively, members of LEOFF Plan 2 who leave service because of a line of duty disability may be eligible to receive a retirement allowance of at least 10% of FAS and 2% per year of service beyond five years. The first 10% of the FAS is not subject to federal income tax.

LEOFF Plan 2 retirees may return to work in an eligible position covered by another retirement system, choose membership in that system and suspend their pension benefits, or not choose membership and continue receiving pension benefits without interruption.

LEOFF Plan 2 members who apply for retirement may purchase up to five years of additional service credit. The cost of this credit is the actuarial equivalent of the resulting increase in the member's benefit.

LEOFF Plan 2 members can purchase service credit for military service that interrupts employment. Additionally, LEOFF Plan 2 members who become totally incapacitated for continued employment while servicing in the uniformed services may apply for interruptive military service credit. Should any such member die during this active duty, the member's surviving spouse or eligible child(ren) may purchase service credit on behalf of the deceased member.

LEOFF Plan 2 members may also purchase up to 24 consecutive months of service credit for each period of temporary duty disability.

Beneficiaries of a LEOFF Plan 2 member who is killed in the course of employment receive retirement benefits without actuarial reduction, if found eligible by the Director of the Department of Labor and Industries.

Benefits to eligible surviving spouses and dependent children of LEOFF Plan 2 members killed in the course of employment include the payment of on-going health care insurance premiums paid to the Washington state Health Care Authority.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the estate (or duly designated nominee) of a LEOFF Plan 2 member who dies as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the course of employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

There are 374 participating employers in LEOFF. Membership in LEOFF consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation date for the plans of June 30, 2010:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	9,647
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	782
Active Plan Members Vested	13,420
Active Plan Members Nonvested	3,656
Total	27,505

Funding Policy

Starting on July 1, 2000, LEOFF Plan 1 employers and employees contribute zero percent as long as the plan remains fully funded. Employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund the plan. LEOFF Plan 2 employers and employees are required to pay at the level adopted by the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. All employers are required to contribute at the level required by state law. The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriated money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of LEOFF Plan 2 in accordance with the requirements of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. However, this special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and this funding requirement could be returned to the employers by a change of statute.

The required contribution rates expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll, as of December 31, 2011, were as follows:

	LEOFF Plan 1	LEOFF Plan 2
Employer*	0.16%	5.24%
Employee	0.00%	8.46%
State	N/A	3.38%

* The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.16%.

Both the City and the employees made the required contributions. The City's required contributions for the year ending December 31, 2011 were as follows:

	LEOFF Plan 1	LEOFF Plan 2
2011	\$ 699	\$ 742,552
2010	\$ 1,127	\$ 695,715
2009	1,154	699,040

Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) Plan 2

Plan Description

The Legislature created PSERS in 2004 and the system became effective July 1, 2006. PSERS Plan 2 membership includes full-time employees of a covered employer on or before July 1, 2006, who met at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria, and elected membership during the election period of July 1, 2006 to September 30, 2006; and those full-time employees, hired on or after July 1, 2006 by a covered employer, that meet at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria. PSERS retirement benefit provisions are established in chapter 41.37 RCW and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of a single defined benefit plan, PSERS Plan 2.

PSERS defined benefit retirement benefits are financed from a combination of investment earnings and employer and employee contributions.

A "covered employer" is one that participates in PSERS. Covered employers include the following:

- State of Washington agencies: Department of Corrections, Department of Natural Resources, Gambling Commission, Liquor Control Board, Parks and Recreation Commission, and Washington State Patrol;

- Corrections departments of Washington State counties;
- Corrections departments of Washington State cities except for Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane; and
- Interlocal corrections agencies.

To be eligible for PSERS, an employee must work on a full-time basis and:

- have completed a certified criminal justice training course with authority to arrest, conduct criminal investigations, enforce the criminal laws of Washington, and carry a firearm as part of the job: OR
- have primary responsibility to ensure the custody and security of incarcerated or probationary individuals; OR
- function as a limited authority Washington peace officer, as defined in RCW 10.93.020; OR
- Have primary responsibility to supervise eligible members who meet the above criteria

PSERS Plan 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. PSERS Plan 2 members may retire at the age of 65 with five years of service, or at the age of 60 with at least 10 years of PSERS service credit, with an allowance of 2% of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service. The AFC is the monthly average of the member’s 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months, excluding any severance pay such as lump-sum payments for deferred sick leave, vacation or annual leave. Plan 2 members who retire prior to the age of 60 receive reduced benefits. If retirement is at age 53 or older with at least 20 years of service, a 3% per year reduction for each year between the age at retirement and age 60 applies. There is no cap on years of service credit; and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3% annually.

PSERS Plan 2 provides disability benefits. There is no minimum amount of service credit required for eligibility. Eligibility is based on the member being totally incapacitated for continued employment with a PSERS employer and leaving that employment as a result of the disability. The disability allowance is 2% of the average final compensation (AFC) for each year of service. AFC is based on the member’s 60 consecutive highest creditable months of service. Service credit is the total years and months of service credit at the time the member separates from employment. Benefits are actuarially reduced for each year that the member’s age is less than 60 (with ten or more service credit years in PSERS), or less than 65 (with fewer than ten service credit years).

PSERS Plan 2 members can purchase service credit for military service that interrupts employment. Additionally, PSERS members who become totally incapacitated for continued employment while serving in the uniformed services, may apply for interruptive military service credit. Should any such member die during this active duty, the member’s surviving spouse or eligible child(ren) may purchase service credit on behalf of the deceased member.

PSERS members may also purchase up to 24 consecutive months of service credit for each period of temporary duty disability.

Beneficiaries of a PSERS Plan 2 member with ten years of service who is killed in the course of employment receive retirement benefits without actuarial reduction, if the member was not at normal retirement age at death. This provision applies to any member killed in the course of employment, if found eligible by the Director of the Department of Labor and Industries.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the estate (or duly designated nominee) of a PSERS member who dies as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the course of employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

There are 76 participating employers in PSERS. Membership in PSERS consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation date for the plan of June 30, 2010:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	7
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active Plan Members Vested	0
Active Plan Members Nonvested	4,210
Total	4,217

Funding Policy

Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts PSERS Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates. The employer and employee contribution rates for Plan 2 are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2.

All employers are required to contribute at the level established by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under state statute in accordance with chapters 41.37 and 41.45 RCW.

The required contribution rates expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll, as of December 31, 2011, were as follows:

PSERS Plan 2	
Employer*	8.86%
Employee	6.36%

* The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.16%.

Both the City and the employees made the required contributions. The city's required contributions for the year ending December 31, 2011 were as follows:

PSERS Plan 2	
2011	\$ 41,915
2010	\$ 30,864
2009	\$ 25,905

B. Single Employer Plan

Firemens' Pension

Plan Description

The City is the administrator of the Firemen's Pension Plan which is a closed, single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that was established in conformance with RCW Chapter 14.16 and 14.18. This plan provided retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Membership is limited to fire fighters employed prior to March 1, 1970, when the State of Washington established the LEOFF retirement system. The City's obligation under the Firemen's Pension Plan consists of paying all benefits, including payments to beneficiaries, for firefighters who retired prior to March 1, 1970, and excess benefits over LEOFF for covered fire fighters who retired on or after March 1, 1970. There is no stand alone financial report for the plan.

Funding Policy

Under State law, the Firemen's Pension Plan is funded from an allocation from the State of Washington of fire insurance premium taxes; interest earnings; member contributions which were made prior to March 1, 1970 (the inception of LEOFF); and City contributions required to meet projected future pension obligations. The City is funding the plan from City contributions over a 20 year (2000-2019) funding plan of property tax revenues, along with future revenues from state fire insurance taxes and interest earnings which will be sufficient to pay all future Firemen's Pension Plan pension benefits.

Since the benefits provided by the Plan are the excess benefits between the City's FPF plan and the state's LEOFF plan, a modified aggregate projected benefit actuarial cost method is used for funding purposes. Under this method, all excess liabilities not covered by the actuarial assets as of the date of the valuation are funded as a level dollar or an increasing dollar amount over the period until the youngest participant is expected to reach age 74.

With the adoption of GASB 25 and 27, this cost method is not appropriate for GASB purposes (though it is still recommended for funding purposes). For GASB purposes, an entry age normal cost method is used. The NPO is assumed to be zero at transition to GASB 25 and 27. The UAL is amortized as a level dollar amount over a closed 30 year period, beginning January 1, 2000.

The Firefighter's Pension Plan is a closed off plan (no new employees hired after March 1, 1970 are covered). The GASB disclosures make no special provision for reporting the cost of a closed off plan. Thus the minimum actuarial required contribution (ARC) disclosed for GASB purposes has no relationship to the City's funding policy for the Firefighter's Pension Plan. The Plan is partially funded through a tax levied by the State of Washington on fire insurance premiums. The revenue received through this tax amounted to \$79,633 in 2011.

Actuarial Procedures and Assumptions

The City of Olympia contracts with Milliman for the actuarial valuation of its Firefighters Pension Plan and OPEB. In the valuation report most recently provided by Milliman, the following major assumptions and procedures were used. The Actuarial Cost Method being used is the Entry Age Cost Method. The Valuation of Assets are carried on a market value

basis. For GASB No. 27 the UAAL is amortized over a closed 30-year period as of January 1, 1999 and an open 30-year period prior to January 1, 1999. Future investment earnings of the City's FPF are assumed to accrue at an annual rate of 4%. Salaries were assumed to increase at the rate of 3.5% per annum and other benefits increase at the same rate as the CPI. The CPI was assumed to increase at the rate of 2.5% per annum. All members who attain, or who have attained, age 65 in active service are assumed to retire immediately.

Annual Pension Costs and Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the actuarial computation for the year ended December 31, 2011 were as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending		
	12/31/2009	12/31/2010	12/31/2011
Annual required contribution (ARC)			
1. Annual Normal Cost (BOY)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
2. Amortization of UAAL (BOY)	235,125	195,368	195,368
3. Interest to EOY [(1)+(2)]*(i)*	11,756	7,815	7,815
4. ARC at EOY [(1)+(2)+(3)]	\$ 246,881	\$ 203,183	\$ 203,183
5. Interest on NPO	\$ 8,148	\$ (4,065)	\$ (17,229)
6. Adjustment to ARC	12,453	(7,440)	(32,716)
7. Annual pension cost [(APC)] [(4)+(5)-(6)]	\$ 242,576	\$ 206,558	\$ 218,670
8. Employer Contributions***	507,153	535,665	304,163
9. Change in NPO [(7)-(8)]	(264,577)	(329,107)	(85,493)
10. NPO at BOY [(11) prior year]	\$ 162,956	\$ (101,621)	\$ (430,728)
11. NPO at EOY [(9)+(10)]	\$ (101,621)	\$ (430,728)	\$ (516,221)

* *i* is the assumed interest rate that year: 5.0% in 2009, 4.0% in 2010, 4.0% in 2011.

*** Employer contributions for pensions are total contributions to the Fund net of disbursements from the Fund for medical expenses under RCW 41.26.150 and administrative expenses.

Membership of the Firemen's Pension Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2011, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Firefighters retired for service after March 1, 1970	14
Firefighters disabled in line of duty since March 1, 1970	8
Firefighters disabled not in line of duty since March 1, 1970	1
Survivors of Firefighters retired after March 1, 1970	4

Schedule of Contributions From the Employer

(GASB #25)

<u>Fiscal Year Ending</u>	<u>Actual Employer Contributions*</u>	<u>Actual Fire Insurance Premiums</u>	<u>Total Employer Contributions</u>	<u>Annual Required Contribution</u>	<u>Percentage of ARC Contributed</u>
December 31, 2006	\$ 377,218	\$ 58,511	\$ 435,769	\$ 265,606	164%
December 31, 2007	431,395	63,395	494,790	265,606	186
December 31, 2008	430,106	65,922	496,028	246,881	201
December 31, 2009	444,293	62,860	507,153	246,881	205
December 31, 2010	468,731	66,934	535,665	203,183	264
December 31, 2011	224,530	79,633	304,163	203,183	150

* Employer Contributions for pensions are total contributions to the Fund net of disbursements from the Fund for medical expenses under RCW 41.26.150 and administrative expenses.

Three Year Trend Information

<u>Fiscal Year Ending</u>	<u>Annual Pension Cost (APC)</u>	<u>Contribution as a Percentage of APC</u>	<u>Net Pension Obligation (NPO)</u>
December 31, 2009	\$ 242,576	209%	\$ (101,621)
December 31, 2010	206,558	259	(430,728)
December 31, 2011	218,670	139	(516,221)

GASB Statement No 27 Annual Development of Pension Cost

Fiscal Year Ending	ARC at EOY	Interest on NPO	ARC Adjustment	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Total Employer Contributions	Change in NPO	NPO Balance	(Gain)/Loss	Amort Factor*	Amort of (Gain)/Loss	Ending Balance
	(1)	(2)= [prior yr (7)] x int rate	(3)= [prior yr (7)] / (9)	(4)= (1)+(2)-(3)	(5)	(6)=(4)-(5)	(7)=(6)+ [prior yr (7)]	(8)=(1)-(5)	(9)	(10)= [prior yr (11)] / (9)	(11)=(7)
12/31/2006	\$ 265,606	\$ 46,809	\$ 62,656	\$ 249,759	\$ 435,769	\$ (186,010)	\$ 665,063	\$ (170,163)	13.5832	\$ 62,656	\$ 665,063
12/31/2007	265,606	36,578	50,098	252,086	494,790	(242,704)	422,359	(229,184)	13.2752	50,098	422,359
12/31/2008	248,881	21,118	31,374	236,625	496,028	(259,403)	162,956	(249,147)	13.4622	31,374	162,956
12/31/2009	248,881	8,148	12,453	242,576	507,153	(264,577)	(101,621)	(260,272)	13.0853	12,453	(101,621)
12/31/2010	203,183	(4,065)	(7,440)	206,558	535,665	(329,107)	(430,728)	(332,482)	13.6593	(7,440)	(430,728)
12/31/2011	203,183	(17,229)	(32,716)	218,670	304,163	(85,493)	(516,221)	(100,980)	13.1657	(32,716)	(516,221)

* Based on a 30-year closed amortization as of January 1, 1999.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**A. Liability and Auto**

The City of Olympia is a member of the Washington Cities Insurance Authority (WCIA).

Utilizing Chapter 48.62 RCW (self-insurance regulation) and Chapter 39.34 RCW (Interlocal Cooperation Act), nine cities originally formed WCIA on January 1, 1981. WCIA was created for the purpose of providing a pooling mechanism for jointly purchasing insurance, jointly self-insuring, and / or jointly contracting for risk management services. WCIA has a total of 145 Members.

New members initially contract for a three-year term, and thereafter automatically renew on an annual basis. A one-year withdrawal notice is required before membership can be terminated. Termination does not relieve a former member from its unresolved loss history incurred during membership.

Liability coverage is written on an occurrence basis, without deductibles. Coverage includes general, automobile, police, public officials' errors or omissions, stop gap, and employee benefits liability. Limits are \$4 million per occurrence self insured layer, and \$16 million per occurrence in the re-insured excess layer. The excess layer is insured by the purchase of reinsurance and insurance and is subject to aggregate limits. Total limits are \$20 million per occurrence subject to aggregate sublimits in the excess layers. The Board of Directors determines the limits and terms of coverage annually.

Insurance coverage for property, automobile physical damage, fidelity, inland marine, and boiler and machinery are purchased on a group basis. Various deductibles apply by type of coverage. Property insurance and auto physical damage are self-funded from the members' deductible to \$500,000, for all perils other than flood and earthquake, and insured above that amount by the purchase of insurance.

In-house services include risk management consultation, loss control field services, claims and litigation administration, and loss analyses. WCIA contracts for the claims investigation consultants for personnel issues and land use problems, insurance brokerage, and lobbyist services.

WCIA is fully funded by its members, who make annual assessments on a prospectively rated basis, as determined by an outside, independent actuary. The assessment covers loss, loss adjustment, and administrative expenses. As outlined in the interlocal, WCIA retains the right to additionally assess the membership for any funding shortfall.

An investment committee, using investment brokers, produces additional revenue by investment of WCIA's assets in financial instruments which comply with all State guidelines. These revenues directly offset portions of the membership's annual assessment.

A Board of Directors governs WCIA, which is comprised of one designated representative from each member. The Board elects an Executive Committee and appoints a Treasurer to provide general policy direction for the organization. The WCIA Executive Director reports to the Executive Committee and is responsible for conducting the day to day operations of WCIA.

B. Property

The City of Olympia purchases property insurance for buildings, contents and other insurable assets through Factory Mutual Global Insurance. Year 2010 coverage extends to approximately \$197 million of City property with a \$35,000 deductible. The coverage includes \$50 million earth movement subject to a 5% per location or minimum of \$100,000 deductible and flood coverage subject to a \$50,000 per location deductible.

C. Settlements

In the past three (3) years, there have been no settlements that exceeded coverage.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**A. Long-Term Debt**

The city issues general obligation and revenue bonds to finance general government activities and acquisition or construction of capital assets. General obligation bonds have been issued for the general government and are being repaid from the applicable resources. The revenue bonds are being repaid by proprietary fund revenues. The City is

also liable for notes that were entered into for the acquisition or construction of capital assets. These notes are considered obligations of either the general government or the proprietary funds and are being repaid with general government revenue and proprietary fund revenues, respectively.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Effective Rates	Balance 12/31/2011
General Obligation Bonds					
		(000)			
2006 Parks	9,385,000	1,234 - 1,091	2016	5.00	5,210,000
2009A City Hall LTGO	2,400,000	318 - 322	2019	4.199	2,170,000
2009B City Hall BABs	32,810,000	2,099 - 3,303	2039	4.199	32,810,000
2009 Fire Dept Headquarters	16,180,000	1,190 - 1,195	2029	4.035	15,040,000
2010 Streets Projects LTGO	5,865,000	434 - 437	2029	5.00	5,520,000
2010B HOCM LTGO	5,670,000	291 - 563	2028	4.250	5,515,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					<u>\$ 66,265,000</u>

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for General Obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Governmental Activities	
	Principal	Interest
2012	2,185,000	3,462,124
2013	2,285,000	3,377,349
2014	2,370,000	3,288,474
2015	2,475,000	3,187,549
2016	2,585,000	3,080,949
2017-2021	8,930,000	14,194,816
2022-2026	14,065,000	11,671,598
2027-2031	12,500,000	8,067,314
2032-2036	11,045,000	4,775,940
2037-2041	7,825,000	1,036,034
Total	\$ 66,265,000	\$ 56,142,147

Revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Effective Rates	Balance 12/31/2011
Revenue Bonds					
		(000)			
2001 Water/Sewer	7,525,000	160 - 825	2021	3.55-5.20	3,400,000
2007 Waterworks	8,000,000	240 - 610	2027	4.00-4.125	6,960,000
2010 Waterworks	6,485,000	475 - 480	2030	3.45	6,250,000
Total Revenue Bonds					<u>\$ 16,610,000</u>

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Business Type Activities	
	Principal	Interest
2012	950,000	688,165
2013	990,000	651,645
2014	1,030,000	613,683
2015	1,075,000	571,570
2016	1,125,000	526,920
2017-2021	4,660,000	1,975,115
2022-2026	4,445,000	1,059,875
2027-2031	2,335,000	216,325
Total	\$ 16,610,000	\$ 6,303,298

Loans currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Effective Rates	Balance 12/31/2011
State of Washington Trust Fund Loans					
4th Avenue Bridge	6,049,030	360,377	2020	1.00	3,243,394
4th Avenue Bridge	3,111,250	173,382	2021	1.00	1,733,824
Log Cabin Stormwater Project	188,600	14-19,000	2018	1.00	23,912
North Percival Stormdrain	1,658,700	53-65,000	2026	3.00	175,046
Sleater-Kinney Sewer	1,808,375	57-62,000	2028	3.00	1,563,086
Subtotal State of Washington Trust Fund Loans					<u>\$ 6,739,262</u>
Other Loans					
Local Program Energy Savings	1,534,496	68-171,000	2020	2.97	1,330,528
DOE Septic Conversion Assistance Program	250,000	100-900	2031	2.90	43,174
Yauger Park Stormwater	1,214,018	6-41,000	2031	3.10	1,148,288
DWSRF McAllister Wellfield Development	6,060,000	N/A**	2034	1.50	144,630
DWSRF McAllister Wellfield Transmission Pipeline	4,811,640	N/A**	2034	1.50	243,760
2011 Parks BAN*	2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	2014	1.75	2,500,000
Subtotal Other Loans					<u>\$ 5,410,380</u>
Loans Total					<u><u>\$ 12,149,642</u></u>

* 2011 Parks BAN is a one time payment in 2014

** DWSRF loan terms have not been defined. Terms will be defined upon project completion.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for loans are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012	\$ 673,543	\$ 124,207	\$ 199,967	\$ 49,043
2013	677,727	115,431	244,079	46,512
2014	3,182,036	73,136	146,080	47,641
2015	686,473	53,259	147,602	45,647
2016	691,044	44,217	149,170	43,607
2017-2021	2,896,923	84,524	771,030	185,777
2022-2026	-	-	817,757	127,251
2027-2031	-	-	477,821	62,878
2032-2036	-	-	388,391	11,652
Total	\$ 8,807,746	\$ 494,774	\$ 3,341,897	\$ 620,008

In proprietary funds, unamortized debt issue costs are recorded as deferred charges and bonds are displayed net of premium or discount; annual interest expense is decreased by amortization of debt premium and increased by the amortization of debt issue costs and discount.

At December 31, 2011, the City has \$380,854 available in debt service funds to service the general bonded debt. Restricted assets in proprietary funds contain \$438,233 in reserves as required by bond indentures.

There are a number of other limitations and restrictions contained in the various indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions. Debt service requirements for special assessment bonds are met by assessments levied against property owners. The City has no financial obligation for defaults by property owners on special assessment debt except for insuring the funding of the Guaranty Fund. Assessments are liens against the assessed property.

B. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The following table displays total annual debt service requirements to maturity on all bonds and loans including interest as of December 31, 2011. Amounts listed include principal and interest.

Year Ending December 31,	Bonds	Other Loans	Public Works	Total
			Trust Fund Loans	
2012	7,285,289	264,521	782,239	8,332,049
2013	7,303,994	309,197	774,552	8,387,743
2014	7,302,157	2,781,508	667,385	10,751,050
2015	7,309,119	270,539	662,442	8,242,100
2016	7,317,869	270,539	657,499	8,245,907
2017	6,138,500	270,539	652,557	7,061,596
2018	5,722,405	270,539	647,614	6,640,558
2019	5,734,785	270,539	642,672	6,647,996
2020	5,747,605	181,399	637,729	6,566,733
2021	6,416,636	92,257	272,409	6,781,302
2022	6,251,038	92,257	97,687	6,440,982
2023	6,253,399	92,257	97,216	6,442,872
2024	6,253,980	92,258	96,744	6,442,982
2025	6,243,407	92,257	96,272	6,431,936
2026	6,239,650	92,257	95,800	6,427,707
2027	6,232,208	92,258	95,328	6,419,794
2028	5,293,755	92,258	53,407	5,439,420
2029	4,975,259	92,257	0	5,067,516
2030	3,314,071	91,828	0	3,405,899
2031	3,303,345	23,363	0	3,326,708
2032	3,261,484	5,826	0	3,267,310
2033	3,214,071	5,826	0	3,219,897
2034	3,166,077	388,391	0	3,554,468
2035	3,117,194	0	0	3,117,194
2036	3,062,115	0	0	3,062,115
2037	3,010,810	0	0	3,010,810
2038	2,952,635	0	0	2,952,635
2039	2,897,590	0	0	2,897,590
Total	\$ 145,320,447	\$ 6,234,870	\$ 7,029,552	\$ 158,584,869

C. Current Portion of Long Term Liabilities

The following table displays the portion of each debt instrument that is due within one year of the statement date of December 31, 2011:

State of Washington Trust Fund Loans	
Log Cabin Stormwater Project	11,956
North Percival Stormdrain	87,523
4th / 5th Ave Corridor	533,759
Sleater Kinney Sewer Project	94,384
Subtotal State of Washington Trust Fund Loans	<u>\$ 727,622</u>
State of Washington Local Loans	
Yauger Park Project	6,104
LOCAL Program Energy Savings	139,784
Subtotal State of Washington Local Loans	<u>\$ 145,888</u>
Revenue Bonds	
2001 Water/Sewer Bond	415,000
2007 Waterworks	295,000
2010 Waterworks	240,000
Subtotal Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 950,000</u>
General Obligation Bonds	
2006 Parks CIP	950,000
2009A City Hall LTGO	240,000
2009 Fire Stn Construction LTGO	595,000
2010 Streets Projects LTGO	225,000
2010B HOCM LTGO	175,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 2,185,000</u>
Total Principal amount due within one year	<u>\$ 4,008,510</u>

D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Balance 1/1/2011	Additions	Retirements	Balance 12/31/2011	Due Within One Year
Business - Type Activities					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 17,515,000	\$ 0	\$ 905,000	\$ 16,610,000	\$ 950,000
WA State Trust Fund Loans	1,955,907	0	193,863	1,762,044	193,863
LOCAL Loans	685,510	894,342	0	1,579,852	6,104
Compensated Absences	676,670	622,983	671,259	628,394	671,259
Subtotal	\$ 20,833,087	\$ 1,517,325	\$ 1,770,122	\$ 20,580,290	\$ 1,821,226
Governmental Activities					
G.O. Bonds	\$ 68,355,000	\$ 0	\$ 2,090,000	\$ 66,265,000	\$ 2,185,000
Special Assessment Notes	65,210	0	17,973	47,237	0
Other Loans	1,466,250	2,500,000	135,722	3,830,528	139,784
WA State Trust Fund Loans	5,562,639	0	585,421	4,977,218	533,759
OPEB payable	1,655,442	1,154,708	512,435	2,297,715	0
Compensated Absences	3,842,001	2,859,884	2,721,647	3,980,238	2,721,647
Subtotal	\$ 80,946,542	\$ 6,514,592	\$ 6,063,198	\$ 81,397,936	\$ 5,580,190
Total	\$ 101,779,629	\$ 8,031,917	\$ 7,833,320	\$ 101,978,226	\$ 7,401,416

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end \$33,746 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. It is estimated that the amount of compensated absences to be used in the next year in Governmental and Business-Type Activities is \$3,300,200.

NOTE 10 - LEASES**1. Operating Leases**

The City leases office buildings under noncancelable operating leases. Total cost for such leases was \$ 276,050 for the year ended December 31, 2011. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2012	42,038
2013	42,038
2014	42,038
2015	42,038
2016 - 2020	100,000
2021 - 2025	100,000
2026 - 2030	100,000
2031 - 2035	100,000
2036 - 2040	100,000
2041 - 2045	100,000
2046 - 2048	40,000

2. Capital Leases

The City has no capital lease agreements.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATIONS

The City has recorded in its financial statements all material liabilities, including an estimate for situations which are not yet resolved but where, based on available information, management believes it is probable that the City will have to make payment. In the opinion of management, the City's insurance policies and/or self-insurance reserves are adequate to pay all known or pending claims.

A. Litigation

The City has claims and lawsuits pending at this time, which could result in a liability for the City over the next few years. The amount of these claims cannot be reasonably estimated at this time and management estimates that the potential claims not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

B. Contingent Liabilities

As discussed in Long-Term Debt Note No. 9, the City is contingently liable for repayment of debt.

The City has received several Federal and State grants for specific purposes, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their representatives. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon experience, City Management believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Pollution Remediation

The City has several pieces of property currently owned or recently sold that have contamination requiring a cleanup. Each property is listed below with a brief narrative.

1. Log Cabin Rd Roundabout

In 2008 the City purchased property from Thurston County as part of a project creating a roundabout at the intersection of Log Cabin Road and Boulevard Road. The property had previously been used by Thurston County as a road maintenance shop and contained contaminated soil. As part of the project, the City cleaned up the site and received reimbursement from Thurston County for those most of the costs. Costs of the remediation are part of the capitalized cost of the construction project. Clean up is 100% complete, total cost of cleanup was \$351,192. Thurston County reimbursed \$288,359 of these costs.

2. New City Hall

In 2009 the City purchased property for the construction of the new city hall building. At the time of the purchase, it was known to contain contaminated soil. Cost of the cleanup was factored into the cost of construction. The site has been remediated and ongoing ground water monitoring will continue, until the Department of Ecology confirms completion of soil remediation. Costs of the remediation are part of the capitalized cost of the construction project except for those reimbursements received through grants. The city spent approximately \$8,406,000 on the remediation and has been reimbursed approximately \$3,775,000 from the Department of Ecology.

3. Hands on Children's Museum

In 2010 the city purchased property from the Port of Olympia as part of the Hands on Children's Museum construction project. When purchased, it was known that contamination existed on the property. As part of the construction process, the site has been 95% remediated. Costs of the remediation are part of the capitalized cost of the construction project except for those reimbursements received through grants. To date the city has spent approximately \$650,000 on the remediation and has been reimbursed approximately \$410,820 from the Department of Ecology, LOTT, and the Port of Olympia.

4. Parking Lot – State Avenue

In 2008 the city purchased property for the State Department of Transportation (DOT) to develop a parking lot. The site was known to contain contamination. The purchase and sale agreement called for the city to clean up the site and be reimbursed by the DOT for all costs up to the amount of the land purchase, \$1,284,462. The site is nearly completely remediated and the DOT has reimbursed the city for all costs to date, \$1,220,276. There are still funds remaining from the sale to cover certain future anticipated costs incurred by the city. Any costs in excess of the amount available from the purchase price will become part of the capitalized cost of the construction project.

5. Percival Landing / Tank Farm

In 1989 the city acquired property that is adjacent to Percival Landing which had previously been used as a tank farm by a major oil company. As part of the Percival Landing Rehabilitation Phase 1 project, a certain amount of contamination from the acquired property is in need of remediation. Costs of remediation have been capitalized through the project and the project is nearly complete. The city has spent approximately \$1,157,000 on the remediation and has not received any reimbursements. The rest of the property still contains contaminated soil, and an evaluation is underway by the Department of Ecology to determine the need for future remediation activities. It may be many years before any cleanup effort is undertaken. Because of the undetermined nature and timing of the cleanup, and the fact that any future remediation may coincide with further development of the site, and that the city may capitalize those costs with the development, the city has not accrued any liability on the entity wide Statement of Net Assets. The city is under no current obligation for immediate remediation action.

6. Parking Lot – Columbia Street

In 2008 the city sold property to a development company for the purpose of building market rate housing in the downtown area. The site had been the former location of a service station and there was known contamination at the site. The proceeds of the sale were deposited into an escrow account to be used to pay for the eventual cleanup of a portion of the property with the city and the developer to split costs in excess of that amount up to an amount of \$493,000 for the city's contribution. If contamination is discovered beyond the property boundary that needs to be remediated, that remediation is the responsibility of the city to clean up. To date, the developer has yet to proceed on the project. Due to the uncertain nature of the completion of a cleanup plan by the developer and the unknown timing of any additional cleanup by the city, the city has not accrued any liability on the entity wide Statement of Net Assets. Over time the city may accrue a liability as the components become more estimable.

7. West Bay

In 2005 the city acquired property on West Bay Drive from the Port of Olympia to develop a waterfront park. The site was located in an area historically subject to industrial uses, and it was known that portions of the property were contaminated. Phase 1 of the West Bay Park was completed in 2011. The city has spent approximately \$1,200,000 on remediation, and has received approximately \$675,000 in reimbursements from a Department of Ecology grant; the unreimbursed costs have been capitalized. The City is continuing to monitor and test the northern part of the site until the Department of Ecology confirms full remediation. Testing has begun on the southern portion of the site; however the City is years away from development of the site. Because of the undetermined nature and timing of the cleanup, and the fact that any future remediation may coincide with further development of the site, and that the city may capitalize those costs with the development, the city has not accrued any liability on the entity wide Statement of Net Assets. The city is under no current obligation for immediate remediation action.

NOTE 12 – RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$15,890,647 of restricted net assets, of which \$11,412,196 is restricted by enabling legislation. The remaining \$4,478,451 is restricted by other legally bond contracts. Restricted net asset details for the year ended December 31, 2011 are listed in the following chart:

	Restricted Net Assets		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
NET ASSETS			
Restricted by enabling legislation:			
Transportation, Parking, and Parks	\$ 5,516,824	\$ 0	\$ 5,516,824
Impact Fees	4,418,340	0	4,418,340
SEPA Mitigation	1,018,724	0	1,018,724
Boating Safety, Seizure and Forfeitures, Other	269,537	0	269,537
Lodging Tax	188,771	0	188,771
Subtotal of Restricted by enabling legislation	<u>11,412,196</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11,412,196</u>
Restricted by other legal means:			
Capital projects	3,189,757	438,233	3,627,990
Debt Services	366,667	0	366,667
HUD Programs	155,612	0	155,612
Prepaid Items and Habitat for Humanity Loan	98,146	0	98,146
Farmers Market	96,143	0	96,143
Washington Center	75,498	0	75,498
Workers Comp Reserve	58,395	0	58,395
Subtotal of Restricted by other legal means	<u>4,040,217</u>	<u>438,233</u>	<u>4,478,450</u>
 Total Restricted Net Assets	 <u>\$ 15,452,413</u>	 <u>\$ 438,233</u>	 <u>\$ 15,890,646</u>

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS**A. Interfund Balances**

In 2009 the Fireman's Pension made a loan to the Special Account Control Fund (003) for Parking Services in the amount of \$725,000 and the balance at year end was \$241,668.

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2011 were as follows:

TRANSFERS	TRANSFERS		TRANSFERS	
	IN		OUT	
General Fund	\$ 1,960,962		\$ 962,881	
		1,960,962		962,881
Special Revenue Funds:				
127 Impact Fees	0		3,366,665	
130 SEPA Mitigation	0		354,295	
132 Lodging Tax Fund	0		263,530	
134 Parks & Rec Sidewalk Tax	6,686		2,555,001	
135 Parking Imp Benefit Area	0		15,000	
137 Children's Hands On Museum	35,000		379,919	
139 Grants Control	0		162,822	
140 Real Estate Excise Tax	0		809,195	
		41,686		7,906,427
Debt Service Funds:				
223 06 Parks LTGO Bond Fund	1,210,750		0	
226 10 LTGO Street Bond Fund	438,463		0	
227 Local Debt Fund	178,282		0	
228 10 LTGO HOCM Bond Fund	379,919		0	
		2,207,414		0
Capital Project Funds:				
317 Capital Improvement Fund	7,914,392		464,700	
323 CIP Construction Parks	0		1,630	
325 City Hall Construction	0		100,000	
326 Transportation Project Construction	0		1,780,719	
331 Fire Equipment Reserve Fund	88,500		0	
		8,002,892		2,347,049
Subtotal-Governmental Funds		12,212,954		11,216,357
Enterprise Funds:				
401 Water/Sewer Utility	151,403		25,769	
403 Solid Waste Utility	0		12,500	
404 Stormwater Utility	54,489		12,500	
		205,892		50,769
Internal Service Funds:				
501 Equipment Rental	0		761,663	
505 Workers' Compensation	0		281,284	
		0		1,042,947
Subtotal-Proprietary Funds		205,892		1,093,716
Trust & Agency Funds:				
621 Wash Center Endowment	0		108,773	
		0		108,773
TOTAL TRANSFERS		\$ 12,418,846		\$ 12,418,846

Transfers from the General Fund were used in most part to support construction projects in the Capital Improvement Fund. Enterprise Funds transfer \$50,000 each year to support Information Technology projects.

NOTE 14 – RECEIVABLE BALANCES

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs: for example, Community Development Block Grants and a number of State grants that are direct or federal pass through in nature. The following tables outline the receivables from other governmental units, and current and non-current portions of long-term notes, contracts and loans receivable at fiscal year end.

A. Governmental Receivables

At December 31, 2011, the receivables from other governmental units consisted of the following:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

Medic I reimbursement	\$ 309,879	
Thurston County Fire District Fleet	44,027	
Thurston County Heritage Commission Grant	600	354,506

Special Revenue Funds

US Department of Energy	129	129
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Capital Project Funds

WA State Historical Society	555,660	
WA State Department of Trade & Economic Comm.	300,000	
Thurston County Public Works	328,359	
WA Department of Transportation	28,692	
Transportation Improvement Board	114,215	
WA Department of Parks & Conservation	16,408	
WA Department of Ecology	9,836	1,353,170

Business-Type Funds

Enterprise Funds

Department of Ecology (ARRA)	103,609	
Department of Ecology	27,632	
WA State Department of Trade & Economic Comm.	45,503	176,744

Total Receivables

\$ 1,884,549

B. Current and Non-Current Long-Term Receivables

At December 31, 2011, the receivables from long-term notes, contracts, and loans receivable consisted of the following:

	Current	Non-Current	Total
General Fund			
Habitat for Humanity	\$ 11,200	\$ 2,950	\$ 14,150
Special Revenue Funds			
Deferred Loans Receivable			
HUD Downtown Housing	125,805	2,580,175	2,705,980
HUD Block/Shelter Grant	130,626	5,303,430	5,434,056
Subtotal - Special Revenue Funds	256,431	7,883,605	8,140,036
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 267,631	\$ 7,886,555	\$ 8,154,186

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES AND INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT

A. Joint Ventures

Animal Protection Services

Thurston County Joint Animal Services is a joint venture providing services to Lacey, Olympia, Tumwater, and Thurston County. Services include licensing, education, complaint, investigation, and enforcement. A shelter is also operated to hold impounded or lost animals, and/or adoptable animals placed with the shelter. It is governed through an interlocal agreement by the Joint Animal Services Commission which is a 6 member board composed of elected

representatives from the cities of Lacey, Olympia and Tumwater, Thurston County, the South Puget Sound Veterinary Medical Association, and the Thurston County Humane Society.

An equity interest exists for the cities of Lacey, Olympia and Tumwater, and Thurston County. As of December 31, 2011, the City of Olympia had a 22.62% share of the equity. Net Assets as of December 31, 2011, were \$3,708,992. The City of Olympia reports its share of equity interest as an investment in joint venture, in the government-wide statement of net assets. The current equity share for the City is valued at \$838,974.

An ongoing financial interest exists for the cities of Lacey, Olympia and Tumwater, and Thurston County. The agreement specifies a funding formula that allocates the cost based on serviced animal cases and population per jurisdiction (unless otherwise adjusted by the Commission) in the prior year. All employees (including the Director) are employees of the City of Lacey. All property is considered to be jointly owned with the title being held by the City of Lacey. Parties will be reimbursed based on their contribution upon sale of property for dissolution of Animal Protection Services. Minimum participation for any one party is three years and withdrawal of any party will not terminate the agreement.

The City of Lacey accounts for the joint venture in a separate special revenue fund. Completed Financial Statements can be obtained from the City of Lacey Finance Department, P.O. Box 3400, Lacey, WA 98509-3400.

Interlocal Drug Unit

The Interlocal Drug Unit provides drug control and investigation services to participating local governments in Thurston County. The Drug Unit is governed by a 5 member Executive Committee composed of the Thurston County Sheriff and Police Chiefs from the cities of Lacey, Olympia and Tumwater and by a representative from the Washington State Patrol. The Executive Committee governs the unit, approves and signs all grant agreements and contracts, and specifies staffing levels. Drug Unit personnel remain employees of the agency that assigned them to the Drug Unit. Approximately half of the Drug Unit personnel are funded by their departments. The Drug Unit is funded by grants and seizures of drug funds and the agreement states that each participant will contribute any additional funding equally. All monies and equipment will remain with the Drug Unit upon withdrawal of any permanent participant from the Drug Unit. The City of Lacey accounts for the joint venture in a separate special revenue fund and complete financial statements are available from the City of Lacey.

Law Enforcement Records Management System

The Law Enforcement Records Management System (LERMS) is a joint venture providing accurate and timely criminal justice data sharing to the cities of Lacey, Olympia, Tenino, Tumwater, and Yelm. The goal of this joint venture is to share public safety information, increase operational efficiency via a reduction in data entry, and ease the process of accessing information. These goals will improve officer and citizen safety, facilitate coordination and information sharing to both internal and external agencies, and improve data quality and timeliness of data accessibility. It is governed through an interlocal agreement by the LERMS Consortium, which is a 5 member board composed of each city's Chief of Police (or their designee).

An equity interest exists for the cities of Lacey, Olympia, Tenino, Tumwater, and Yelm. As of December 31, 2011, the City of Olympia has a 42.00% share of the equity. Net Assets as of December 31, 2011, were \$271,060. The City of Olympia reports its share of equity interest as an investment in joint venture, in the government-wide statement of net assets. The current equity share for the City is valued at \$113,845.

An ongoing financial interest exists for the cities of Lacey, Olympia, Tenino, Tumwater, and Yelm. The agreement specifies a funding formula that annually assesses member cities based on current year population as determined by the Thurston Regional Planning Council (unless otherwise adjusted by the Consortium). All property is considered to be jointly owned. Parties will be reimbursed based on their contribution upon sale of property upon the dissolution of LERMS. Any member may withdraw from the agreement at the end of any calendar year, providing a notice to the Consortium no less than six months prior to the date of withdrawal. Withdrawal of a party will not terminate the agreement of the remaining parties.

The City of Olympia accounts for the joint venture in a separate agency fund. Completed Financial Statements can be obtained from the City of Olympia Administrative Services Department, PO Box 1967, Olympia, WA 98507

B. Interlocal Agreement

Capital Area Regional Public Facilities District (PFD)

In 2006, the City of Olympia entered into a contract with the Capital Area Regional Public Facilities District (PFD) for the acquisition, development, operation and maintenance of the Hands On Children's Museum (HOCM). The PFD imposes a sales and use tax pursuant to RCW 82.14.390 to repay any financing obtained to fund the design, construction, acquisition, operation and/or maintenance of the museum. The monies collected as sales taxes shall only be used for the purposes permitted under RCW 82.14.390 and RCW 35.57.020. In 2011, the City of Olympia received \$349,321 in sales taxes levied by the PFD and is accounted for within the HOCM Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 16 – UTILITY RATES

A. Solid Waste:

During 2011, basic residential garbage rates consisted of \$8.13 for one 20 gallon can service. The basic commercial rate for one 10 gallon can service was \$5.67.

B. Drinking Water:

During 2011 basic monthly single family and duplex residential rates consisted of a \$6.91 ready to serve.

In addition, a tiered rate is applied to consumption as follows:

Block 1 (0 - 500 cubic feet):	\$1.45 per 100 cubic feet of water consumed.
Block 2 (501 - 1000 cubic feet):	\$2.02 per 100 cubic feet of water consumed.
Block 3 (1001 - 1500 cubic feet):	\$4.01 per 100 cubic feet of water consumed.
Block 4 (1501+ cubic feet):	\$5.27 per 100 cubic feet of water consumed.

The Drinking Water General Facility Charge (GFC) was \$3,089. The GFC is charged for a new hook-up to the system.

C. Wastewater:

During 2011 the local collection charge was billed \$18.54 per ERU. The Wastewater General Facility Charge (GFC) was billed \$2,756 per ERU.

An ERU is an Equivalent Residential Unit. The ERU is a measure of sewage usage with the exception of any significant industrial user. An ERU is defined as a separate single family residence or one per single family unit with respect to residential duplexes. Residential structures having more than two single-family units are assessed at 70% an ERU per unit. As for other than residential users, an ERU is defined as 900 cubic feet of sewage measured at the source of either water consumption or sewage discharge for LOTT treatment and 700 cubic feet of sewage measured at the source of either water consumption or sewage discharge for Local collection.

D. Stormwater Drainage:

During 2011, the rate for single family residences and duplexes was \$10.58 and \$21.16 per month respectively. Accounts other than single family and duplex are charged an \$10.36 administrative fee plus \$3.90, \$8.14 or \$10.26 per billing unit of impervious surface based on the date of development.

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFIT

A. Law Enforcement and Fire Fighters Retirement System

1. Plan Description:

- A. In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, in accordance with the Washington Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters Retirement System (LEOFF) Act (RCW 41.26), the City provides certain health care benefits for retired full-time, fully compensated law enforcement officers and fire fighters who established membership in the LEOFF retirement system on or before September 30, 1977. The City's Human Resources Department, in conjunction with the City Disability Board, pays or reimburses retired LEOFF police officers and fire fighters for reasonable medical charges as described in the LEOFF Act. A total of 72 retirees are eligible for benefits under this act. As of December 31, 2011, there were 4 active officers and fire fighters who may become eligible for these benefits when they retire.

The City reimburses 100 percent of the amount of validated claims for medical, dental, and hospitalization costs incurred by pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents. The City also reimburses eligible retirees for their City mandated enrollment in Medicare Plan B. In addition, the City purchases commercial health insurance for the retirees.

Post employment health care benefits are paid on a pay as you go basis. Benefits to participating retirees who are covered under the Firemen's Pension Fund totaled \$513,468 in 2011. The benefits paid to the remaining participants (Police Officers) were remitted out of the General Fund and totaled \$531,130.

The LEOFF is amortized as a level dollar amount over a closed 30 year period, beginning January 1, 2000.

2. Funding Policy:

- A. Funding for LEOFF retiree healthcare costs is provided entirely by the City as required by RCW. The City's funding policy is based upon pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

3. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligations:

- A. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based upon the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of thirty years as of January 1, 2010. The first table below shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB. The net OPEB obligation as of December 31, 2011 was \$2,297,715. The ARC has been 42% funded for the year.

4. Actuarial Procedures and Assumptions:

- A. In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, in accordance with the Washington Law of its Firefighters Pension Plan and OPEB. In the valuation report most recently provided by Milliman, the following major assumptions and procedures were used. The Actuarial Cost Method being used is the Entry Age Cost Method. There are no assets in this plan. For GASB No. 45 In the January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions used included a 4% discount rate, which is based upon the long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance payment of benefits. A medical inflation rate of 8.3%, graded to 6.1% over three years, was used along with a long term care inflation rate of 4.3% and a dental inflation rate of 5%.

GASB Statement No. 45 Annual Development of OPEB Cost

Fiscal Year Ending	ARC at EOY	Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (2)= [prior yr (7)] x int rate	ARC Adjustment (3)= [prior yr (7)] / (9)	Annual OPEB Cost (4)= (1)+(2)-(3)	Total Employer Contributions (5)	Change in Net OPEB Obligation (6)=(4)-(5)	Net OPEB Obligation Balance (7)=(6)+ [prior yr (7)]	(Gain)/Loss (8)=(1)-(5)	Amort. Factor*	Amort. of (Gain)/Loss (10)= [prior yr (11)] / (9)	Ending Balance (11)=(7)
12/31/2009	\$ 986,298	\$ 25,182	\$ 38,490	\$ 972,990	\$ 508,187	\$ 464,803	\$ 968,452	\$ 478,111	13.0853	\$ 38,490	\$ 968,452
12/31/2010	\$ 1,214,229	\$ 38,738	\$ 70,901	\$ 1,182,066	\$ 495,076	\$ 686,990	\$ 1,655,442	\$ 719,153	13.6593	\$ 70,901	\$1,655,442
12/31/2011	\$ 1,214,229	\$ 66,218	\$ 125,739	\$ 1,154,708	\$ 512,435	\$ 642,273	\$ 2,297,715	\$ 701,794	13.1657	\$ 125,739	\$2,297,715

* Based on a 21-year closed amortization as of January 1, 2008.

GASB Statement No. 45 Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

	Fiscal Year Ending		
	12/31/2009	12/31/2010	12/31/2011
Annual required contribution (ARC)			
1. Annual Normal Cost (BOY)	\$ 75,991	\$ 65,348	\$ 65,348
2. Amortization of UAAL (BOY)	863,340	1,102,180	1,102,180
3. Interest to EOY [(1)+(2)]*(i)*	46,967	46,701	46,701
4. ARC at EOY [(1)+(2)+(3)]	\$ 986,298	\$ 1,214,229	\$ 1,214,229
5. Interest on NPO	\$ 25,182	\$ 38,738	\$ 66,218
6. Adjustment to ARC	38,490	70,901	125,739
7. Annual pension cost [(APC)] [(4)+(5)-(6)]	\$ 972,990	\$ 1,182,066	\$ 1,154,708
8. Employer Contributions	508,187	495,076	512,435
9. Change in NPO [(7)-(8)]	464,803	686,990	642,273
10. NPO at BOY [(11) prior year]	\$ 503,649	\$ 968,452	\$ 1,655,442
11. NPO at EOY [(9)+(10)]	\$ 968,452	\$ 1,655,442	\$ 2,297,715

* 'i' is the assumed interest rate that year: 5.0% in 2009, 4.0% in 2010, 4.0% in 2011.

GASB Statement No. 45 Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost	Contribution as a Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB Obligation
December 31, 2009	\$ 972,990	52%	\$ 968,452
December 31, 2010	\$ 1,182,066	42%	\$ 1,655,442
December 31, 2011	\$ 1,154,708	44%	\$ 2,297,715

B. AWC Benefits Trust

1. Trust Description

- A. The City is a participating Employer in the Association of Washington Cities Employee Benefit Trust ("Trust"), a cost-sharing multiple employer welfare benefit plan administered by the Association of Washington Cities. The Trust provides medical benefits to certain eligible retired employees of Participating Employers and their eligible family members. Under Article VII of the Trust document, the Trustees have the authority and power to amend the amount and nature of the medical and other benefit provided by the Trust. The Trust issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Trust. That report, along with a copy of the Trust document, may be obtained by writing to the Trust at 1076 Franklin Street SE, Olympia, WA 98501-1346 or by calling 1-800-562-8981.

2. Funding Policy.

- A. The Trust provides that contribution requirements of Participating Employers and of participating employees, retirees and other beneficiaries, if any, are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees of the Trust. Retirees of the City receiving medical benefits from the Trust contribute the following amounts:

<u>Type of Coverage</u>	<u>Monthly Retiree Cost</u>
<u>AWC HealthFirst 1000</u>	
Retiree only - Non-Medicare Coverage	\$751.55
Retiree & Spouse - Non-Medicare Coverage	\$756.15
Retiree with Medicare Coverage & Spouse without	\$410.35
Retiree & Spouse - with Medicare Coverage	\$415.00
<u>Selections 1000</u>	
Retiree only - Non-Medicare Coverage	\$703.45
Retiree & Spouse - Non-Medicare Coverage	\$708.00
Retiree with Medicare Coverage & Spouse without	\$375.55
Retiree & Spouse - with Medicare Coverage	\$380.15

Participating Employers are not contractually required to contribute an rate assessed rate each year by Trust for non-LEOFF I retirees. The City does not contribute to the Trust on behalf of its retirees. The City's contributions to the Trust for its employees for the year ended December 31, 2011, was \$6,391,475 which equaled the required contributions of that year.

NOTE 18 – BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS INCLUDED IN REPORTING ENTITY

A. Blended component units.

There is one blended component unit in the city's reporting entity. During the fiscal year 2008 the City Council passed an ordinance forming the Olympia Transportation Benefit District. The RCW 36.73.020 grants cities the authority to establish a Transportation Benefit District. The transportation benefit districts purpose is to acquire, construct, improve, provide, and fund transportation improvement within the district that is consistent with any existing state, regional, and local transportation plan. RCW 36.73.065 gives the Olympia Transportation Benefit District authorization to impose taxes, fees, charges and tolls. The Olympia Transportation Benefit District has approved a \$20 vehicle registration fee. This fee started October 1, 2009 and is imposed on vehicles registered within the district's boundaries.

The Transportation Benefit District is accounted for in Fund 138, a Special Revenue Fund. Financial reporting for this fund can be found in the Combining Statements located in the Other Financial Information section of this report.

NOTE 19 – OTHER DISCLOSURES

A. Accounting and reporting changes.

GASB 54:

The City implemented the provisions of the GASB Statement 54 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 contained in the report. This implementation includes changes to the Governmental Fund Balance Sheets shown in the report. For information on the cities Fund balance policy and fund balance allocations, see No. 1.E Fund Balance Classifications and Fund Balance Details. Changes to Fund numbers is listed below in the notes on converted funds.

Classification of Deferred Revenue:

Increases in Taxes and Miscellaneous revenue in the entity-wide statements is primarily related to a change in reporting of deferred revenue. The City evaluated the reporting of Deferred Revenue Liability in the Statement of Net Assets. In 2011 the City changed the reporting of Deferred Revenues as revenues in the Statement of Activities, as opposed to Unearned Revenue liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. The table below describes the Deferred Revenues and their revenue offsets:

Deferred Revenue:	Revenue:	Amount
2012 First Quarter Property Tax Collection	Property Tax - General	\$ 7,240,864
2012 First Quarter Property Tax Collection	Property Tax - Debt Service	16,730
Reported in Statement of Activities as Revenue, not in Governmental Fund Statements		<u>\$ 7,257,594</u>
Current Year Court Receivable	Charges for Services, General Government	54,081
Current Year Property Tax Receivable	Property Tax - General	17,023
Prior Years Court Receivable	Special Item - Court Fines	4,699,549
Prior Years Property Tax Receivable	Special Item - Property Tax - General	182,183
Reported as Deferred Revenue in Governmental Fund Statements		<u>\$ 4,952,836</u>

Converted Funds:

The City converted the following funds, as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement 54, which added further definitions of Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project funds. The city evaluated all funds following GASB guidelines and determined that the following funds no longer met the definition of their coding, therefore were converted to a more applicable fund type.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Accounts Control Fund 103, became part of the General Fund No. 003
 Arterial Street Fund 104, became part of the General Fund No. 004
 Washington Center Fund 125, became part of the General Fund No. 025
 Municipal Arts Fund 126, became part of the General Fund No. 026
 Equipment and Facility Replacement Fund 129, became part of the General Fund No. 029
 Fire Equipment Reserve Fund 131, became part of the Capital Projects Funds, No. 331

Capital Project Funds

Shop Facilities Fund 302 became part of the General Fund No. 002.

New Funds:

During the fiscal year 2011 the following Funds were opened:

Special Revenue Funds

Real Estate Excise Tax (REET) Fund 140 was created in 2011.

Debt Service Funds

LTGO Street Bond Fund 228 was created in 2011.

B. Calculation of Net Assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Governmental Activities

Below is a schedule of the calculation of Net Assets invested in capital assets net of related debt for Governmental Activities.

Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	238,022,764			
	Par Value	Outstanding 12/31/11	Proceeds Spent thru 12/31/11	Net Outstanding
GO BONDS				
2009 City Hall Bonds	35,210,000	34,980,000	35,210,000	34,980,000
2009 Fire Station Bonds	16,180,000	15,040,000	13,467,605	13,467,605
2010 HOCM Bonds	5,670,000	5,515,000	5,670,000	5,515,000
2010 Transportation Bonds	5,865,000	5,520,000	5,865,000	5,520,000
2006 Parks	9,385,000	5,210,000	9,385,000	5,210,000
Total GO Bonds	72,310,000	66,265,000	69,597,605	64,692,605
PWTFL LOANS				
4th / 5th Ave. Corridor	6,721,144	3,243,394	6,721,144	3,243,394
4th / 5th Ave. Corridor	3,275,000	1,733,824	3,275,000	1,733,824
Total PWTFL Loans	9,996,144	4,977,218	9,996,144	4,977,218
OTHER LOANS				
State Of WA LOCAL Program Loan	1,534,496	1,330,528	1,466,250	1,330,528
2011 Parks BAN	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Total Other Loans	4,034,496	3,830,528	3,966,250	3,830,528
LID NOTES				
LID #762 - Woodland Park Water	167,998	47,237	167,998	47,237
Total Other Loans	167,998	47,237	167,998	47,237
Total - Governmental Funds Debt	86,508,638	75,119,983	83,727,997	73,547,588
Capital Assets Net of Related Debt - Governmental Funds				164,475,176

Internal Service Funds

Total Internal Service Capital Assets	4,875,912
Internal Service Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	4,875,912

Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Related Debt	169,351,088
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Business-Type Activities

Below is a schedule of the calculation of Net Assets invested in capital assets net of related debt for Business-Type Activities.

Total Capital Assets - Business-Type Activities					104,605,342
	Par Value	Outstanding 12/31/11	Proceeds Spent thru 12/31/11	Net Outstanding	
<i>Drinking Water/Wastewater Utility</i>					
Capital Assets - Drinking Water					81,693,466
REVENUE BONDS					
2001 Water/Sewer	7,525,000	3,400,000	7,525,000	3,400,000	
2007 Waterworks	8,000,000	6,960,000	8,000,000	6,960,000	
2010 Waterworks	6,485,000	6,250,000	6,485,000	6,250,000	
Total REVENUE Bonds	22,010,000	16,610,000	22,010,000	16,610,000	
PWTFL LOANS					
Sleater-Kinney Sewer	1,808,375	1,563,086	1,724,045	1,563,086	
Total PWTFL Loans	1,808,375	1,563,086	1,724,045	1,563,086	
OTHER LOANS					
Department of Ecology - Septic Assistance	250,000	43,174	43,174	43,174	
DWSRF McAllister Wellfield Development	6,060,000	144,630	144,630	144,630	
DWSRF McAllister Wellfield Transmission Pipe	4,811,640	243,760	243,760	243,760	
Total OTHER Loans	11,121,640	431,564	431,564	431,564	
Total - Drinking Water/Wastewater Utility Debt	34,940,015	18,604,650		18,604,650	
Drinking Water Capital Assets Net of Related Debt					63,088,816
<i>Storm and Surface Water Utility</i>					
Capital Assets - Storm and Surface Water					22,865,861
PWTFL LOANS					
Log Cabin Stormwater Project	188,600	23,912	35,868	23,912	
State Of WA Public Works Board	1,214,018	1,148,288	1,214,017	1,148,288	
North Percival Stormdrain	1,570,827	175,046	262,569	175,046	
Total PWTFL Loans	2,973,445	1,347,246	1,512,454	1,347,246	
Total - Storm and Surface Water Utility Debt	2,973,445	1,347,246		1,347,246	
Storm and Surface Water Capital Assets Net of Related Debt					21,518,615
<i>Waste ReSources Utilitiy</i>					
Capital Assets - Waste ReSources					46,015
Total - Waste ReSources Utility Debt	-	-		-	
Waste ReSources Capital Assets Net of Related Debt					46,015
Capital Assets Net of Related Debt					84,653,446



OlympiaTM

Required Supplemental Information

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 39,170,498	\$ 39,170,498	\$ 38,905,449	\$ (265,049)
Licenses and Permits	2,699,900	2,699,900	3,799,964	1,100,064
Intergovernmental Revenues	3,985,623	4,158,970	4,197,299	38,329
Charges for Services	9,290,453	9,290,453	9,190,583	(99,870)
Fines and Forfeits	973,500	973,500	1,283,156	309,656
Miscellaneous Revenues	2,234,679	2,778,465	2,344,061	(434,404)
Total Revenues	58,354,653	59,071,786	59,720,512	648,726
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government Services	15,773,584	20,467,452	15,318,301	5,149,151
Security of Persons & Property	27,584,138	28,090,374	27,084,415	1,005,959
Utilities & Environment	4,780,566	4,804,321	4,811,364	(7,043)
Transportation	4,219,821	4,194,838	3,887,125	307,713
Economic Environment	2,786,813	3,047,407	2,557,288	490,119
Mental and Physical Health	18,100	18,100	16,848	1,252
Culture and Recreation	4,859,176	5,226,634	4,862,241	364,393
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	241,666	0	241,666
Interest	0	19,692	19,692	0
Capital Outlays	44,500	728,722	2,272,793	(1,544,071)
Total Expenditures	60,066,698	66,839,206	60,830,067	6,009,139
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,712,045)	(7,767,420)	(1,109,555)	6,657,865
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - In	2,213,326	3,176,101	1,960,962	(1,215,139)
Transfers - Out	(1,032,375)	(2,850,108)	(962,881)	1,887,227
Debt Proceeds	0	0	0	0
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	21,651	21,651
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,180,951	325,993	1,019,732	693,739
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	(531,094)	(7,441,427)	(89,823)	7,351,604
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	13,910,539	13,910,539	13,910,539	
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 13,379,445	\$ 6,469,112	\$ 13,820,716	

City of Olympia
 Firefighters' Pension Fund
 GASB Statement No. 25 and No. 27 Schedule of Funding Progress
 (thousands)

Schedule of Funding Progress
 Firefighters' Pension Plan
 (Numbers in Thousands)

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities Entry Age	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL As A Percentage of Covered Payroll
December 31, 1997	\$ 1,018	\$ 3,423	\$ 2,405	30 %	\$ 333	722 %
December 31, 1999	1,503	2,418	915	62	113	810
January 1, 2001	1,545	4,095	2,550	38	69	3,696
January 1, 2002	1,551	4,628	3,077	34	69	4,459
January 1, 2004	1,493	4,855	3,362	31	0	N/A
January 1, 2006	1,714	5,134	3,420	33	0	N/A
January 1, 2008	2,517	5,682	3,165	44	0	N/A
January 1, 2010	3,153	5,822	2,669	54	0	N/A

City of Olympia
 Firefighters' Pension Fund - OPEB
 Schedule of Employer Contributions

Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Firefighters' Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 45 Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending	Employer Contributions	Annual required Contribution (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed
December 31, 2009	\$ 508,187	\$ 986,298	52%
December 31, 2010	\$ 495,076	\$ 1,214,229	41%
December 31, 2011	\$ 512,435	\$ 1,214,229	42%

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's budget preparation conforms to the GAAP by using a modified accrual basis for preparing the operating budgets for the general governmental and agency funds; and the full accrual basis for enterprise funds.

On the following pages are schedules of reconciliations for the 2011 Adopted General Fund Budget to the GASB 54 Reported General Fund budget, both the original and final budgets:

RECONCILIATION OF 2011 ADOPTED GENERAL FUND BUDGET TO
 GASB 54 REPORTED GENERAL FUND BUDGET
 ORIGINAL GENERAL FUND BUDGET
 FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	ORIGINAL GENERAL FUND FUND 001	SHOP FACILITIES FUND 302	SPECIAL ACCOUNT FUND 103	ARTERIAL STREET FUND 104	WASHINGTON CENTER FUND 125	MUNICIPAL ARTS FUND 126	EQUIP & FAC REPL/RESERVE FUND 129	REPORTED ORIGINAL GENERAL FUND FUND 001
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 39,151,998	\$ -	\$ 18,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,170,498
Licenses and Permits	2,481,900	-	218,000	-	-	-	-	2,699,900
Intergovernmental Revenues	3,941,523	-	44,100	-	-	-	-	3,985,623
Charges for Services	9,290,453	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,290,453
Fines and Forfeits	973,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	973,500
Miscellaneous Revenues	1,810,269	-	420,410	-	-	4,000	-	2,234,679
Total Revenues	57,649,643	-	701,010	-	-	4,000	-	58,354,653
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government Services	14,783,274	-	954,310	-	36,000	-	-	15,773,584
Security of Persons & Property	27,484,468	-	99,670	-	-	-	-	27,584,138
Utilities & Environment	4,780,566	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,780,566
Transportation	3,947,550	-	272,271	-	-	-	-	4,219,821
Economic Environment	2,621,763	-	165,050	-	-	-	-	2,786,813
Mental and Physical Health	18,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,100
Culture and Recreation	4,534,349	-	-	-	320,827	4,000	-	4,859,176
Capital Outlays	44,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,500
Total Expenditures	58,214,570	-	1,491,301	-	356,827	4,000	-	60,066,698
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(564,927)	-	(790,291)	-	(356,827)	-	-	(1,712,045)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - In	1,037,406	-	824,093	-	351,827	-	-	2,213,326
Transfers - Out	(1,027,375)	-	(5,000)	-	-	-	-	(1,032,375)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,031	-	819,093	-	351,827	-	-	1,180,951
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	(554,896)	-	28,802	-	(5,000)	-	-	(531,094)
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	8,486,161	200,858	2,227,704	420,542	82,798	336,495	2,155,981	13,910,539
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 7,931,265	\$ 200,858	\$ 2,256,506	\$ 420,542	\$ 77,798	\$ 336,495	\$ 2,155,981	\$ 13,379,445

RECONCILIATION OF 2011 ADOPTED GENERAL FUND BUDGET TO
 GASB 54 REPORTED GENERAL FUND BUDGET
 FINAL GENERAL FUND BUDGET
 FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	ORIGINAL FINAL GENERAL FUND FUND 001	SHOP FACILITIES FUND 302	SPECIAL ACCOUNT FUND 103	ARTERIAL STREET FUND 104	WASHINGTON CENTER FUND 125	MUNICIPAL ARTS FUND 126	EQUIP & FAC REPLURESERVE FUND 129	REPORTED FINAL GENERAL FUND FUND 001
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 39,151,998	\$ -	\$ 18,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,170,498
Licenses and Permits	2,481,900	-	218,000	-	-	-	-	2,699,900
Intergovernmental Revenues	4,096,870	-	44,100	-	-	-	18,000	4,158,970
Charges for Services	9,290,453	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,290,453
Fines and Forfeits	973,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	973,500
Miscellaneous Revenues	1,817,769	-	425,810	-	-	4,000	530,886	2,778,465
Total Revenues	57,812,490	-	706,410	-	-	4,000	548,886	59,071,786
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government Services	14,943,265	65,950	2,856,550	-	36,000	-	2,565,687	20,467,452
Security of Persons & Property	27,655,376	-	434,998	-	-	-	-	28,090,374
Utilities & Environment	4,804,321	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,804,321
Transportation	4,194,838	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,194,838
Economic Environment	2,693,142	-	354,265	-	-	-	-	3,047,407
Mental and Physical Health	18,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,100
Culture and Recreation	4,560,928	-	4,384	-	320,827	340,495	-	5,226,634
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	0	-	241,666	-	-	-	-	241,666
Interest	0	-	19,692	-	-	-	-	19,692
Capital Outlays	44,500	-	-	-	-	-	684,222	728,722
Total Expenditures	58,914,470	65,950	3,911,555	-	356,827	340,495	3,249,909	66,839,206
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,101,980)	(65,950)	(3,205,145)	-	(356,827)	(336,495)	(2,701,023)	(7,767,420)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - In	1,052,161	-	824,093	-	351,827	-	948,020	3,176,101
Transfers - Out	(2,270,135)	-	(158,873)	(421,100)	-	-	-	(2,850,108)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,217,974)	-	665,220	(421,100)	351,827	-	948,020	325,993
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	(2,319,954)	(65,950)	(2,539,925)	(421,100)	(5,000)	(336,495)	(1,753,003)	(7,441,427)
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	8,486,161	200,858	2,227,704	420,542	82,798	336,495	2,155,981	13,910,539
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 6,166,207	\$ 134,908	\$ (312,221)	\$ (556)	\$ 77,798	\$ 0	\$ 402,978	\$ 6,463,112



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Combining Statements

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenues or to account for specific activities as required by law or administrative regulations. The various Special Revenue Funds are briefly described below.

CDBG REPAYMENT FUND (108)

Payments on Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) are accounted for within this fund.

SEPA MITIGATION (130)

This fund is used to account for transportation mitigation fees pursuant to the provisions of the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA).

PARKS & RECREATION SIDEWALK TAX FUND (134)

This fund is used to account for the extra 3% utility tax passed by voters dedicated to purchase and develop parks and sidewalk improvement and construction.

PARKING IMPROVEMENT BENEFIT AREA FUND (135)

This fund is used to account for the newly created downtown parking improvement area.

FARMERS' MARKET REPAIR/REPLACEMENT FUND (136)

This fund is used to account for major repairs and maintenance of the Farmers Market. Lease payments from the Market are held here to fund any repairs.

HANDS ON CHILDREN'S MUSEUM (137)

This fund is used to account for monies received from the Capital Area Public Facilities District for the construction of the Hands On Children's Museum.

GRANTS CONTROL FUND (139)

This fund is used to account for monies received from various grants received by the city.

REAL ESTATE EXCISE TAX FUND (140)

This fund is used to account for monies received from real estate excise taxes on sale of real property..

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are established to accumulate monies for the payment of interest and principal of general obligation bonds and special assessment bonds. Payment for General obligation bonds is backed by the full faith and those for whose payment the full faith and credit of the City are pledged. The primary source of revenue to these funds is from property tax. The actual liability of general obligation bonds outstanding is recorded in the Long-Term Debt Account Group.

Enterprise debt service payments are not included in this fund group, but are shown within the enterprise funds.

LID OBLIGATION CONTROL FUND (208)

This fund accounts for the Special Assessment collections and debt service payments for all local improvement districts located within the City.

LID GUARANTY FUND (213)

This fund was established in accordance with State law for the purpose of guaranteeing the payment of outstanding Special Assessment Bonds and Notes.

1995 LTGO BOND FUND (215)

This fund is used for payment of debt service on councilmanic (non-voted) bonds issued to finance the construction of the Farmers Market, Fire vehicle upgrades, and additional property and right of way for Parks facilities.

4th/5th AVE BRIDGE PWTFL REPAYMENT FUND (216)

A debt service fund for debt related to the 4th Ave Bridge corridor construction project.

2006 LTGO PARKS BOND FUND (223)

A debt service fund for debt related to the construction of parks projects.

2009 UTGO FIRE BOND FUND (224)

A debt service fund for debt related to the construction of the Fire Station and Training Center.

CITY HALL DEBT FUND (225)

A debt service fund for debt related to the construction of City Hall.

2010 LTGO STREETS BOND FUND (226)

A debt service fund for debt related to the construction of street projects.

LOCAL DEBT FUND (227)

A debt service fund for debt related to the energy conservation improvement projects.

2010 LTGO HANDS ON CHILDREN'S MUSEUM BOND FUND (228)

A debt service fund for debt related to the construction of the Hands on Children's Museum.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

Capital Project Funds account for acquisition, construction or planning for capital facilities or equipment which are general governmental in nature.

4th/5th AVE BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION FUND (322)

A capital project fund for the 4th Ave Bridge corridor construction project.

PARKS CONSTRUCTION FUND (323)

A capital project fund for the construction projects arising out of the 2006 Parks Bond Issue.

CITY HALL CONSTRUCTION FUND (325)

A capital project fund for the New City Hall construction project.

TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION FUND (326)

A capital project fund for tracking the 2010 Transportation Bond issuance projects.

FIRE EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND (331)

This fund is for the purchase of equipment by the Fire Department, including, but not limited to, vehicles, accessories thereto and major repairs and improvements.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or service provided by one department to other departments and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

EQUIPMENT RENTAL FUND (501/502)

The Equipment Rental Fund provides equipment (primarily vehicles) to the various departments. The charges for the equipment cover depreciation, operations, maintenance, and replacement costs.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND (503)

This fund is for funding unemployment compensation. The City is on a reimbursable plan with the State. The State determines and pays benefits, then is reimbursed by the City. The fund is supported by interest earnings and charges to the various departments.

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND (504)

The Risk Management Fund is used primarily to pay for purchases of insurance, deposits with a liability insurance pool, studies related to risk managements and loss prevention.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND (505)

In July of 1994, the City, who previously participated in the State Workers Compensation Plan, began a self-insurance program. This fund is to account for the claims liability and any possibility of payment of benefits to any entitled worker.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011									
Special Revenue Funds									
	Repayment Fund 108	SEPA Mitigation Fund 130	Parks & Rec Sidewalk Tax Fund 134	Parking Imp Benefit Area Fund 135	Farmers' Mkt Repair/Repl Fund 136	Hands On Children's Museum Fund 137	Grants Control Fund 139		
ASSETS									
Cash and Residual Investments	\$ 58,633	\$ 1,018,724	\$ 4,462,595	\$ 120,608	\$ 96,143	\$ 497,440	\$	7	
Receivables (Net of Allowances):									
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Receivables	0	0	0	57,125	0	0	0	0	
Due from Other Governmental Units	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	129	
Long-Term Assets:									
Assessments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL ASSETS	58,633	1,018,724	4,462,595	177,733	96,143	497,440		136	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	8,360	0	1,892	8,850	0	43,414	0	0	
Wages Payable	2,423	0	29,124	0	0	1,420	0	0	
Contracts Retainage Payable	0	0	18,320	0	0	0	0	0	
Long-Term Liabilities:									
Unearned Revenue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities	10,783	0	49,336	8,850	0	44,834	0	0	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted	47,850	1,018,724	4,413,259	168,883	96,143	452,606	136	0	
Committed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Assigned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total BALANCE	47,850	1,018,724	4,413,259	168,883	96,143	452,606		136	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	58633	1018724	4462595	177733	96143	497440		136	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Debt Service Funds										Capital Improvement Funds				Total Other Governmental Funds									
	LID Obligation Control Fund 208	LID Guaranty Fund 213	95 G.O. Bond Redemption Fund 215	4th/5th Ave Br PWTF Repayment Fund 216	UTGO Bond Fund 09-Fire Fund 224	City Hall Debt Fund Fund 225	Local Debt Fund Fund 227	4th/5th Ave Bridge/Corridor Fund 322	City Hall Construction Fund 325	Transportation Construction Fund 326	Fire Equipment Reserve Fund 331													
ASSETS																								
Cash and Residual Investments	\$	0	\$	327,434	\$	1,821	\$	9,647	\$	39,174	\$	2,718	\$	60	\$	61,735	\$	2,411,856	\$	198,990	\$	231,696	\$	9,539,280
Receivables (Net of Allowances):		5,113		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		5,113
Due from Other Governmental Units		0		0		0		0		0		0		1,675		0		0		0		0		1,804
Long-Term Assets:		41,565		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		41,565
TOTAL ASSETS	46,678	327,434	1,821	9,647	39,174	2,718	60	63,410	2,411,856	198,990	231,696	9,644,887												
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																								
Liabilities:																								
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	251,931	0	0	314,446												
Fund Balances:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	787	0	0	33,754												
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	351,564	0	0	369,884												
Total Liabilities	46,678	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	604,282	0	0	46,678												
Fund Balances:	46,678	0	0	0	0	0	0	63,410	1,807,574	198,990	231,696	764,762												
Total BALANCE	0	327,434	1,821	9,647	39,174	2,718	60	63,410	1,807,574	198,990	231,696	8,880,125												
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	46,678	327,434	1,821	9,647	39,174	2,718	60	63,410	2,411,856	198,990	231,696	9,644,887												

COMBINING STATEMENT OF
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds									
	CDBG Repayment Fund 108	SEPA Mitigation Fund 130	Parks & Rec Sidewalk Tax Fund 134	Parking Imp Benefit Area Fund 135	Farmers' Mkt Repair/Repl Fund 136	Chldrn's Hands on Museum Fund 137	Grants Control Fund 139	Real Estate Excise Tax Fund 140		
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,120,153	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 809,195
Intergovernmental Revenues	270,382	0	0	0	0	0	623,215	145,511	0	0
Charges for Services	0	(234,041)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous Revenues	(68)	2,304	20,280	101,276	3,663	3,995	6	0	0	0
Total Revenues	270,314	(231,737)	3,140,433	101,276	3,663	627,210	145,517	809,195		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government Services	0	0	0	74,017	8,692	611,447	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Utilities & Environment	0	0	8,526	0	0	44,055	0	0	0	0
Economic Environment	273,584	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	622,120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest	0	0	49,416	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlays	0	0	(31,665)	0	0	3,042,873	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	273,584	0	648,397	74,017	8,692	3,698,375	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,270)	(231,737)	2,492,036	27,259	(5,029)	(3,071,165)	145,517	809,195		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - In	0	0	6,686	0	0	35,000	0	0	0	0
Transfers - Out	0	(354,295)	(2,555,001)	(15,000)	0	(379,919)	(162,822)	(809,195)		
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(354,295)	(2,548,315)	(15,000)	0	(344,919)	(162,822)	(809,195)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,270)	(586,032)	(56,279)	12,259	(5,029)	(3,416,084)	(17,305)	0		
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	51,120	1,604,756	4,469,538	156,624	101,172	3,868,690	17,441	0		
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 47,850	\$ 1,018,724	\$ 4,413,259	\$ 168,883	\$ 96,143	\$ 452,606	\$ 136	\$ 0		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Debt Service Funds									
	LID Obligation Control Fund 208	LID Guaranty Fund 213	95 G.O. Bond Redemption Fund 215	4th/5th Ave Br PWTFL Repayment Fund 216	LTGO Bond Fund 06-PARKS Fund 223	LTGO Bond Fund 06-PARKS Fund 224	City Hall Debt Fund 225	LTGO Bond Fund 06-PARKS Fund 226	Local Debt Fund 227	LTGO Bond Fund 10-HOCM Fund 228
REVENUES	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 578,243	\$ 0	\$ 1,232,865	\$ 1,683,537	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	734,831	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	21,560	612	3	116	0	539	1,213	0	31	0
Total Revenues	21,560	612	3	578,359	0	1,233,404	2,419,581	0	31	0
EXPENDITURES										
Current:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Debt Service:	17,973	0	0	533,759	905,000	580,000	230,000	220,000	135,722	155,000
	3,587	0	0	45,574	305,750	614,231	2,188,368	218,463	42,560	224,919
Capital Outlays	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	21,560	0	0	579,333	1,210,750	1,194,231	2,418,368	438,463	178,282	379,919
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	0	612	3	(974)	(1,210,750)	39,173	1,213	(438,463)	(178,251)	(379,919)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
	0	0	0	0	1,210,750	0	0	438,463	178,282	379,919
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	1,210,750	0	0	438,463	178,282	379,919
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	612	3	(974)	0	39,173	1,213	0	31	0
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	0	326,822	1,818	10,621	0	0	1,505	0	29	0
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 0	\$ 327,434	\$ 1,821	\$ 9,647	\$ 0	\$ 39,173	\$ 2,718	\$ 0	\$ 60	\$ 0

	Capital Improvement Funds						Total Other Governmental Funds
	4th/5th Ave Bridge/Corridor Fund 322	CIP Const Fund-Parks Fund 323	City Hall Construction Fund 325	Transportation Construction Fund 326	Fire Equipment Reserve Fund 331		
REVENUES							
\$	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$ 7,423,993
	1,878	0	0	0	0	0	1,775,817
	0	0	0	0	0	0	(234,041)
	150	2	5,681	1,558	365	365	163,288
Total Revenues	2,028	2	5,681	1,558	365	365	9,129,057
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
	0	0	215,671	0	0	0	909,827
	0	0	706	0	0	0	706
	38,507	0	243,417	0	0	0	334,505
	0	0	0	0	0	0	273,584
	0	0	0	0	0	0	622,120
Debt Service:							
	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,777,454
	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,692,868
Capital Outlays	5,405	0	2,559,558	0	0	0	5,576,171
Total Expenditures	43,912	0	3,019,352	0	0	0	14,187,235
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(41,884)	2	(3,013,671)	1,558	365		(5,058,178)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
	0	0	0	0	88,500		2,337,600
	0	(1,630)	(100,000)	(1,780,719)	0		(6,158,581)
	0	0	766,293	0	0		766,293
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(1,630)	666,293	(1,780,719)	88,500		(3,054,688)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(41,884)	(1,628)	(2,347,378)	(1,779,161)	88,865		(8,112,866)
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	105,294	1,628	4,154,952	1,978,150	142,831		16,992,991
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	\$ 63,410	\$ 0	\$ 1,807,574	\$ 198,989	\$ 231,696		\$ 8,880,125

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2011**

	Governmental Activities				
	Internal Service Funds				
	Equipment Rental	Unemployment Compensation	Risk Management	Workers' Compensation	Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,485,425	\$ 389,953	\$ 151,788	\$ 497,750	\$ 4,524,916
Inventories	214,623	0	0	0	214,623
Other current assets	0	0	0	54,997	54,997
Total Current Assets	<u>3,700,048</u>	<u>389,953</u>	<u>151,788</u>	<u>552,747</u>	<u>4,794,536</u>
Non-Current Assets					
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	4,875,912	0	0	0	4,875,912
Total Non-Current Assets	<u>4,875,912</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,875,912</u>
Total Assets	<u>8,575,960</u>	<u>389,953</u>	<u>151,788</u>	<u>552,747</u>	<u>9,670,448</u>
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	42,925	24,930	0	4,766	72,621
Wages Payable	25,962	0	0	0	25,962
Due to Other Governmental Units	0	0	0	3,188	3,188
Other Current Liabilities	0	0	0	486,398	486,398
Total Current Liabilities	<u>68,887</u>	<u>24,930</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>494,352</u>	<u>588,169</u>
Non-current liabilities					
Due within one year					
Compensated Absences	33,746	0	0	0	33,746
Total Non-current liabilities	<u>33,746</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>33,746</u>
Total liabilities	<u>102,633</u>	<u>24,930</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>494,352</u>	<u>621,915</u>
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt					
	4,875,912	0	0	0	4,875,912
Restricted for:					
Workers Comp Reserve	0	0	0	58,395	58,395
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,597,415	365,023	151,788	0	4,114,226
Total net assets	<u>\$ 8,473,327</u>	<u>\$ 365,023</u>	<u>\$ 151,788</u>	<u>\$ 58,395</u>	<u>\$ 9,048,533</u>

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS					
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011					
Governmental Activities					
Internal Service Funds					
	Equipment Rental	Unemployment Compensation	Risk Management	Workers' Compensation	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 2,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,000
Charges for Service	2,494,969	90,893	1,271,080	875,659	4,732,601
Total operating revenue	<u>2,496,969</u>	<u>90,893</u>	<u>1,271,080</u>	<u>875,659</u>	<u>4,734,601</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operations and Maintenance	1,110,641	0	0	0	1,110,641
Administration and Overhead	460,941	120,545	1,252,679	883,140	2,717,305
Depreciation and Amortization	1,242,752	0	0	0	1,242,752
Total Operating Expenses	<u>2,814,334</u>	<u>120,545</u>	<u>1,252,679</u>	<u>883,140</u>	<u>5,070,698</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(317,365)</u>	<u>(29,652)</u>	<u>18,401</u>	<u>(7,481)</u>	<u>(336,097)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings	6,874	747	313	1,318	9,252
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)	23,734	0	8,076	11,131	42,941
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>30,608</u>	<u>747</u>	<u>8,389</u>	<u>12,449</u>	<u>52,193</u>
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	<u>(286,757)</u>	<u>(28,905)</u>	<u>26,790</u>	<u>4,968</u>	<u>(283,904)</u>
Transfers-out	(761,663)	0	0	(281,284)	(1,042,947)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u>(1,048,420)</u>	<u>(28,905)</u>	<u>26,790</u>	<u>(276,316)</u>	<u>(1,326,851)</u>
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	9,521,747	393,928	124,998	334,711	10,375,384
NET ASSETS - ENDING	<u>\$ 8,473,327</u>	<u>\$ 365,023</u>	<u>\$ 151,788</u>	<u>\$ 58,395</u>	<u>\$ 9,048,533</u>

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011					
Governmental Activities					
Internal Service Funds					
	Equipment Rental	Unemployment Compensation	Risk Management	Workers' Compensation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 2,496,969	\$ 90,893	\$ 1,271,080	\$ 875,659	\$ 4,734,601
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,218,608)	(136,218)	(1,252,679)	(1,068,348)	(3,675,853)
Cash paid to employees	(478,557)	0	0	0	(478,557)
Non Insurance Loss Recovery	0	0	8,076	0	8,076
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	799,804	(45,325)	26,477	(181,558)	599,398
CASH FLOW FROM NON-CAPITAL ACTIVITIES					
Transfers - Out	(761,663)	0	0	(281,284)	(1,042,947)
	(761,663)	0	0	(281,284)	(1,042,947)
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of Capital Assets	(987,859)	0	0	0	(987,859)
Proceeds from sale of Capital Assets	23,733	0	0	0	23,733
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(964,126)	0	0	0	(964,126)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	6,874	747	313	1,318	9,252
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	6,874	747	313	1,318	9,252
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(919,111)	(44,578)	26,790	(461,524)	(1,398,423)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	4,404,536	434,531	124,998	959,274	5,923,339
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 3,485,425	\$ 389,953	\$ 151,788	\$ 497,750	\$ 4,524,916

TRUST AND AGENCY
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
 AGENCY FUNDS
 DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Municipal Courts	Law Enfcmnt Records Mgmt System	Total Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Residual Investments	\$ 36,686	\$ (14,763)	\$ 21,923
Receivables (Net of Allowances):			
Due from other governmental units	0	30,293	30,293
Other Receivables	0	38,000	38,000
Total Assets	<u>\$ 36,686</u>	<u>\$ 53,530</u>	<u>\$ 90,216</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	0	2,491	2,491
Other Current Liabilities	36,686	0	36,686
Due to Other Governments	0	51,039	51,039
Total Liabilities	<u>36,686</u>	<u>53,530</u>	<u>90,216</u>
NET ASSETS			
U Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Balance 12/31/2010	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2011
<u>Municipal Court</u>				
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,413	\$ 24,273	\$ -	\$ 36,686
Total Assets	<u>12,413</u>	<u>24,273</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,686</u>
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	12,413	24,273	-	36,686
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 12,413</u>	<u>\$ 24,273</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 36,686</u>
<u>Law Enforcement Records Mgmt</u>				
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,723	\$ 378,899	\$ 458,385	\$ (14,763)
Accounts Receivables, net of uncollectible accounts	26	395,243	326,976	68,293
Total Assets	<u>64,749</u>	<u>774,142</u>	<u>785,361</u>	<u>53,530</u>
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	64,749	482,806	494,025	53,530
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 64,749</u>	<u>\$ 482,806</u>	<u>\$ 494,025</u>	<u>\$ 53,530</u>

Other Supplementary Information

- ▶ Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual, Debt Service Funds
- ▶ Debt Service Requirement to Maturity – General Obligation and Revenue Bonds
- ▶ General Obligation Bonds-Debt Service Changes to Maturity
- ▶ Revenue Bonds-Debt Service Changes to Maturity
- ▶ Public Works Trust Fund Loans-Debt Service Changes to Maturity
- ▶ Other Debt, Debt Service Changes to Maturity
- ▶ Schedule of Long-Term Debt

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

4th/5th Avenue PWTFL Repayment Fund 216				
Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 588,870	\$ 588,870	\$ 578,243	\$ (10,627)
Miscellaneous Revenues	0	0	116	116
Total Revenues	<u>588,870</u>	<u>588,870</u>	<u>578,359</u>	<u>(10,511)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	533,760	533,760	533,759	1
Interest	<u>55,110</u>	<u>55,110</u>	<u>45,574</u>	<u>9,536</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>588,870</u>	<u>588,870</u>	<u>579,333</u>	<u>9,537</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(974)</u>	<u>(974)</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	10,621	10,621	10,621	0
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 10,621</u>	<u>\$ 10,621</u>	<u>\$ 9,647</u>	<u>\$ (974)</u>

LTGO Parks Bond Repayment Fund 223				
Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	905,000	905,000	905,000	0
Interest	<u>305,750</u>	<u>305,750</u>	<u>305,750</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,210,750</u>	<u>1,210,750</u>	<u>1,210,750</u>	<u>0</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - In	1,210,750	1,210,750	1,210,750	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,210,750</u>	<u>1,210,750</u>	<u>1,210,750</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

UTGO Fire Bond Repayment Fund 224				
Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,253,944	\$ 1,253,944	\$ 1,232,865	\$ (21,079)
Miscellaneous Revenues	0	0	539	539
Total Revenues	<u>1,253,944</u>	<u>1,253,944</u>	<u>1,233,404</u>	<u>(20,540)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	580,000	580,000	580,000	0
Interest	614,232	614,232	614,231	1
Total Expenditures	<u>1,194,232</u>	<u>1,194,232</u>	<u>1,194,231</u>	<u>1</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>59,712</u>	<u>59,712</u>	<u>39,173</u>	<u>(20,539)</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 59,712</u>	<u>\$ 59,712</u>	<u>\$ 39,173</u>	<u>\$ (20,539)</u>

City Hall Debt Repayment Fund 225				
Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,683,537	\$ 1,683,537	\$ 1,683,537	\$ 0
Intergovernmental Revenues	734,831	734,831	\$ 734,831	0
Miscellaneous Revenues	0	0	1,213	1,213
Total Revenues	<u>2,418,368</u>	<u>2,418,368</u>	<u>2,419,581</u>	<u>1,213</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	230,000	230,000	230,000	0
Interest	2,188,368	2,188,368	2,188,368	0
Total Expenditures	<u>2,418,368</u>	<u>2,418,368</u>	<u>2,418,368</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,213</u>	<u>1,213</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	<u>1,505</u>	<u>1,505</u>	<u>1,505</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 1,505</u>	<u>\$ 1,505</u>	<u>\$ 2,718</u>	<u>\$ 1,213</u>

LTGO Street Bond Repayment Fund 226					
Budgeted Amounts					
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	220,000	220,000		220,000	0
Interest	218,463	218,463		218,463	0
Total Expenditures	<u>438,463</u>	<u>438,463</u>		<u>438,463</u>	<u>0</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers - In	438,463	438,463		438,463	0
Transfers - Out	0	0		0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>438,463</u>	<u>438,463</u>		<u>438,463</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>0</u>

LOCAL Debt Repayment Fund 227					
Budgeted Amounts					
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		\$ 0
Miscellaneous Revenues	0	0		31	31
Total Revenues	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>31</u>	<u>31</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	135,722	135,722		135,722	0
Interest	42,560	42,560		42,560	0
Total Expenditures	<u>178,282</u>	<u>178,282</u>		<u>178,282</u>	<u>0</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers - in	178,282	178,282		178,282	0
Transfers - out	0	0		0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>178,282</u>	<u>178,282</u>		<u>178,282</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>31</u>	<u>31</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	<u>29</u>	<u>29</u>		<u>29</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$ 60</u>	<u>\$ 31</u>	<u>31</u>

LTGO Hands on Children's Museum Repayment Fund 228				
Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	155,000	155,000	155,000	0
Interest	224,919	224,919	224,919	0
Total Expenditures	<u>379,919</u>	<u>379,919</u>	<u>379,919</u>	<u>0</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	379,919	379,919	379,919	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>379,919</u>	<u>379,919</u>	<u>379,919</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE JANUARY 1	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCE DECEMBER 31	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0</u></u>

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY							
ALL GENERAL OBLIGATION AND REVENUE BONDS							
	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS			REVENUE BONDS			Total City
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2012	2,185,000	3,462,124	5,647,124	950,000	688,166	1,638,166	7,285,290
2013	2,285,000	3,377,349	5,662,349	990,000	651,645	1,641,645	7,303,994
2014	2,370,000	3,288,474	5,658,474	1,030,000	613,682	1,643,682	7,302,156
2015	2,475,000	3,187,549	5,662,549	1,075,000	571,571	1,646,571	7,309,120
2016	2,585,000	3,080,949	5,665,949	1,125,000	526,920	1,651,920	7,317,869
2017	1,510,000	2,968,349	4,478,349	1,180,000	480,151	1,660,151	6,138,500
2018	1,575,000	2,905,874	4,480,874	815,000	426,531	1,241,531	5,722,405
2019	1,650,000	2,842,474	4,492,474	850,000	392,311	1,242,311	5,734,785
2020	1,730,000	2,775,974	4,505,974	885,000	356,631	1,241,631	5,747,605
2021	2,465,000	2,702,145	5,167,145	930,000	319,491	1,249,491	6,416,636
2022	2,570,000	2,590,607	5,160,607	810,000	280,431	1,090,431	6,251,038
2023	2,685,000	2,470,368	5,155,368	850,000	248,031	1,098,031	6,253,399
2024	2,805,000	2,344,949	5,149,949	890,000	214,031	1,104,031	6,253,980
2025	2,935,000	2,205,638	5,140,638	925,000	177,768	1,102,768	6,243,406
2026	3,070,000	2,060,037	5,130,037	970,000	139,613	1,109,613	6,239,650
2027	3,210,000	1,907,608	5,117,608	1,015,000	99,601	1,114,601	6,232,209
2028	3,065,000	1,751,530	4,816,530	420,000	57,225	477,225	5,293,755
2029	2,895,000	1,600,884	4,495,884	440,000	39,375	479,375	4,975,259
2030	1,385,000	1,448,946	2,833,946	460,000	20,125	480,125	3,314,071
2031	1,945,000	1,358,345	3,303,345	0	0	0	3,303,345
2032	2,030,000	1,231,484	3,261,484	0	0	0	3,261,484
2033	2,115,000	1,099,071	3,214,071	0	0	0	3,214,071
2034	2,205,000	961,077	3,166,077	0	0	0	3,166,077
2035	2,300,000	817,194	3,117,194	0	0	0	3,117,194
2036	2,395,000	667,115	3,062,115	0	0	0	3,062,115
2037	2,500,000	510,810	3,010,810	0	0	0	3,010,810
2038	2,605,000	347,635	2,952,635	0	0	0	2,952,635
2039	2,720,000	177,590	2,897,590	0	0	0	2,897,590
TOTAL	\$ 66,265,000	\$ 56,142,149	\$ 122,407,149	\$ 16,610,000	\$ 6,303,299	\$ 22,913,299	\$ 145,320,448

**GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT
DEBT SERVICE CHANGES TO MATURITY**

Issue	Year	Bond Maturities	Interest On Bonds	Total Bonds and Interest	Month Bonds Mature
2006 Parks CIP	2012	950,000	260,500	1,210,500	
	2013	1,005,000	213,000	1,218,000	
	2014	1,035,000	162,750	1,197,750	
	2015	1,085,000	111,000	1,196,000	
	2016	1,135,000	56,750	1,191,750	
		<u>5,210,000</u>	<u>804,000</u>	<u>6,014,000</u>	Nov
2009A City Hall LTGO	2012	240,000	81,950	321,950	
	2013	245,000	74,750	319,750	
	2014	255,000	67,400	322,400	
	2015	265,000	57,200	322,200	
	2016-2019	1,165,000	118,800	1,283,800	
		<u>2,170,000</u>	<u>400,100</u>	<u>2,570,100</u>	Dec
2009B City Hall BABs	2012	0	2,099,518	2,099,518	
	2013	0	2,099,518	2,099,518	
	2014	0	2,099,518	2,099,518	
	2015	0	2,099,518	2,099,518	
	2016-2039	32,810,000	35,580,908	68,390,908	
		<u>32,810,000</u>	<u>43,978,980</u>	<u>76,788,980</u>	Dec
2009 Fire Stn Construction UTGO	2012	595,000	596,831	1,191,831	
	2013	615,000	578,981	1,193,981	
	2014	635,000	560,531	1,195,531	
	2015	660,000	535,131	1,195,131	
	2016-2029	12,535,000	4,158,725	16,693,725	
		<u>15,040,000</u>	<u>6,430,199</u>	<u>21,470,199</u>	Dec
2010 Streets Projects LTGO	2012	225,000	211,863	436,863	
	2013	230,000	205,113	435,113	
	2014	240,000	198,213	438,213	
	2015	245,000	191,013	436,013	
	2016-2029	4,580,000	1,526,100	6,106,100	
		<u>5,520,000</u>	<u>2,332,302</u>	<u>7,852,302</u>	Dec
2010B HOCM LTGO	2012	175,000	211,463	386,463	
	2013	190,000	205,988	395,988	
	2014	205,000	200,063	405,063	
	2015	220,000	193,688	413,688	
	2016-2028	4,725,000	1,385,369	6,110,369	
		<u>5,515,000</u>	<u>2,196,571</u>	<u>7,711,571</u>	Jun
Total General Obligation Debt Service To Maturity		<u>\$ 66,265,000</u>	<u>\$ 56,142,152</u>	<u>\$ 122,407,152</u>	

REVENUE BONDS DEBT SERVICE CHANGES TO MATURITY					
Issue	Year	Bond Maturities	Interest On Bonds	Total Bonds and Interest	Month Bonds Mature
2001 Water/Sewer	2012	415,000	167,934	582,934	
	2013	435,000	148,014	583,014	
	2014	455,000	127,351	582,351	
	2015	480,000	105,739	585,739	
	2016-2021	<u>1,615,000</u>	<u>216,499</u>	<u>1,831,499</u>	
		3,400,000	765,537	4,165,537	Nov
2007 Waterworks	2012	295,000	281,244	576,244	
	2013	310,000	269,444	579,444	
	2014	325,000	257,044	582,044	
	2015	340,000	244,044	584,044	
	2016-2027	<u>5,690,000</u>	<u>1,641,025</u>	<u>7,331,025</u>	
		6,960,000	2,692,801	9,652,801	Nov
2010 Water/Sewer	2012	240,000	238,988	478,988	
	2013	245,000	234,188	479,188	
	2014	250,000	229,288	479,288	
	2015	255,000	221,788	476,788	
	2016-2030	<u>5,260,000</u>	<u>1,920,713</u>	<u>7,180,713</u>	
		6,250,000	2,844,965	9,094,965	Nov
Total Revenue Bond Debt To Maturity		<u>\$ 16,610,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,303,303</u>	<u>\$ 22,913,303</u>	

PUBLIC WORKS TRUST FUND LOANS DEBT SERVICE CHANGES TO MATURITY				
Issue	Year	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest
Log Cabin Stormwater Project	2012	11,955.90	239.12	12,195.02
	2013	11,955.89	119.56	12,075.45
	2014	-	-	-
		<u>23,911.79</u>	<u>358.68</u>	<u>24,270.47</u>
North Percival Stormdrain	2012	87,523.09	5,251.38	92,774.47
	2013	87,522.66	2,626.12	90,148.78
	2014	-	-	-
		<u>175,045.75</u>	<u>7,877.50</u>	<u>182,923.25</u>
4th Avenue Bridge (039)	2012	360,377.13	32,433.94	392,811.07
	2013	360,377.13	28,830.17	389,207.30
	2014	360,377.13	25,226.40	385,603.53
	2015	360,377.13	21,622.63	381,999.76
	2016-2020	<u>1,801,885.64</u>	<u>54,056.57</u>	<u>1,855,942.21</u>
	<u>3,243,394.16</u>	<u>162,169.71</u>	<u>3,405,563.87</u>	
4th Avenue Bridge (048)	2012	173,382.35	8,669.12	182,051.47
	2013	173,382.35	7,802.21	181,184.56
	2014	173,382.35	6,935.29	180,317.64
	2015	173,382.35	6,068.38	179,450.73
	2016-2021	<u>1,040,294.14</u>	<u>18,205.15</u>	<u>1,058,499.29</u>
	<u>1,733,823.54</u>	<u>47,680.15</u>	<u>1,781,503.69</u>	
Sleater-Kinney Sewer	2012	452,093.75	-	452,093.75
	2013	452,093.75	-	452,093.75
	2014	19,035.53	1,009.68	20,045.21
	2015	94,384.48	6,541.81	100,926.29
	2016-2029	<u>1,226,998.30</u>	<u>64,790.68</u>	<u>1,291,788.98</u>
	<u>2,244,605.81</u>	<u>72,342.17</u>	<u>2,316,947.98</u>	
Total Public Works Trust Fund Debt to Maturity		<u>\$ 7,420,781.05</u>	<u>\$ 290,428.21</u>	<u>\$ 7,711,209.26</u>

OTHER DEBT				
DEBT SERVICE CHANGES TO MATURITY				
Issue	Year	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest
LOCAL Program Energy Savings	2012	139,783.63	38,497.95	178,281.58
	2013	143,967.29	34,314.29	178,281.58
	2014	148,276.16	30,005.42	178,281.58
	2015	152,714.00	25,567.58	178,281.58
	2016-2020	745,787.17	56,479.94	802,267.11
		<u>1,330,528.25</u>	<u>184,865.18</u>	<u>1,515,393.43</u>
DOE Septic Conversion Assistance Program	2012	-	-	-
	2013	1,841.50	1,324.24	3,165.74
	2014	1,899.03	1,266.71	3,165.74
	2015	1,958.36	1,207.38	3,165.74
	2016-2020	37,475.34	9,581.62	47,056.96
		<u>43,174.23</u>	<u>13,379.95</u>	<u>56,554.18</u>
Yauger Park Stormwater	2012	6,103.53	35,529.48	41,633.01
	2013	48,374.49	34,891.53	83,266.02
	2014	49,796.16	33,469.86	83,266.02
	2015	51,259.59	32,006.43	83,266.02
	2016-2031	992,754.23	273,773.15	1,266,527.38
		<u>1,148,288.00</u>	<u>409,670.45</u>	<u>1,557,958.45</u>
DWSRF Loan McAllister Wellfield Development	2012	-	-	-
	2013	-	-	-
	2014	-	2,169.45	2,169.45
	2015	-	2,169.45	2,169.45
	2016-2034	144,630.25	39,050.10	183,680.35
		<u>144,630.25</u>	<u>43,389.00</u>	<u>188,019.25</u>
DWSRF Loan McAllister Wellfield Transmission Pipeline	2012	-	-	-
	2013	-	-	-
	2014	-	3,656.41	3,656.41
	2015	-	3,656.41	3,656.41
	2016-2034	243,760.37	65,815.38	309,575.75
		<u>243,760.37</u>	<u>73,128.20</u>	<u>316,888.57</u>
Parks BAN	2012	-	44,606.26	44,606.26
	2013	-	44,484.38	44,484.38
	2014	2,500,000.00	10,968.75	2,510,968.75
	2015	-	-	-
	2016-2034	-	-	-
		<u>2,500,000.00</u>	<u>100,059.39</u>	<u>2,600,059.39</u>
Total Other Debt to Maturity		<u>\$ 5,410,381.10</u>	<u>\$ 824,492.17</u>	<u>\$ 3,129,906.06</u>

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligations:	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Amount of Issue	Effective Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding 1-1-2011	Issued 2011
Bonds:						
2006 Parks CIP	May 2006	2016	9,385,000	5.00		0
2009A City Hall LTGO	Sept 2009	2019	2,400,000	4.199	2,400,000	0
2009B City Hall BABs	Sept 2009	2039	32,810,000	4.199	32,810,000	0
2009 Fire Stn Construction LTGO	Dec 2009	2029	16,180,000	4.035	15,620,000	0
2010 Streets Projects LTGO	May 2010	2029	5,865,000	5.000	5,740,000	0
2010B HOCM LTGO	Dec 2010	2028	5,670,000	4.250	5,670,000	0
Total General Obligation Bonds			72,310,000		68,355,000	0
Loans:						
State of Washington LOCAL Loan Program	Jun 2010	2020	1,534,496	2.97	1,466,250	0
2011 Parks BAN	Mar 2011	2014	2,500,000	1.755	0	2,500,000
Total General Obligation Loans			4,034,496		1,466,250	2,500,000
State of Washington Trust Fund Loans:						
4th / 5th Ave. Corridor	Apr 2000	2020	6,721,144	1.00	3,603,771	0
4th / 5th Ave. Corridor	May 2001	2021	3,275,000	.50	1,907,206	0
Arterial Rehabilitation	June 1991	2011	986,579	2.00	51,662	0
Total State of WA Trust Fund Loans			10,982,723		5,562,639	0
Total General Obligations			87,327,219		75,383,889	2,500,000
Revenue Debt:						
Bonds:						
2001 Water/Sewer	May 2001	2021	7,525,000	3.55-5.20	3,790,000	0
2007 Waterworks	May 2007	2027	8,000,000	4.00-4.125	7,240,000	0
2010 Waterworks	Jun 2010	2030	6,485,000	3.45	6,485,000	0
Total Revenue Bonds			22,010,000		17,515,000	0
Loans:						
State of Washington Public Works Board	Jun 2010	2031	1,214,018	2.90	660,385	487,903
Department of Ecology - Septic Assistance	Mar 2010	2031	250,000	3.10	25,125	18,049
DWSRF McAllister Wellfield Development	Mar 2011	2034	6,060,000	1.50	0	144,630
DWSRF McAllister Wellfield Transmission Pipeline	Mar 2011	2034	4,811,640	1.50	0	243,760
Total General Obligation Loans			12,335,658		685,510	894,342
State of Washington Trust Fund Loans:						
Watershed Park Well	May 1990	2010	432,000	2.00	0	0
Madison Ave. Sewer Rehab.	May 1990	2010	259,323	3.00	0	0
Log Cabin Stormwater Project	Oct 1997	2018	188,600	1.00	35,868	0
North Percival Stormdrain	Mar 1996	2026	1,570,827	3.00	262,569	0
Sleater-Kinney Sewer	Dec 2009	2028	1,808,375	0.50	1,657,470	0
Total State of WA Trust Fund Loans			4,259,125		1,955,907	0
Total Revenue Debt			38,604,783		20,156,417	894,342
Interfund Loans						
Parking Special Acct to General Fund	Dec 2009	2012	725,000	4.00	483,334	0
Total Interfund Loans			725,000		483,334	0
L.I.D. Debt						
L.I.D. Debt Notes:						
#762 Water	Nov 2007	2017	167,998	6.50	65,210	0
Total L.I.D. Debt - Notes			167,998		65,210	0
Total L.I.D. Debt			167,998		65,210	0
Compensated Absences-Proprietary Funds					676,670	622,983
Compensated Absences-Internal Service Funds					44,306	35,368
Compensated Absences-Governmental Funds					3,797,695	2,824,516
Total Compensated Absences			0		4,518,671	3,482,867
TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT			\$ 126,825,000		\$ 100,563,215	\$ 6,877,209

Redeemed 2011	Amount Outstanding 12-31-2011
905,000	5,210,000
230,000	2,170,000
0	32,810,000
580,000	15,040,000
220,000	5,520,000
155,000	5,515,000
<u>2,090,000</u>	<u>66,265,000</u>
135,722	1,330,528
0	2,500,000
<u>135,722</u>	<u>3,830,528</u>
360,377	3,243,394
173,382	1,733,824
51,662	0
<u>585,421</u>	<u>4,977,218</u>
<u>2,811,143</u>	<u>75,072,746</u>
390,000	3,400,000
280,000	6,960,000
235,000	6,250,000
<u>905,000</u>	<u>16,610,000</u>
0	1,148,288
0	43,174
0	144,630
0	243,760
<u>0</u>	<u>1,579,852</u>
0	0
0	0
11,956	23,912
87,523	175,046
94,384	1,563,086
<u>193,863</u>	<u>1,762,044</u>
<u>1,098,863</u>	<u>19,951,896</u>
241,666	241,668
<u>241,666</u>	<u>241,668</u>
17,973	47,237
<u>17,973</u>	<u>47,237</u>
17,973	47,237
<u>17,973</u>	<u>47,237</u>
671,259	628,394
45,927	33,747
2,675,720	3,946,491
<u>3,392,906</u>	<u>4,608,632</u>
<u>\$ 7,562,551</u>	<u>\$ 99,922,179</u>



OlympiaTM

Statistical Information

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Schedules present detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

This section contains the following subsections:

- Financial Trends
- Revenue Capacity
- Debt Capacity
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Schedule 1	Net Assets by Component, Last Seven Fiscal Years
Schedule 2	Changes in Net Assets by Component, Last Seven Fiscal Years
Schedule 3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's two significant local revenue sources, the property tax, and water and sewer charges.

Schedule 5	Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years
Schedule 6	Sales Tax Revenues by Type and Percentage, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years
Schedule 7	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 8	Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago
Schedule 9	Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Schedule 10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 11	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 12	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Schedule 13 Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 14 Pledged Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Schedule 15 Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 16 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Schedule 17 Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 18 Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule 19 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



Schedule 1

City of Olympia

Net Assets by Component, Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental activities					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 75,022,361	\$ 88,567,809	\$ 89,766,709	\$ 86,294,318	\$ 86,023,985
Restricted	5,214,644	4,854,065	1,631,527	7,883,162	9,283,082
Unrestricted	35,518,630	30,933,268	34,227,789	35,453,019	47,847,366
Total governmental activities	\$ 115,755,635	\$ 124,355,142	\$ 125,626,025	\$ 129,630,499	\$ 143,154,433
Business-type activities					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 48,848,151	\$ 52,159,679	\$ 54,636,379	\$ 56,111,322	\$ 56,001,819
Restricted	82,290	82,290	82,290	86,943	90,609
Unrestricted	19,694,488	17,820,392	18,368,099	20,140,499	22,612,403
Total business-type activities	\$ 68,624,929	\$ 70,062,361	\$ 73,086,768	\$ 76,338,764	\$ 78,704,831
Primary government					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 123,870,512	\$ 140,727,488	\$ 144,403,088	\$ 142,405,640	\$ 142,025,804
Restricted	5,296,934	4,936,355	1,713,817	7,970,105	9,373,691
Unrestricted	55,213,118	48,753,660	52,595,888	55,593,518	70,459,769
Total primary government	\$ 184,380,564	\$ 194,417,503	\$ 198,712,793	\$ 205,969,263	\$ 221,859,264

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 97,553,111	\$ 106,279,407	\$ 87,893,111	\$ 148,840,361	\$ 169,351,088
9,157,739	8,817,345	10,062,707	6,157,421	15,452,414
44,510,302	41,243,891	66,630,061	44,069,792	30,686,241
151,221,152	\$ 156,340,643	\$ 164,585,879	\$ 199,067,574	\$ 215,489,743
\$ 49,774,534	\$ 52,532,707	\$ 55,767,036	\$ 77,359,526	\$ 84,653,446
96,163	98,755	0	435,807	438,233
29,445,935	26,953,565	22,588,694	26,172,949	24,258,687
\$ 79,316,632	\$ 79,585,027	\$ 78,355,730	\$ 103,968,282	\$ 109,350,366
\$ 147,327,645	\$ 158,812,114	\$ 143,660,147	\$ 226,199,887	\$ 254,004,534
9,253,902	8,916,100	10,062,707	6,593,228	15,890,647
73,956,237	68,197,456	89,218,755	70,242,741	54,944,928
\$ 230,537,784	\$ 235,925,670	\$ 242,941,609	\$ 303,035,856	\$ 324,840,109

Schedule 2 City of Olympia Changes in Net Assets by Component, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)						
Fiscal Year						
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
Expenses						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 11,447,783	\$ 12,566,834	\$ 12,312,420	\$ 15,093,130	\$ 13,093,608	
Public Safety	19,399,709	20,395,347	21,239,098	22,174,068	22,816,578	
Physical Environment	5,158,635	5,814,231	5,895,151	6,505,034	5,980,488	
Transportation	8,986,222	5,156,671	8,015,271	8,173,758	5,476,933	
Economic Environment	2,725,631	2,885,730	3,537,828	3,360,509	3,602,675	
Mental and Physical Health	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and Recreation	4,412,086	4,827,552	5,090,856	5,774,535	5,524,745	
Interest on Long Term Debt	233,820	172,336	125,191	101,959	365,466	
Total Governmental Activities	52,363,886	51,818,701	56,215,815	61,182,993	56,860,493	
Business-type activities:						
Water/Sewer	19,166,432	19,010,372	18,266,655	18,929,304	21,334,519	
Solid Waste	6,643,836	6,546,722	6,934,729	6,308,523	6,999,366	
Stormwater	2,832,374	2,399,789	2,669,276	3,466,422	3,362,315	
Total Business-Type Activities	28,642,642	27,956,883	27,870,660	28,704,249	31,696,200	
Total Government Expenses	\$ 81,006,528	\$ 79,775,584	\$ 84,086,475	\$ 89,887,242	\$ 88,556,693	
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services - Building Permits and Inspections	1,604,977	1,660,143	1,830,034	2,774,090	2,460,263	
Charges for services - Fire Inspection Svcs	853,511	913,975	918,444	10,297,617.76	1,028,253	
Charges for services - Impact Fees	1,541,093	899,434	1,532,864	1,984,977	1,874,713	
Charges for services - Other	7,572,951	7,750,015	8,484,465	8,815,073	8,973,018	
Operating grants and contributions	3,675,212	4,834,623	4,207,540	3,878,062	5,970,491	
Capital grants and contributions	8,169,575	5,073,091	314,606	652,403	11,971	
Total governmental activities program revenue	23,417,319	21,131,281	17,287,953	19,134,367	20,318,709	
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water/Sewer	16,998,802	18,261,350	17,763,259	18,054,162	19,355,637	
Solid Waste	6,609,361	6,808,684	6,726,597	6,825,957	7,047,003	
Stormwater	2,775,012	2,712,771	3,506,374	4,079,783	3,739,670	
Operating grants and contributions	(21,022)	0	0	0	0	
Capital grants and contributions	0	0	0	0	0	
Total business-type activities program revenue	26,362,153	27,782,805	27,996,230	28,959,902	30,142,310	
Total government program revenues	\$ 49,779,472	\$ 48,914,086	\$ 45,284,183	\$ 48,094,269	\$ 50,461,019	
Net (Expense) Revenue						
Governmental activities:	\$ (28,946,567)	\$ (30,687,420)	\$ (38,927,862)	\$ (42,048,626)	\$ (36,541,784)	
Business-type activities:	(2,280,489)	(174,078)	125,570	255,653	(1,553,890)	
Total Government net expense revenue	\$ (31,227,056)	\$ (30,861,498)	\$ (38,802,292)	\$ (41,792,973)	\$ (38,095,674)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	7,815,105	7,933,069	8,135,975	8,266,011	8,661,532	
Property taxes, levied for debt service	743,301	749,309	751,095	773,998	591,687	
Utility / B&O Taxes	10,330,408	10,502,797	11,110,540	14,165,305	14,903,033	
Sales and other taxes	15,568,466	17,213,642	17,647,853	18,821,660	20,417,745	
Investment earnings	919,928	583,720	490,549	1,245,849	2,425,592	
Other	1,749,637	1,942,390	1,861,448	2,193,672	2,241,652	
Special Items	0	0	0	387,706	612,560	
Transfers	235,845	362,000	201,285	198,899	211,917	
Total governmental activities	37,362,690	39,286,927	40,198,745	46,053,100	50,065,718	
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings	388,556	202,805	141,463	507,988	761,647	
Other	2,061,661	1,770,705	2,958,659	2,687,255	3,370,227	
Transfers	(235,845)	(362,000)	(201,285)	(198,900)	(211,917)	
Total business-type activities	2,214,372	1,611,510	2,898,837	2,996,343	3,919,957	
Total government	\$ 39,577,062	\$ 40,898,437	\$ 43,097,582	\$ 49,049,443	\$ 53,985,675	
Changes in Net Assets						
Governmental activities	8,416,123	8,599,507	1,270,883	4,004,474	13,523,934	
Business-type activities	(66,117)	1,437,432	3,024,407	3,251,996	2,366,067	
Total Government	\$ 8,350,006	\$ 10,036,939	\$ 4,295,290	\$ 7,256,470	\$ 15,890,001	

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 14,944,927	\$ 16,630,602	\$ 16,478,925	\$ 15,364,527	\$ 17,113,615
24,551,744	25,076,054	25,308,459	26,587,222	27,790,718
7,670,612	7,198,728	7,054,274	7,621,396	7,328,123
5,965,112	4,754,476	3,629,373	7,874,452	6,025,209
3,563,458	4,429,439	3,133,695	3,553,388	3,173,039
-	15,461	16,100	16,942	16,848
6,496,633	7,443,545	7,467,315	7,680,425	7,453,770
661,131	492,554	1,444,973	3,179,478	3,704,209
63,853,617	66,040,859	64,533,114	71,877,830	72,605,531
22,473,401	24,608,551	25,508,295	23,299,976	24,469,083
7,255,968	7,585,745	7,401,991	8,399,167	8,384,390
3,463,858	4,322,247	3,765,212	3,874,319	4,105,731
33,193,227	36,516,543	36,675,498	35,573,462	36,959,204
\$ 97,046,844	\$ 102,557,402	\$ 101,208,612	\$ 107,451,292	\$ 109,564,735
2,282,706	1,478,297	2,504,143	2,666,074	2,740,343
1,129,473	1,103,907	807,006	1,241,636	1,150,856
697,847	1,336,398	2,686,775	1,528,699	2,124,715
9,488,501	10,520,026	10,036,756	10,949,442	10,880,550
4,331,735	5,258,823	6,194,865	9,566,679	5,937,832
2,038,779	1,606,660	3,089,658	7,682,798	2,917,224
19,969,041	21,304,111	25,319,203	33,635,328	25,751,520
19,963,317	21,203,352	21,647,589	22,579,947	24,226,688
7,082,047	8,076,461	7,421,661	8,023,370	8,408,548
4,387,079	3,994,066	3,904,107	4,071,595	4,478,690
0	962,162	698,157	488,476	1,215,109
0	0	0	1,359,750	585,000
31,432,443	34,236,041	33,671,514	36,523,138	38,914,035
\$ 51,401,484	\$ 55,540,152	\$ 58,990,717	\$ 70,158,466	\$ 64,665,555
\$ (43,884,576)	\$ (44,736,748)	\$ (39,213,911)	\$ (38,242,502)	\$ (46,854,011)
(1,760,784)	(2,280,502)	(3,003,984)	949,676	1,954,831
\$ (45,645,360)	\$ (47,017,250)	\$ (42,217,895)	\$ (37,292,826)	\$ (44,899,180)
9,098,626	9,619,428	9,877,647	8,073,892	16,533,310
581,458	578,473	571,345	3,714,117	3,511,376
16,018,829	16,749,801	16,651,030	16,587,285	17,797,769
20,747,747	18,633,513	16,760,483	17,765,052	17,274,548
3,065,090	1,496,464	544,298	375,712	285,466
2,212,419	2,301,537	2,770,954	4,361,104	3,147,102
0	0	0	0	4,881,732
(50,262)	234,319	283,390	435,005	(155,123)
51,673,907	49,613,535	47,459,147	51,312,167	63,276,180
1,213,447	735,550	167,707	63,795	45,306
1,706,247	2,144,847	1,890,369	2,943,153	3,226,824
50,262	(331,500)	(283,390)	(435,005)	155,123
2,969,956	2,548,897	1,774,686	2,571,943	3,427,253
\$ 54,643,863	\$ 52,162,432	\$ 49,233,833	\$ 53,884,110	\$ 66,703,433
7,789,331	4,876,787	8,245,236	13,069,665	16,422,169
1,209,172	268,395	(1,229,298)	3,521,619	5,382,084
\$ 8,998,503	\$ 5,145,182	\$ 7,015,938	\$ 16,591,284	\$ 21,804,253

Schedule 3
City of Olympia
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year				
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
General Fund						
Nonspendable		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Restricted		-	-	-	-	-
Committed		374,666	418,728	40,053	447,405	312,842
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		6,885,349	6,861,198	9,019,461	8,165,868	8,506,044
Total General Fund		<u>\$ 7,260,015</u>	<u>\$ 7,279,926</u>	<u>\$ 9,059,514</u>	<u>\$ 8,613,273</u>	<u>\$ 8,818,886</u>
All Other Governmental Funds						
Nonspendable		19,203,084	14,242,756	13,366,804	15,917,578	44,703,510
Restricted		3,292,366	2,853,668	3,936,528	7,373,835	5,141,429
Committed		1,621,653	1,250,887	1,246,134	1,294,440	829,436
Assigned		4,065,408	4,996,854	2,709,482	5,264,799	(6,681,930)
Unassigned		-	-	-	-	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds		<u>\$ 28,182,511</u>	<u>\$ 23,344,165</u>	<u>\$ 21,258,948</u>	<u>\$ 29,850,652</u>	<u>\$ 43,992,445</u>
<i>GASB Statement 54 changed fund balance reporting as of 2011, requiring restatement of only the prior year, 2010.</i>						

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,310,470	\$ 98,147
-	-	-	2,037,834	345,035
293,032	386,805	645,950	1,158,838	1,793,280
-	-	-	2,087,753	5,083,083
9,262,761	7,523,703	4,794,397	6,315,643	6,501,171
\$ 9,555,793	\$ 7,910,508	\$ 5,440,347	\$ 13,910,538	\$ 13,820,716
28,444,900	15,180,061	12,921,786	5,000	14,950,975
7,393,973	6,538,694	10,828,238	29,124,058	2,252,446
367,882	365,898	352,616	355,762	5,264,556
3,617,485	15,454,180	45,180,211	8,312,133	0
-	-	-	-	22,467,977
\$ 39,824,240	\$ 37,538,833	\$ 58,454,613	\$ 37,796,953	\$ 44,935,954

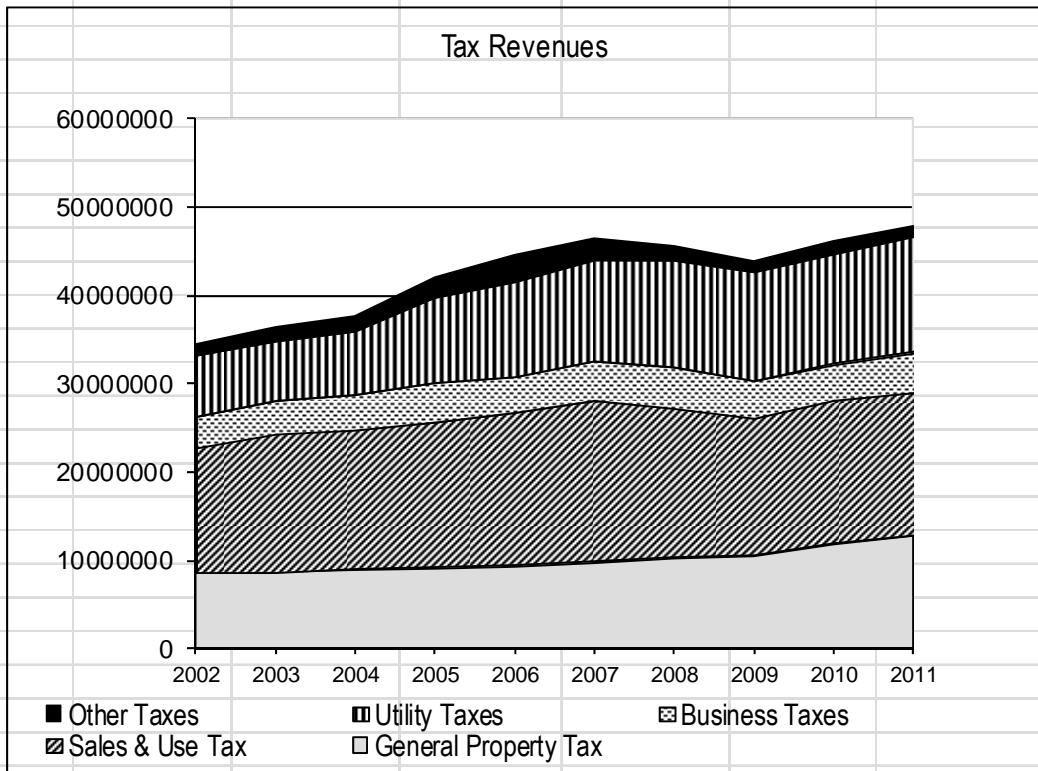
Schedule 4
City of Olympia
Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 34,457,280	\$ 36,398,814	\$ 37,645,460	\$ 42,026,978	\$ 44,573,997
Licenses and Permits	2,255,058	2,316,095	2,543,713	3,546,689	3,268,238
Intergovernmental Revenues	11,844,787	9,907,715	4,522,147	4,530,466	5,982,462
Charges for Services	8,420,833	7,934,185	9,363,345	10,120,450	9,906,142
Fines and Forfeits	896,642	973,287	858,750	936,762	1,161,866
Other Revenues	2,786,207	2,520,553	2,328,349	3,827,092	4,661,809
Total Revenues	\$ 60,660,807	\$ 60,050,649	\$ 57,261,764	\$ 64,988,437	\$ 69,554,514
Expenditures					
General Government Services	10,781,674	11,736,984	12,065,685	12,436,759	12,823,412
Security of Persons & Property	19,914,377	20,564,235	21,282,094	22,158,418	23,011,036
Utilities & Environment	5,190,350	5,845,714	5,910,319	6,636,508	6,655,448
Transportation	21,426,868	17,156,906	7,916,080	5,245,767	7,384,442
Economic Environment	2,724,286	2,884,684	3,535,719	3,361,051	3,604,452
Mental and Physical Health	0	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	4,483,026	4,908,959	5,103,049	5,744,945	5,566,195
Capital Outlay	1,023,489	606,035	1,186,535	929,196	5,503,274
Debt Service					
Principal	1,489,285	1,399,186	994,647	1,070,269	587,683
Interest	233,820	172,336	125,191	101,959	365,466
Total Expenditures	\$ 67,267,175	\$ 65,275,039	\$ 58,119,319	\$ 57,684,872	\$ 65,501,408
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,606,368)	(5,224,390)	(857,555)	7,303,565	4,053,106
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	5,979,601	5,880,544	2,272,837	5,822,179	8,407,017
Transfers Out	(5,702,361)	(5,480,146)	(1,996,320)	(5,541,279)	(8,115,712)
Proceeds from borrowing	154,683	0	275,000	835,864	9,997,560
Sale of Fixed Assets	(116,642)	5,557	409	135	5,435
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	315,281	405,955	551,926	1,116,899	10,294,300
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (6,291,087)	\$ (4,818,435)	\$ (305,629)	\$ 8,420,464	\$ 14,347,406
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	2.60%	2.43%	1.97%	2.07%	1.59%

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 46,446,660	\$ 45,581,215	\$ 43,860,505	\$ 46,140,346	\$ 47,842,387
3,017,105	2,369,961	\$ 3,441,401	\$ 3,649,928	\$ 3,800,814
3,017,105	6,865,483	\$ 9,284,523	\$ 14,936,983	\$ 8,700,821
9,361,954	10,928,284	\$ 11,645,770	\$ 11,717,950	\$ 11,758,412
1,219,465	1,140,383	\$ 947,511	\$ 1,017,973	\$ 1,283,156
5,272,592	3,753,586	\$ 2,516,829	\$ 4,330,261	\$ 2,644,626
\$ 71,688,292	\$ 70,638,912	\$ 71,696,539	\$ 81,793,441	\$ 76,030,216
14,379,952	15,587,374	\$ 15,883,567	\$ 14,628,330	\$ 16,310,800
24,681,506	24,944,073	\$ 24,957,047	\$ 26,102,849	\$ 27,087,050
8,206,232	7,028,173	\$ 6,332,154	\$ 6,855,944	\$ 6,683,684
5,982,524	4,743,850	\$ 5,670,182	\$ 5,070,868	\$ 3,944,327
3,566,053	4,428,965	\$ 3,132,148	\$ 3,551,748	\$ 3,169,004
0	15,461	\$ 16,100	\$ 16,942	\$ 16,848
6,524,555	7,362,226	\$ 7,287,797	\$ 7,494,622	\$ 7,298,359
10,740,713	9,133,283	\$ 30,626,847	\$ 49,656,245	\$ 24,680,776
1,425,252	1,396,940	\$ 487,293	\$ 2,213,713	\$ 2,829,117
550,450	502,213	\$ 1,431,817	\$ 4,043,269	\$ 3,713,593
\$ 76,057,237	\$ 75,142,558	\$ 95,824,952	\$ 119,634,530	\$ 95,733,558
(4,368,945)	(4,503,646)	(24,128,413)	(37,841,089)	(19,703,342)
7,510,968	13,982,697	13,451,207	18,844,550	12,212,954
(7,266,330)	(13,454,158)	(12,237,362)	(17,495,216)	(11,216,357)
167,998	0	51,390,000	13,467,348	2,500,000
4,917	44,415	513,416	8,702	787,944
417,553	572,954	53,117,261	14,825,384	4,284,541
\$ (3,951,392)	\$ (3,930,692)	\$ 28,988,848	\$ (23,015,705)	\$ (15,418,801)
3.02%	2.88%	32.47%	8.94%	9.21%

Schedule 5
City of Olympia
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	General Property Tax	Sales & Use Tax	Business Taxes	Utility Taxes	Other Taxes	Total
2002	8,558,406	14,253,577	3,442,844	6,887,564	1,314,889	34,457,280
2003	8,682,375	15,600,085	3,807,735	6,695,062	1,613,557	36,398,814
2004	8,887,067	15,915,157	3,978,772	7,131,768	1,732,696	37,645,460
2005	9,040,011	16,530,270	4,440,406	9,724,901	2,291,391	42,026,979
2006	9,253,218	17,387,896	4,010,111	10,892,923	3,029,849	44,573,997
2007	9,680,084	18,299,197	4,570,820	11,448,009	2,448,550	46,446,660
2008	10,197,900	16,972,469	4,768,508	11,981,293	1,661,045	45,581,215
2009	10,448,992	15,531,639	4,399,266	12,251,764	1,228,844	43,860,505
2010	11,788,009	16,301,568	4,104,335	12,482,950	1,463,484	46,140,346
2011	12,770,070	16,165,551	4,603,464	13,194,305	1,108,997	47,842,387
Change						
2011 - 2002	49.6%	19.1%	42.1%	102.2%	-0.8%	45.0%



Schedule 6

City of Olympia

Sales Tax Revenues by Type and Percentage, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Sales Tax Collected (000)	\$ 13,293	\$ 14,193	\$ 14,723	\$ 16,530	\$ 16,125	\$ 16,926	\$ 15,637	\$14,365	\$15,127	\$ 14,937
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	0.04 %	0.04 %	0.03 %	0.04 %	0.02 %	0.03 %	0.03 %	0.04 %	0.04 %	0.02 %
Mining	0.05 %	0.05 %	0.05 %	0.03 %	0.01 %	0.01 %	0.01 %	0.02 %	0.02 %	0.01 %
Utilities	0.02 %	0.01 %	0.01 %	0.04 %	0.03 %	0.01 %	0.03 %	0.02 %	0.02 %	0.02 %
Construction	10.15 %	10.23 %	12.31 %	11.41 %	13.49 %	12.20 %	11.75 %	14.14 %	16.37 %	12.98 %
Manufacturing	1.83 %	1.63 %	1.68 %	1.77 %	1.44 %	1.52 %	1.89 %	1.66 %	1.87 %	1.69 %
Wholesale Trade	7.83 %	7.99 %	8.00 %	7.58 %	6.01 %	7.42 %	7.15 %	9.52 %	8.45 %	8.38 %
Retail Trade	55.99 %	55.81 %	55.01 %	56.41 %	54.74 %	54.19 %	52.04 %	48.82 %	48.69 %	51.07 %
Transportation and Warehousing	0.13 %	0.11 %	0.14 %	0.17 %	0.18 %	0.16 %	0.09 %	0.13 %	0.14 %	0.13 %
Information	3.10 %	3.88 %	3.23 %	2.87 %	2.30 %	2.29 %	4.62 %	3.63 %	3.84 %	4.05 %
Finance and Insurance	1.42 %	1.64 %	1.09 %	1.16 %	0.93 %	0.87 %	0.95 %	0.98 %	0.87 %	0.73 %
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing	2.12 %	2.26 %	1.78 %	1.70 %	2.72 %	1.75 %	1.94 %	2.21 %	1.86 %	1.68 %
Prof, Sci, Technical Svcs	1.97 %	1.78 %	1.96 %	1.82 %	2.50 %	2.18 %	2.20 %	2.05 %	2.09 %	3.27 %
Company Management	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.01 %	0.01 %	0.01 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Admin, Supp, Remed Svcs	1.48 %	1.30 %	1.39 %	1.36 %	1.44 %	1.59 %	1.91 %	1.82 %	1.57 %	1.65 %
Educational Services	0.32 %	0.31 %	0.28 %	0.25 %	0.25 %	0.27 %	0.36 %	0.34 %	0.35 %	0.39 %
Health Care Social Assistance	1.04 %	0.98 %	1.00 %	1.06 %	0.92 %	1.86 %	1.00 %	0.69 %	0.97 %	0.47 %
Arts, Entertain, Recreation	0.66 %	0.70 %	0.76 %	0.70 %	0.65 %	0.64 %	0.82 %	0.72 %	0.69 %	0.72 %
Accommodation and Food Svcs	7.85 %	7.63 %	7.73 %	7.57 %	7.63 %	8.04 %	8.91 %	8.70 %	8.26 %	8.37 %
Other Services	3.18 %	2.74 %	2.65 %	3.40 %	3.90 %	4.45 %	3.73 %	3.11 %	2.75 %	2.81 %
Public Administration	0.80 %	0.92 %	0.87 %	0.66 %	0.83 %	0.52 %	0.57 %	1.41 %	1.15 %	1.56 %

Schedule 7
City of Olympia
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Years
(rates per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Overlapping Rates									
Fiscal Year	Direct City Rate	Library	State School	Local School	County	Port	Fire	Total Average Levy	
2002	3.0156	0.4936	3.0340	6.0855	2.2395	0.2772	0.1978	15.3432	
2003	2.9276	0.4812	2.8819	5.8528	2.1418	0.2678	0.1734	14.7265	
2004	2.8006	0.4697	2.7845	4.9604	2.0872	0.2468	0.1565	13.5057	
2005	2.6599	0.4527	1.5300	5.2261	1.9392	0.2189	0.1329	12.1597	
2006	2.4162	0.4284	2.5551	4.8234	1.7680	0.2056	0.1241	12.3208	
2007	2.1843	0.3902	2.3341	4.4947	1.5990	0.1859	0.2348	11.4230	
2008	1.9925	0.3415	2.0050	3.8530	1.3807	0.1519	0.2144	9.9390	
2009	1.9689	0.3389	2.0619	4.2216	1.4536	0.1576	0.1999	10.4024	
2010	2.2311	0.3569	2.2575	5.0951	1.6043	0.1721	0.2276	11.9446	
2011	2.3945	0.3830	2.4503	5.3858	1.7401	0.1845	0.2263	12.7645	
o All levies expressed in dollars per \$1,000.									
o Due to varying tax rates within the City, the average rate is shown for each item in the table.									
o County levy includes Medic 1 and Land Conservation Futures.									
o Fire levy is for debt of fire districts incurred prior to being annexed to the City. Once annexed the City provides fire service to the annexed area.									
o Fiscal years illustrated are the years in which the taxes will be collected and not assessed.									

Schedule 8 City of Olympia Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago								
2011					2002			
TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation		
Westfield / Capital Mall	\$ 97,839,250	1	1.8 %	\$ 32,155,200	4	1.0 %		
Vine Street Investors	89,217,600	2	1.7 %	51,242,750	1	1.6 %		
Puget Sound Energy	55,786,468	3	1.1 %	51,166,330	2	1.6 %		
Washington State Employees Credit Union	40,388,400	4	0.8 %					
Columbia / Capital Medical Ctr	36,374,200	5	0.7 %	28,703,764	5	0.9 %		
PFI Olympia Square Llc	31,986,350	6	0.6 %	42,859,420	3	1.4 %		
Qwest Corp	26,914,492	7	0.5 %					
Continental Cambridge	26,350,200	8	0.5 %	17,414,000	7	0.6 %		
Group Health Coop Of Puget S	23,427,700	9	0.4 %					
Black Lake Apartments	20,047,746	10	0.4 %					
De Tray, E Paul				14,900,396	9	0.5 %		
Ocean Front Cambridge				15,417,300	8	0.5 %		
Pan Pacific Development				19,623,250	6	0.6 %		
Brebick, John				14,862,886	10	0.5 %		
Total	\$ 448,332,406		8.45%	\$ 288,345,296		9.26%		

Source: Thurston County Assessor's Office

Schedule 9 City of Olympia Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Years							
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				Total Collections to date			
Fiscal Year	Current Tax Total Levy	Percentage Amount of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Percentage Amount of Levy			
2001	\$ 8,735,555	98.4%	\$ 144,050	100.00%	\$ 8,735,555		
2002	8,903,763	97.6%	\$ 214,956	100.00%	\$ 8,903,763		
2003	9,080,390	98.4%	\$ 149,682	100.00%	\$ 9,080,360		
2004	9,361,899	98.4%	\$ 146,945	100.00%	\$ 9,361,874		
2005	9,959,624	98.0%	\$ 197,469	100.00%	\$ 9,959,622		
2006	10,235,521	98.5%	\$ 153,082	99.97%	\$ 10,232,472		
2007	10,651,728	97.8%	\$ 205,467	99.74%	\$ 10,623,532		
2008	11,163,396	98.0%	\$ 124,611	99.11%	\$ 11,064,082		
2009	11,542,811	97.5%	\$ 130,473	98.67%	\$ 11,388,798		
2010	12,916,517	97.8%	\$ 184,944	99.26%	\$ 12,821,214		
2011	13,618,456	98.1%	\$ 123,743	99.03%	\$ 13,485,956		

Current levy and outstanding non-current taxes are net of adjustments.
Source: Thurston County Assessor's Office

Schedule 10 City of Olympia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Years													
Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities							
	General Obligation Bonds	Public Works Trust Fund		LID Notes	Revenue Bonds	Public Works Trust Fund		Total Government	Personal* Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Population	Per Capita	
		Loans	Loans			Loans							
2002	1,680,000	9,331,350	14,078	7,767,640	1,400,288	3,149,316	50,042	0.15%	42,530	74			
2003	890,000	8,773,091	5,039	6,980,000	1,262,557	2,860,949	50,151	0.13%	42,860	67			
2004	455,000	8,239,308	3,669	6,485,000	1,124,825	2,066,996	50,938	0.09%	43,040	48			
2005	0	8,489,751	0	5,965,000	987,094	1,648,984	53,744	0.07%	43,330	38			
2006	9,385,000	7,904,327	0	5,420,000	849,362	11,047,876	58,749	0.43%	43,740	253			
2007	8,620,000	7,318,905	93,168	12,860,000	711,630	29,510,535	63,754	1.04%	44,460	664			
2008	7,820,000	6,733,484	81,650	12,280,000	573,899	27,489,033	58,809	1.04%	44,800	614			
2009	58,375,000	6,148,061	70,255	11,670,000	797,843	77,061,159	58,496	2.91%	45,250	1,703			
2010	68,355,000	5,562,639	65,210	17,515,000	1,997,357	93,495,206	57,988	3.54%	45,500	2,055			
2011	66,265,000	4,977,218	47,237	16,610,000	1,762,044	89,661,499	60,621	3.16%	46,780	1,917			

*Personal Income data is taken from the State of Washington Office of Financial Management Forecasting Division.

Schedule 11
City of Olympia
Ratios of General Obligation Outstanding Debt, Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Assessed Value	G.O. Bonded Debt	Ratio of Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	G.O. Bonded Debt Per Capita
2002	42,690	3,114,550,849	1,680,000	0.05	39
2003	42,860	3,144,550,849	890,000	0.03	21
2004	43,040	3,744,173,260	455,000	0.01	11
2005	43,330	4,245,662,697	0	0.00	0
2006	43,740	4,882,792,324	9,385,000	0.19	215
2007	44,460	5,622,288,722	8,620,000	0.15	194
2008	44,800	5,963,060,847	7,820,000	0.13	175
2009	45,250	5,999,359,843	58,375,000	0.97	1290
2010	45,500	5,552,078,378	68,355,000	1.23	1502
2011	46,780	5,308,051,162	66,265,000	1.25	1417
Assessed Value 100% of True and Fair Market.					

Schedule 12
City of Olympia
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Governmental Unit:	G.O. Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Olympia Residents*	City of Olympia Residents Share of Debt
City of Olympia direct debt	\$ 75,072,746	100.0%	\$ 75,072,746
Total Direct Debt	\$ 75,072,746		\$ 75,072,746
Olympia School District #111	74,350,000	65.6%	48,773,600
North Thurston School District #3	128,561,600	6.7%	8,613,627
Tumwater School District #33	47,742,351	0.2%	95,485
Lacey Fire District #3	3,530,000	0.1%	3,530
Port of Olympia	27,975,000	20.7%	5,790,825
Thurston County	102,486,121	20.7%	21,214,627
Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 384,645,072		\$ 84,491,694
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$ 459,717,818		\$ 159,564,440
* Percentage applicable to City of Olympia is based on ratio of taxing unit's valuation to its valuation within the City of Olympia.			

Schedule 13 City of Olympia Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Years											
Legal General Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2011											
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Assessed Value:								\$5,308,051,162			
Debt Limit											
General Purpose Debt Limit without a vote of the people (1.5%)								\$ 79,620,767			
General Purpose Debt Limit with a vote of the people (1.0%)								\$ 53,080,512			
Utility Purpose Debt Limit with a vote of the people (2.5%)								\$ 132,701,279			
Open Space, Park, and Capital Facilities Debt Limit with a vote of the people (2.5%)								\$ 132,701,279			
Total Legal Debt Limit								398,103,837			
Outstanding Debt											
General Purpose Debt without a vote of the people (1.5%)							69,862,746				
General Purpose Debt with a vote of the people (1.0%)							15,040,000				
Utility Purpose Debt with a vote of the people (2.5%)							0				
Open Space, Park, and Capital Facilities Debt with a vote of the people (2.5%)							5,210,000				
Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt							0				
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit								90,112,746			
Total Legal Debt Margin								\$307,991,091			
Fiscal Year											
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Assessed Value of Property	\$3,114,550,849	\$3,344,907,567	\$3,744,173,260	\$4,245,662,697	\$4,882,792,324	\$5,622,288,722	\$5,963,060,847	\$5,999,359,843	\$5,552,078,378	\$5,308,051,162	
Debt Limit, 7.5% of Assessed Value	\$ 233,591,314	\$ 250,868,068	\$ 280,812,995	\$ 318,424,702	\$ 366,209,424	\$ 421,671,654	\$ 447,229,564	\$ 449,951,988	\$ 416,405,878	\$ 398,103,837	
Total net debt applicable to limit	11,011,350	9,323,680	1,953,046	2,292,888	1,432,873	4,992,701	4,358,861	62,711,481	75,043,094	90,112,746	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 35,563,965	\$ 44,397,040	\$ 54,209,553	\$ 61,202,934	\$ 64,488,196	\$ 76,303,794	\$ 81,415,376	\$ 32,452,337	\$ 15,478,537	\$ 307,991,091	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.71%	3.72%	0.70%	0.72%	0.39%	1.18%	0.97%	13.94%	18.02%	22.64%	

Schedule 14
City of Olympia
Pledged-Revenue Debt Coverage, Last Ten Years

Water/Sewer Utility Revenue Bonds						
Fiscal Year	Utility Service Charges	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service Principal	Debt Service Interest	Coverage
2002	18,840,521	16,635,975	2,204,546	372,640	255,386	3.51
2003	19,837,743	16,601,718	3,236,025	787,640	341,867	2.86
2004	20,442,994	15,893,933	4,549,061	495,000	272,856	5.92
2005	20,208,776	16,820,728	3,388,048	520,000	352,915	3.88
2006	22,111,414	18,939,896	3,171,518	545,000	280,254	3.84
2007	21,295,828	19,851,224	1,444,604	560,000	331,718	1.62
2008	23,528,590	21,797,986	1,730,604	580,000	557,505	1.52
2009	23,203,275	22,694,424	508,851	610,000	533,115	0.45
2010	25,161,677	19,847,711	5,313,966	640,000	589,523	4.32
2011	27,544,892	23,707,798	3,837,094	905,000	722,590	2.36

Schedule 15
City of Olympia
Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Calendar Years

YEAR	Population	Personal Income*	Per Capita Personal Income*	Median Age**	School Enrollment***	Unemployment Rate****
2001	42,690	\$ 2,126,730,420	\$ 49,818	36.7	10,201	5.7%
2002	42,530	2,128,286,260	50,042	37.0	10,024	6.5%
2003	42,860	2,149,471,860	50,151	37.3	9,820	6.5%
2004	43,040	2,192,371,520	50,938	37.6	10,035	5.7%
2005	43,330	2,328,727,520	53,744	37.9	11,249	5.0%
2006	43,740	2,569,681,260	58,749	38.1	10,065	4.6%
2007	44,460	2,834,502,840	63,754	38.1	9,331	4.3%
2008	44,800	2,634,643,200	58,809	38.3	9,435	4.9%
2009	45,250	2,646,944,000	58,496	38.4	9,435	7.5%
2010	45,500	2,638,454,000	57,988	38.4	9,386	7.6%
2011	46,780	2,835,850,380	60,621	38.8	9,338	8.6%

*Personal Income data is taken from the State of Washington Office of Financial Management Forecasting Division

**Median Age data is from the Washington State Office of Financial Management Thurston County Profile.

***School Enrollment data is from the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

****Unemployment Rate taken from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Schedule 16
City of Olympia
Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

NAME	2011		2002*	
	Approx No. Employees	Rank	Approx No. Employees	Rank
State of Washington, including education	20,000 - 25,000	1	20,000 - 25,000	1
Local Government, including education	10,000 - 15,000	2	10,000 - 15,000	2
Providence St. Peter Hospital	1,000 - 5,000	3	1,000 - 5,000	4
Tribal Government	1,000 - 5,000	4		
Federal Government	500 - 1,000	5	500 - 1,000	5
Group Health Cooperative	500 - 1,000	6	500 - 1,000	7
Great Wolf Lodge	500 - 1,000	7		
Columbia Capital Medical Center	100 - 500	8	500 - 1,000	8
Wal-mart	100 - 500	9		
Saint Martin's College	100 - 500	10		
Safeway Stores			500 - 1,000	9

*In 2001 Local government and local education were reported separately, as were state government and higher education. This accounts for the missing rankings from 2002.

SOURCE: "The Profile 2010" -Thurston Regional Planning Council. Employers are for all of Thurston County.

Schedule 17
City of Olympia
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program

Function / Program	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 31									
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government	94	98	94	95	94	98	93	105	117	114
Public Safety	189	185	184	187	186	185	181	175	172	181
Physical Environment	66	70	72	71	76	73	70	81	77	77
Transportation	53	56	58	56	53	52	58	20	18	18
Economic Environment	40	42	43	44	46	45	36	46	43	43
Culture and Recreation	129	128	124	131	107	96	89	80	85	101
Water/Sewer	71	72	31	26	27	25	30	29	32	30
Solid Waste	31	31	29	27	27	28	29	22	26	28
Stormwater	3	4	6	4	5	6	6	5	5	6

Schedule 18
City of Olympia
Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Years

Function / Program	Fiscal Year									
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public Safety										
Fire Department Fleet Vehicles	27	27	29	29	29	29	30	29	32	32
Fire Inspections	2,276	2,276	2,341	2,354	2,382	2,220	2,425	2,448	2,345	2,461
Police calls for service	67,000	69,000	61,450	63,000	65,236	67,150	69,000	45,263*	46,946	48,954
Economic Environment										
# of Commercial Permits	322	318	353	272	312	288	271	64	50	12
Value of Commercial Const (000)	92,439	144,504	69,493	108,705	82,843	46,685	70,921	149,316	62,559	47,977
# of Residential Permits	565	451	1,899	521	470	319	323	81	132	97
Value of Residential Const (000)	33,571	28,465	34,840	60,101	58,501	31,266	19,307	16,939	31,139	25,545
Public Works										
Number of signalized intersections	93	93	94	95	98	98	98	95	94	95
Parking services citations issued	31,020	33,000	34,200	41,970	39,336	33,000	40,000	23,724	38,564	39,068
Water										
Average daily volume of water produced (millions of gallons)	9.0	8.0	8.8	9.8	9.9	8.3	8.3	8.1	7.4	7.5
Sewer										
Miles of sewer pipe	212.6	209.0	211.5	198.7	202.0	206.0	211.0	220.0	215.0	220.0
Solid Waste										
Tons of garbage collected residential	7,180	7,280	7,380	7,490	7,115	9,000	8,860	8,557	8,066	8,393
Tons of garbage collected commercial	10,400	10,375	10,500	10,650	11,063	11,400	11,500	10,269	19,200	18,417

Source: City of Olympia Public Works Department, City of Olympia Community Planning and Development Department, Olympia Police Department and Olympia Fire Department
*Olympia Police Department changed how it was tracking police calls for service in 2009.

Schedule 19 City of Olympia Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Years												
Function / Program	Fiscal Year										2011	
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		
Public Safety												
Fire Department Fleet Vehicles	27	27	29	29	28	28	25	28	32	32	32	32
Public Works												
Miles of Streets	194.1	194.6	195.5	198.2	199.9	206.0	205.4	207.5	209.2	209.2	209.7	209.7
Miles of Ped. Paths, Curbs & Walks	49.8	72.0	72.0	73.0	74.0	75.0	75.5	75.5	77.3	77.3	77.6	77.6
Miles of Curbs Without Walks	23.2	84.0	84.0	83.0	82.0	81.0	80.5	80.5	78.7	78.7	78.4	78.4
Miles of Concrete Surface Streets	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Miles of Asphalt Plant or Road Mix	128.8	129.1	141.3	143.9	139.8	151.3	153.3	155.4	157.3	157.3	157.8	157.8
Miles of Bituminous Surface Treatment	58.6	58.9	48.0	48.1	54.0	48.3	45.7	45.7	45.3	45.3	45.3	45.3
Miles of Gravel or Crushed Rock	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Culture and Recreation												
Neighborhood Park Sites (developed and undeveloped)	15	15	14	16	17	18	22	23	24	24	26	26
Community Park Sites	5	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5
Special Use Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Water												
Miles of Water Mains	326.5	314.0	317.8	326.5	260.0	267.0	274.0	274.0	280.0	280.0	285.0	285.0
Miles of Reclaimed Water Lines	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0
Sewer												
Miles of Sanitary Sewer Lines	212.6	209.0	211.5	198.7	202.0	206.0	211.0	200.1	215.0	215.0	220.0	220.0
Stormwater												
Miles of Storm Sewer Lines	168.0	139.0	143.8	148.1	135.0	136.0	136.0	136.0	140.0	140.0	144.0	144.0
Not all of the information is available for the past ten years.												
Source: City of Olympia Public Works Department, Olympia Police Department and Olympia Fire Department												

Staff who contributed their time and talents on this project include Bill Sampson (Team Leader), Stacie Tellers, Dean Walz and Addison Appleby. Software used to produce this document include Microsoft Excel and Word, which are peripheral personal computer products that enhance our mainframe AS/400 environment.

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Jane Ragland Kirkemo

